



Structural Calculations Volume 3

Penn State Solar Decathlon Team
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Penn State

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August 7, 2007



Calculations

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Calcs 1.0X

Calculations Associated with Tech Core

Calc 1.0X Technical Core Area

	DWG / Detail	Completed By	Revised By	DCN #	
Calc 1.01	Parapet, Struct line A	Gimbert	Glantz, Owens	N.A.	Reference Appendix 3.03

Conclusions: 8d nail connections can resist 198lbs of Shear force along 24' of Structural Line A. See Appendix 3.04. Racking test for Murus SIPs which resisted 6421lbf with 8d nails over a 10' wall length.

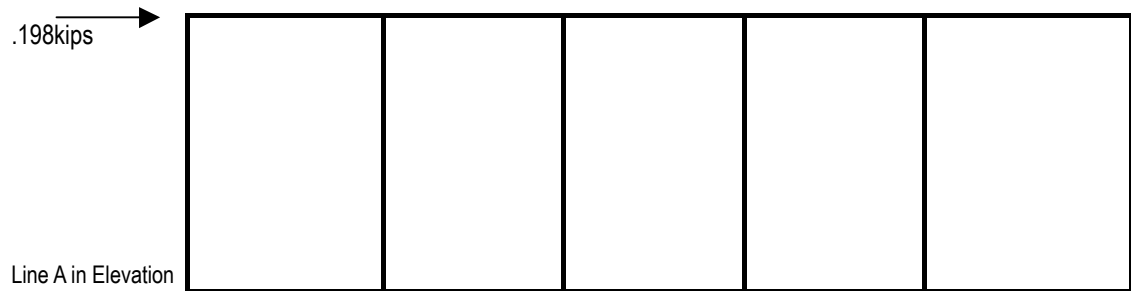
Assumptions:

At struct line A, 2 x Framing and connection for Parapet must resist shear of:

$$= 198.05 \text{ lbs}$$

$$= 0.198 \text{ kips}$$

- 1 Assume screw/ nail connection of framing to OSB components of SIP is adequate to resist shear.
- 2 Assume A325 grade strength bolt. See Calc 2.06



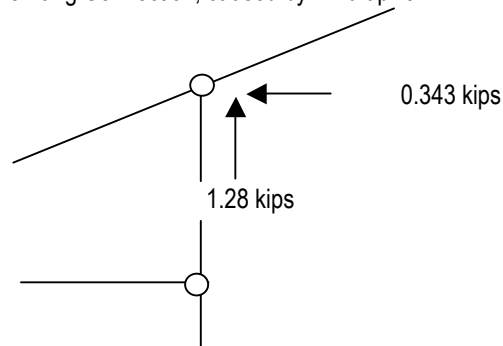
Calc 1.0X Technical Core Area

	DWG / Detail	Completed By	Revised By	DCN #	
Calc 1.02	Uplift, Roof Overhang	Benoit	Glantz, Owens	N.A.	Reference Appendix 3.02

Conclusions:

Assumptions:

1 Condition of Overhang Connection, caused by wind uplift:



Calculations:

Type of Connection: Window Frame with Polygal Interior Panels connected to Steel HSS 4 x 4 x 5/16, Self-Tapping screw connection.

Moment (M) on Upper connection from Wind Uplift, assumed 20psf of wind pressure:

See Appendix 3.01 and 3.02 for reference of wind resultant forces.

$$M = (1.28 \text{ kips}) (2') + (0.343) (0.64') = 2.78 \text{ ft-kips}$$

CHECK Capacity of Screw Connection, from NDS:

Assume 1 screw placed 12" o.c.

$$(1.28 \text{ kips} / 24') = 53.33 \text{ lbs / ft}$$

Select Wood Screws, Table 11M from NDS:

$$\text{Smallest Screw Selection Capacity} = 76 \text{ lbs}$$

$$53.33 < 76 \text{ GOOD}$$



Calcs 2.0X

Calculations Associated with Breezeway

Calc 2.0X Breezeway Area

	DWG / Detail	Completed By	Revised By	DCN #	
Calc 2.01	Truss Initial Cal	Milnichik	Glantz, Owens	S-12	See Appendix 4.02

Conclusions: USE HSS 1/4" x 4" x 4" FOR ALL MEMBERS OF LS TRUSS [ok]; Reference Appendix 4.01 for STAAD results. This calculation was generated by considering a tributary width to the overhead of truss supporting roof @ structural line C.

Assumptions:

_Loads

_Trib Width 8.92 ft (includes half LS + 2.25' BZWY)

_Item		_psf	_plf	_factored value	_factored
Snow Load	SL	35	312.08	1.60	499.33
PV Load BZWY (adjustable)	LL	4.6	10.16	1.60	16.25
PV Load Living Space	DL	4.6	30.67	1.20	36.80
EV Tubes	LL	3.49	7.71	1.60	12.34
STL BWY Frame	DL	7.58	16.73	1.20	20.08
4 5/8" SIPs PUR BZWY	DL	3.75	8.28	1.20	9.94
6 5/8" SIPs PUR LVG	DL	4.15	27.67	1.20	33.20
Insulation (spray)	DL	5	33.33	1.20	40.00
Skylight	DL	15	100.00	1.20	120.00
_Total Factored Dead					260.02
_Total Factored Live					527.93

1.4D 35.0 0.035 klf

1.2D + 1.6(S + LL) 787.9 0.788 klf *controls

1.2D + 1.6(L) + (0.5)S 444.7 0.445 klf

1.2D + 1.6(Lr) 260.0 0.260 klf

1 All members of truss are joint welded, E70.

2 Truss is assumed to act as a rigid member.

Solar Decathlon Sketch Template

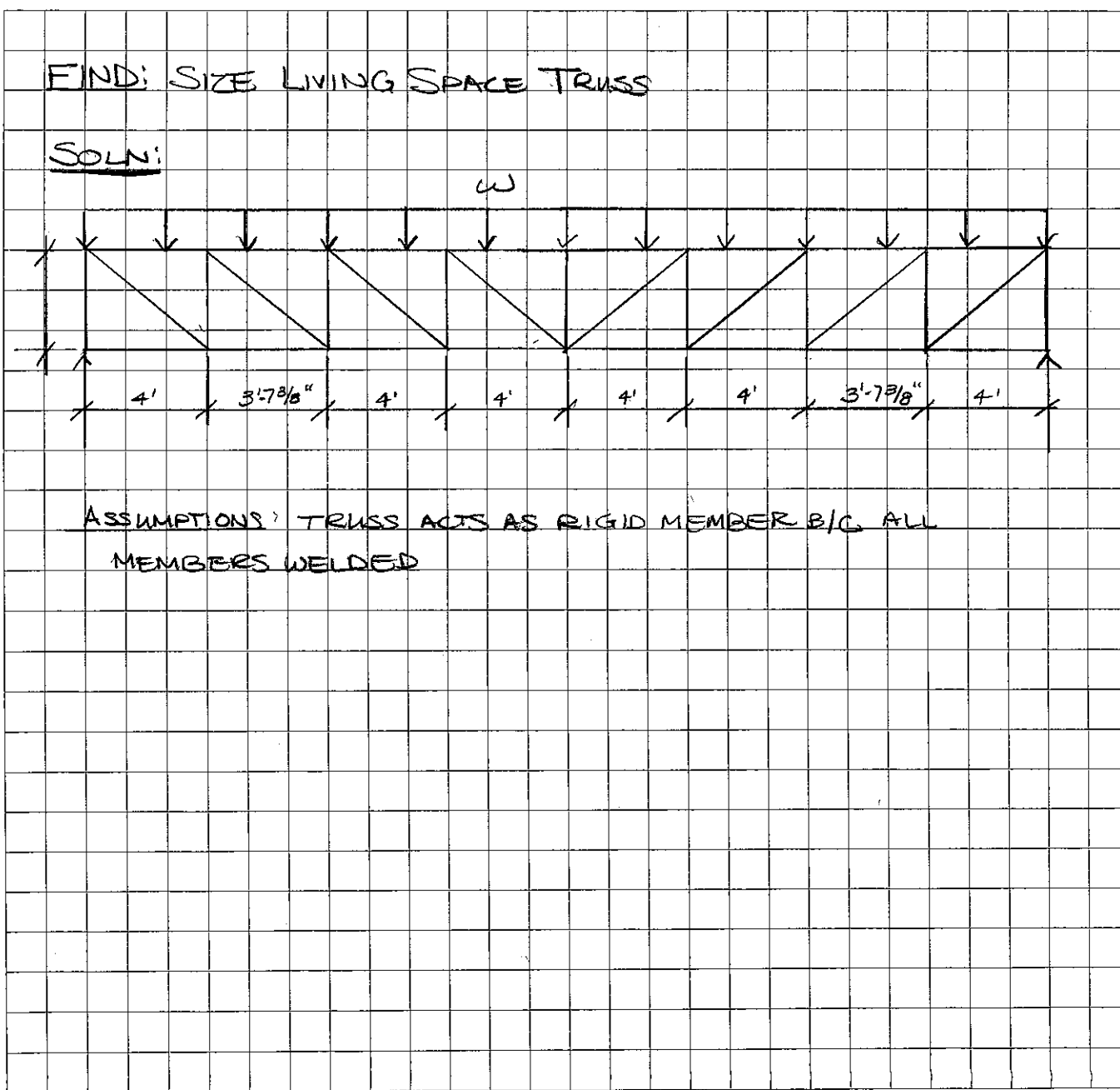
DCN# S-12

Match question and clarification list

N/A	CYNTHIA	STRUCTURAL	1/28/07
DWG #	Drawn by Struct team	Subject (Org Chart)	Date created

Comments:

A HSS 4x4x1/4 WORKS FOR ALL MEMBERS



Drawing scale: 4" = 1' MORNINGSTAR

Solar Decathlon Sketch Template

DCN# S-12

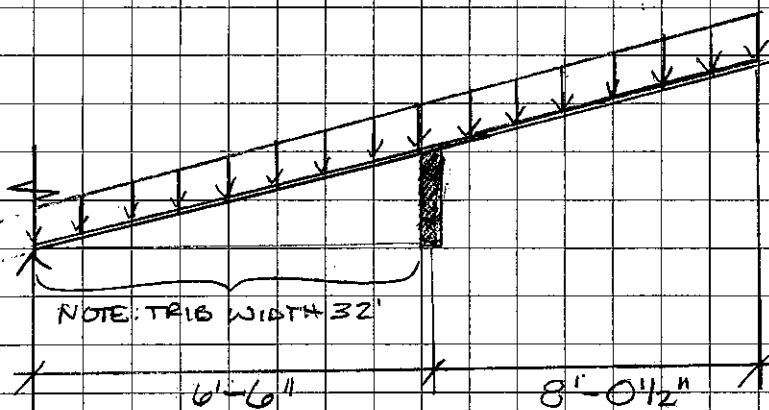
Match question and clarification list

	CYNTHIA	STRUCTURAL	1/28/07
DWG #	Drawn by	Subject (Org Chart)	Date created

Comments:

FIND: LOAD ALONG LIVING SPACE TRUSSSOLN: ROOF LOADS

LL: 20 PSF

DL: VARIES UNDER GEOMETRY CONDITIONS
EXPLAINED BELOW & P. 3

$$8'-3\frac{1}{2}" \cos 14 = 8'-1\frac{1}{2}"$$

$$\cos \theta = \frac{a}{h}$$

$$\theta = 14.0^\circ$$

$$h \cos \theta = a$$

$$6'8" \cos 14^\circ = 6.47'$$

$$6'5\frac{1}{2}"$$

TWO CONDITIONS EXIST:

1. CONSTRUCTION GEOMETRY LOADING
2. FINISHED GEOMETRY LOADING

Solar Decathlon Sketch Template

DCN# 5-12

Match question and clarification list

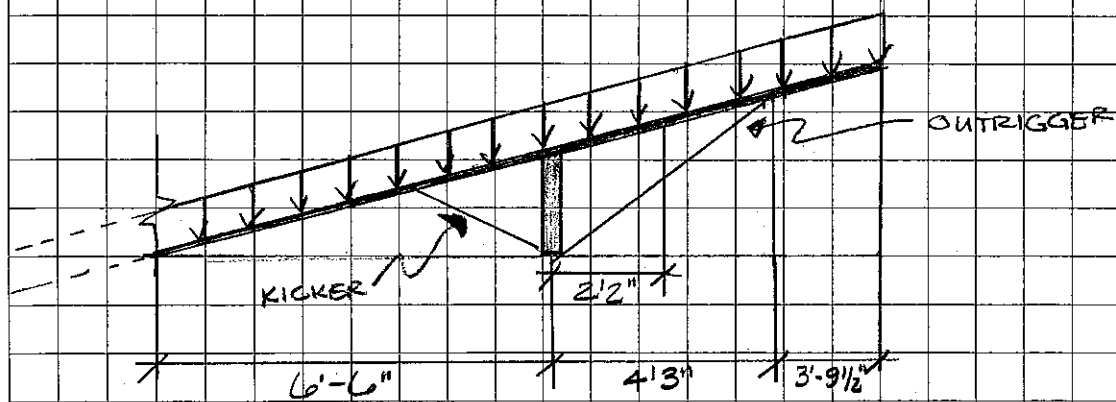
	CYNTHIA	STRUCTURAL	1/28/07
DWG #	Drawn by	Subject (Org Chart)	Date created

Comments:

CONDITION:

1. CONSTRUCTION GEOMETRY LOADING

- DURING CONSTRUCTION THIS TRUSS WILL BE CARRYING THE LOAD OF ROOF THAT EXTENDS OVER THE BREEZEWAY. OUTRIGGERS TRANSFER THE LOAD (FROM THE BREEZEWAY ROOF) TO THE BOTTOM CHORD OF THE TRUSS, KICKERS BRACE THE BOTTOM CHORD OF THE TRUSS TO RESIST THE LATERAL FORCES



ASSUMPTION: SNOW LOADS ARE NOT PRESENT DURING CONSTRUCTION PHASE

Solar Decathlon Sketch Template

DCN# S-12

Match question and clarification list

	CYNTHIA	STRUCTURAL	11/30/07
DWG #	Drawn by	Subject (Org Chart)	Date created

Comments:

HSS 4x4x1/4

 $\Delta = 0.29" < 1/2" \therefore \underline{\text{OK}}$ TRY: HSS 4x4x1/4 $I = 78 \text{ in}^4$ $A = 3.37 \text{ in}^2$

CHECK DEFLECTION CRITERIA

 $\Delta \leq 1/2"$ $I = I_{CM} + Ad^2$ PARALLEL AXIS THEOREM

$$I = [7.8 + 3.37(18)^2]2 = 2199 \text{ in}^4$$

$$W_{TOTAL} = 790 \text{ PLF}$$

$$SPAN = 24'$$

$$\Delta = \frac{5wL^4}{384EI} = \frac{5(790)(24)^4(1728)}{384(29,000,000)2199} = 0.29" < 1/2" \therefore \text{OK}$$

CHECK: MOMENT TRY: 4x4x1/4

$$\text{YIELDING: } \phi M_n = (0.9)(18^k) = 16.2^k$$

$$\phi = 0.9$$

$$M_n = M_p = 18^k \text{ (ksi) (in}^3)$$

$$M_p = F_y Z = 46(4.69) = 216^k = 18^k$$

$$m.n. \quad 1.5 M_y = 1.5 F_y S = 1.5(46)(3.9) = 269^k = 22^k$$

CONCLUSION: ALL HSS 4x4x1/4 MUST HAVE LESS THAN 18^k OF MOMENT

- 3 OTHER LIMIT STATES DON'T APPLY TO HSS RECT. (LATERAL-TORSIONAL BUCKLING, WEB LOCAL CRIPPLING, FLANGE LOCAL BUCKLING) LRFD 16.1-31

Drawing scale: 4 MORNINGSTAR

Solar Decathlon Sketch Template

DCN# S-12

Match question and clarification list

	CYNTHIA	STRUCTURAL	2/1/07
DWG #	Drawn by	Subject (Org Chart)	Date created

Comments:

CHECK: SHEAR: ϕV_n $\phi_v = 0.9$

$$\frac{h}{t_w} \leq 2.45 \sqrt{E/F_{yw}}$$

$$\frac{4}{2(0.25)} = 8 \leq 2.45 \sqrt{29000/46} = 61.5$$

$$\therefore \phi V_n = 0.6 F_{yw} A_w (0.9) \\ = 0.6 (46) (4(2)(0.25)) (0.9) = 50^k$$

CONCLUSION: ALL HSS SECTIONS MUST HAVE
LESS THAN 50^k OF SHEAR FORCE

CHECK: AXIAL

ASSUMPTIONS • SINCE EACH MEMBER IS WELDED ALL ENDS
ARE FIXED-FIXED

• EACH SEGMENT OF THE TRUSS IS CONSIDERED A MEMBER

TABLE 4-6 LRFD 4-63

$$Kl = 0.5(4') = 2'$$

A HSS 4x4x1/4 CAN SUPPORT 130^k >> TENSION &
COMPRESSION FORCES IN MEMBERS

Calc 2.0X Breezeway Area

	DWG / Detail	Completed By	Revised By	DCN #	
Calc 2.02		Gimbet, Milinichik	Glantz, Owens	S-45	Reference Appendix 4.03

Conclusions: Final Design of Truss includes the following configurations:

LS Truss with TOP Cord HSS 4" x 4" x 5/16" Tube STLA500 Gr. B
 LS Truss with BOTTOM Cord HSS 4" x 4" x 5/16" Tube STLA500 Gr. B
 LS Truss Inner members HSS 4" x 2" x 5/16" Tube STLA500 Gr. B
 BZWY Frame Outer Members HSS 4" x 4" x 5/16" Tube STLA500 Gr.B
 BZWY Frame Inner Members HSS 4" x 2" x 5/16" A500 Gr.B Tube STL

Assumptions:

_Loads

_Trib Width 14.67 ft (includes half LS + 8' BZWY width)

_Item		_psf	_plf	_factored value	_factored
** Snow Load	SL	35	513.33	1.60	821.33
PV Load BZWY	LL	4.6	26.63	1.60	42.61
PV Load LVG	DL	4.6	30.67	1.20	36.80
EV Tubes	LL	3.49	20.22	1.60	32.35
STL BWY Frame	DL	7.58	43.87	1.20	52.65
4 5/8" SIPs PUR BZWY	DL	3.75	21.71	1.20	26.06
6 5/8" SIPs PUR LVG	DL	4.15	27.67	1.20	33.20
Insulation (poured)	DL	5	33.33	1.20	40.00
Skylight	DL	15	100.00	1.20	120.00
Occupancy	Lr	20	0.00	1.60	0.00
_Total Factored Dead					308.70
_Total Factored Live					896.30

** See Summary of Load inputs from STAAD data in Appendix 4.03

_Load Combinations

1.4D	91.8	0.092 klf	
1.2D +1.6(LL)	1804.5	1.805 klf	*controls
1.2D +1.6(Lr)	370.4	0.370 klf	

1 All members of truss are joint welded, E70.

2 Truss is assumed to act as a rigid member.

3 For deflection limitations over the 24' spanning length between end SIP panels:

L/240 "	1.2	inch	IBC Code	
L/360 "	0.8	inch	IBC Code	
	0.5	inch	Team Stipulation	*controls

Calc 2.0X Breezeway Area

Calculations:

_STAAD MODEL 002

Deflection Criteria @ Critical Joint(s)

STAAD Model configuration includes:

LS Truss with TOP Cord	HSS 4" x 4" x 5/16" Tube STL A500 Gr. B
LS Truss with BOTTOM Cord	HSS 4" x 2" x 5/16" Channel STL A36
LS Truss Inner members	HSS 4" x 4" x 5/16" Tube STL A500 Gr. B
BZWW Frame Outer Members	HSS 4" x 4" x 5/16" Tube STL A500 Gr.B
BZWW Frame Inner Members	HSS 4" x 2" x 5/16" A500 Gr.B Tube STL

Joint 5	0.04114	Joint 14	0.04113	Joint 20	-0.01831
	0.00005		0.00005		0.00001
	0.04684		0.04685		0.00068
	0.00005		0.00005		0.00001
	0.04226		0.04226		0.00061
	0.00006		0.00006		0.00001
	0.05092		0.05092		0.00074
	0.00516		0.00516		0.00029
	0.01437		0.01437		-0.00266
	0.00713		0.00713		-0.00132
	0.00212		0.00212		-0.00835
	0.00296		0.00296		-0.01163
	0.00039		0.00039		0.00007
	0.35642		0.35644		0.00518
	0.06659		0.0666		-0.01231
	0.02758		0.02758		-0.10852
	0.00363		0.00363		-0.01427
	0.00275		0.00275		-0.01083
	0.00874		0.00875		-0.00162
	0.00663		0.00663		-0.00123
Total	0.68579	Total	0.68583	Total	-0.18345
	Ok for IBC		Ok for IBC		Ok

Calc 2.0X Breezeway Area

Check with new summation completed by STAAD:

Joint 5 -0.63646
 -0.04933

Total -0.68579

Ok for IBC

Joint 14 -0.63649
 -0.04934

Total -0.68583

Ok for IBC

Joint 20 -0.04698
 -0.13645

Total -0.18343

Ok

_STAAD MODEL 003

Deflection Criteria @ Critical Joint(s)

STAAD Model configuration includes:

LS Truss with TOP Cord
LS Truss with BOTTOM Cord
LS Truss Inner members
BZWY Frame Outer Members
BZWY Frame Inner Members

HSS 4" x 4" x 5/16" Tube STL A500 Gr. B
HSS 4" x 4" x 5/16" Tube STL A500 Gr. B
HSS 4" x 2" x 5/16" Tube STL A500 Gr. B
HSS 4" x 4" x 5/16" Tube STL A500 Gr.B
HSS 4" x 2" x 5/16" A500 Gr.B Tube STL

Joint 5 -0.58454
 -0.05104

Total -0.63558

Ok for IBC

Joint 14 -0.58421
 -0.05102

Total -0.63523

Ok for IBC

Joint 20 -0.04977
 -0.13378

Total -0.18355

Ok

_STAAD MODEL 004

Deflection Criteria @ Critical Joint(s)

STAAD Model configuration includes:

LS Truss with TOP Cord

LS Truss with BOTTOM Cord
LS Truss Inner members
BZWY Frame Outer Members
BZWY Frame Inner Members

HSS 4" x 4" x 1/2" Tube STL A500 Gr. B

HSS 4" x 4" x 1/2" Tube STL A500 Gr. B
HSS 4" x 2" x 5/16" Tube STL A500 Gr. B
HSS 4" x 4" x 1/2" Tube STL A500 Gr.B
HSS 4" x 2" x 5/16" A500 Gr.B Tube STL

Joint 5 -0.51859
 -0.048

Total -0.56659

Ok for IBC

Joint 14 -0.51822
 -0.04797

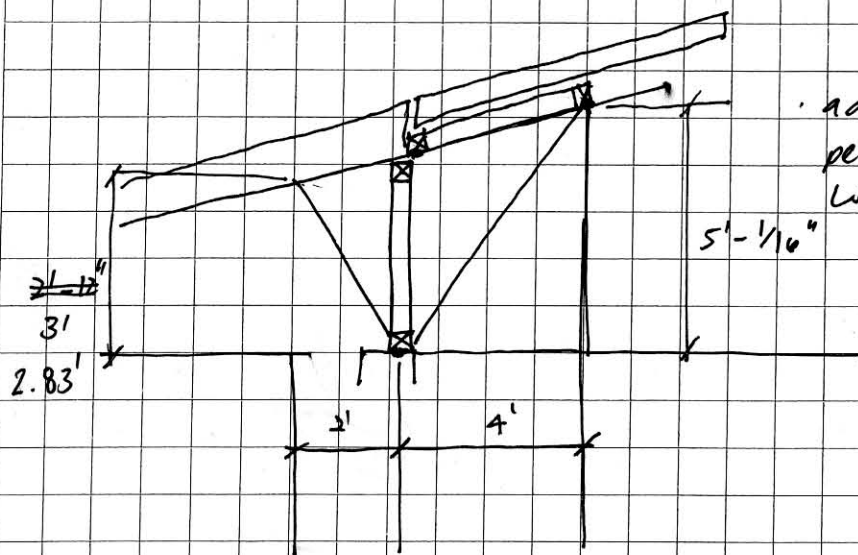
Total -0.56619

Ok for IBC

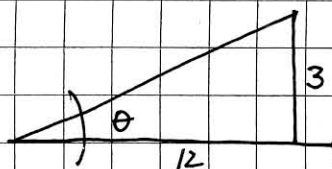
Joint 20 -0.05344
 -0.12748

Total -0.18092

Ok



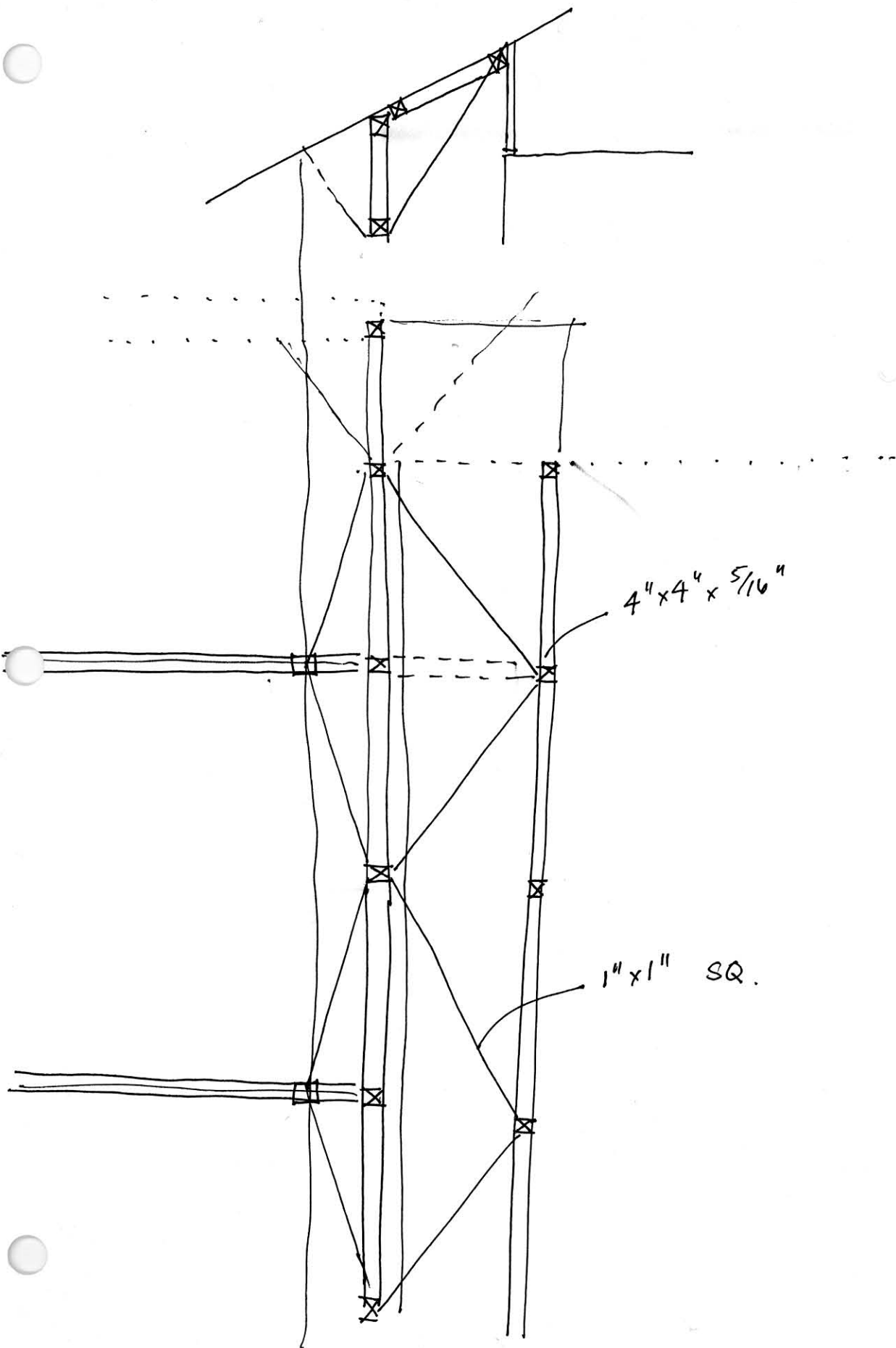
adding outriggers to permanently frame into W roof

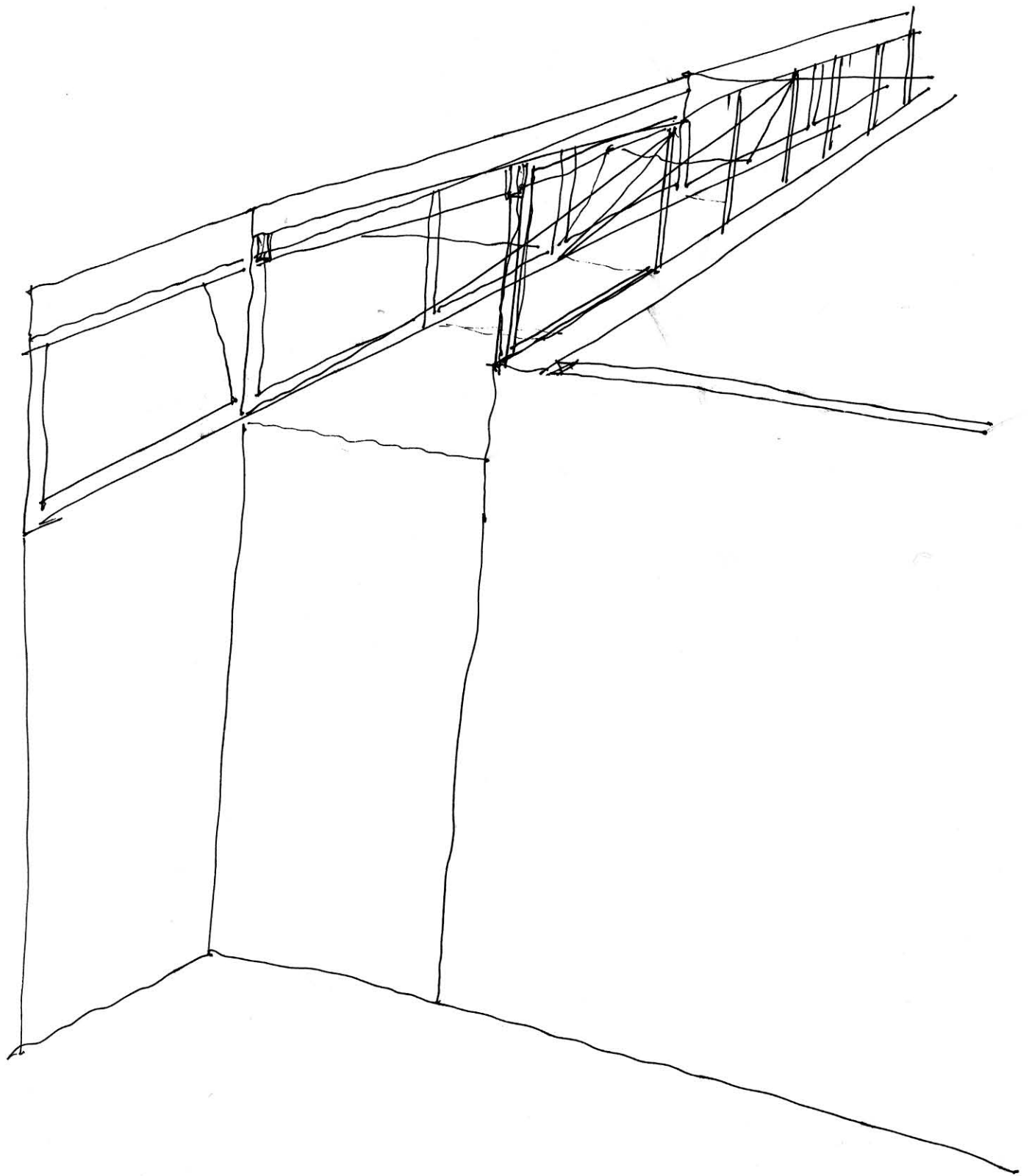


$$\tan \theta = \frac{3}{12}$$

$$\theta = 14.036^\circ$$

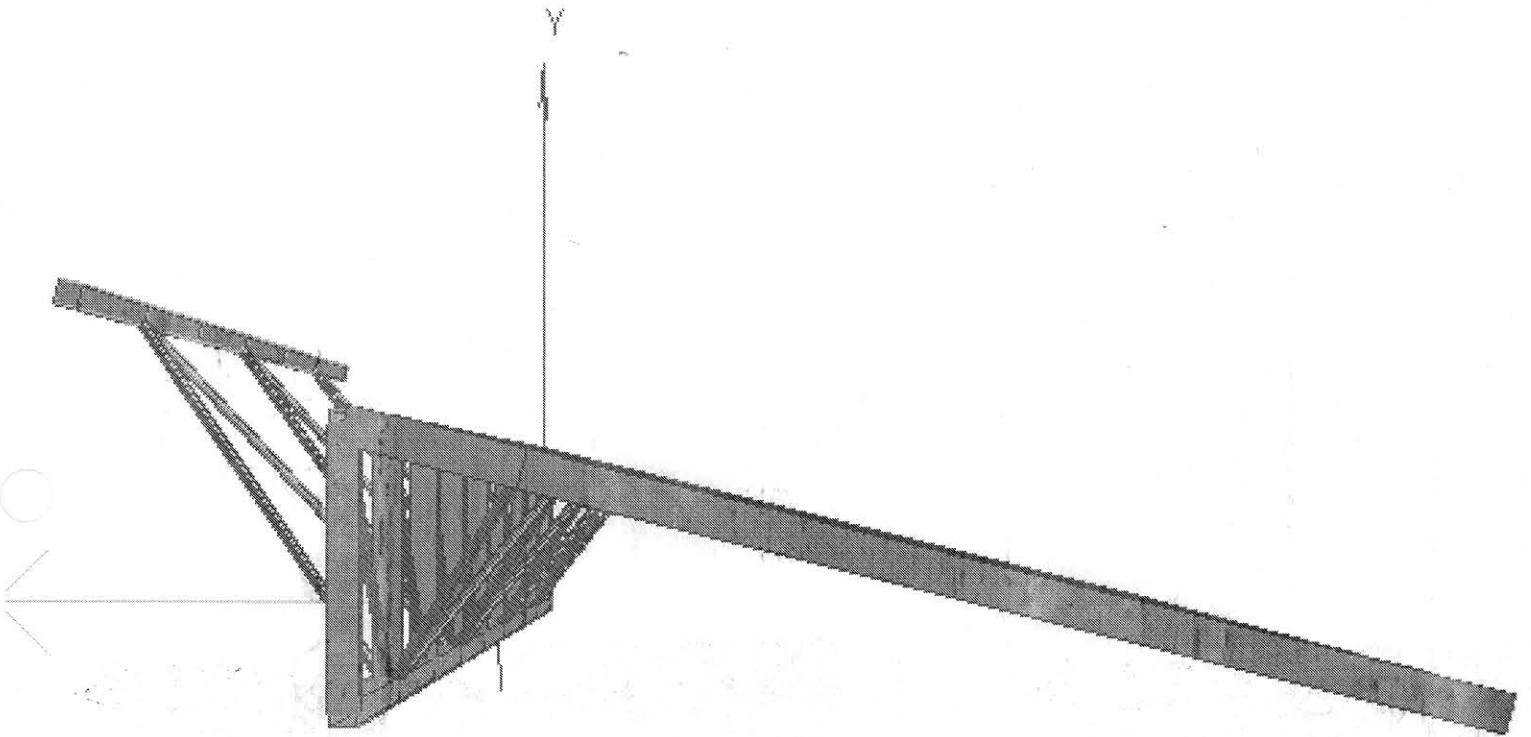
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STC Design
Struct

S-44
02.11.07



S-44

STL Design

02.11.07

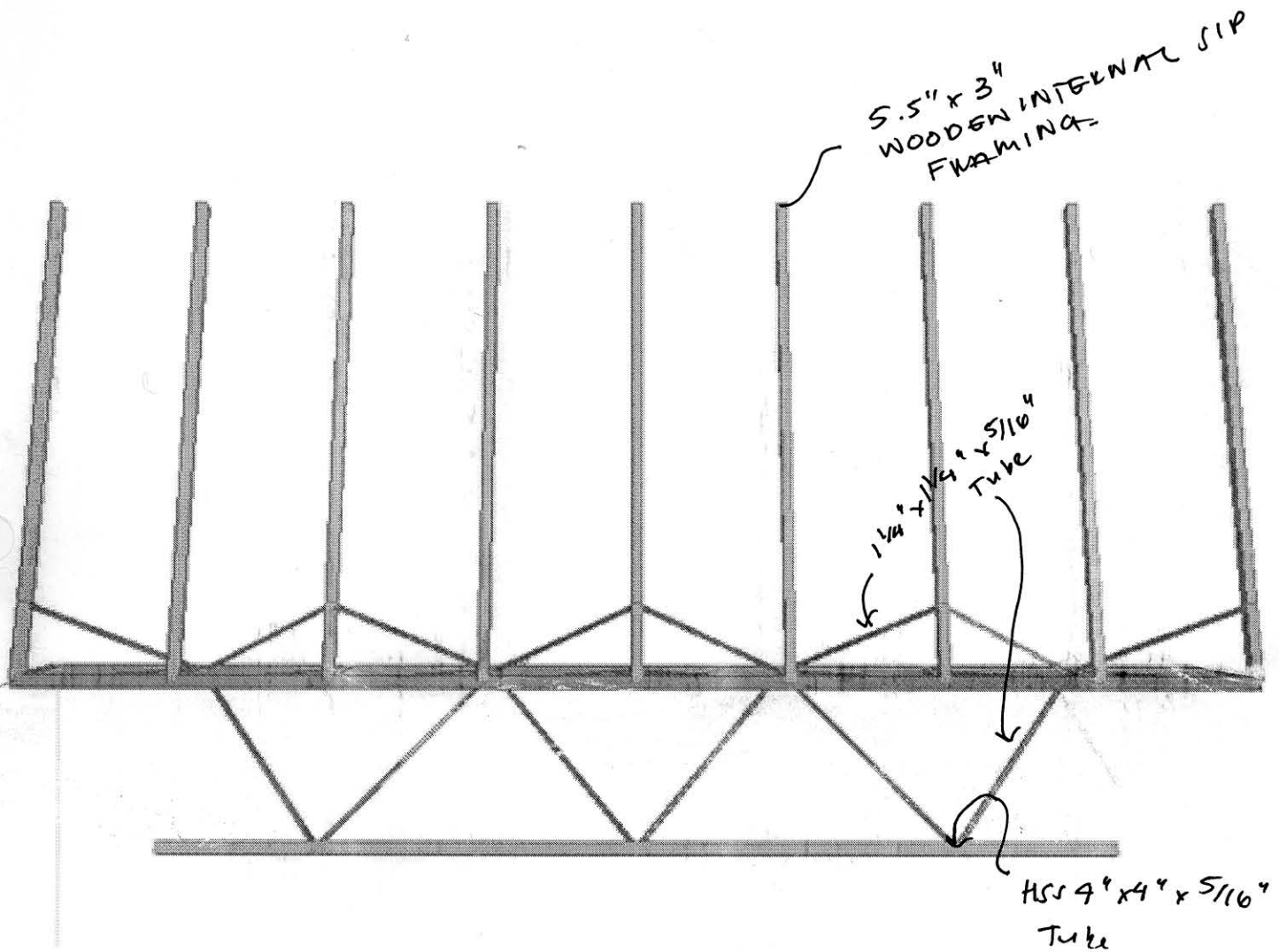
This STAAD model contains STL framing and the double 2 x 6 internal framing of the living space SIPs. □

□

For STL member sizes and properties please see assumptions given at beginning of this Calc 2.02. □

□

The 2 x 6 members were modelled with an $E = 1,800,000$ psi Southern Pine No. 2 □



S-44



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Job Title

STL design, struct

Ref

By

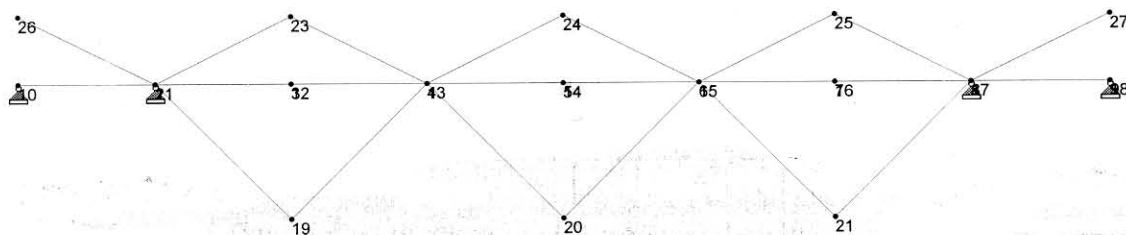
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Client

File S-44 LS Truss Tree Struc


Date/Time 09-Feb-2007 15:55

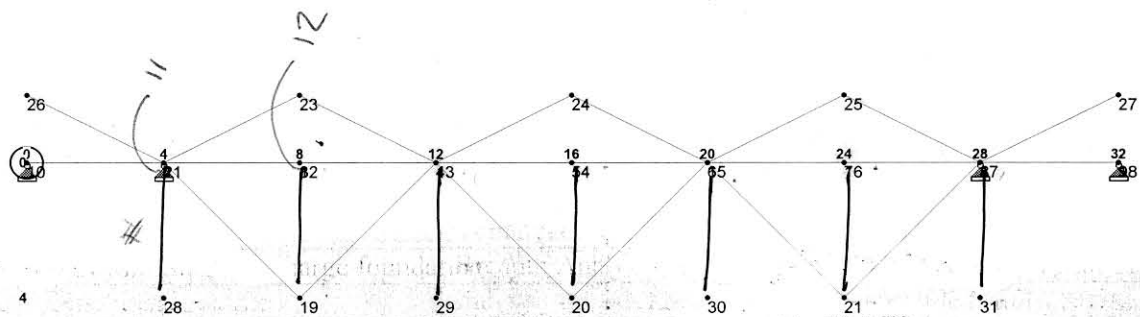


Y-X
Z

Load 1

S-44

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Y-X
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Load 1



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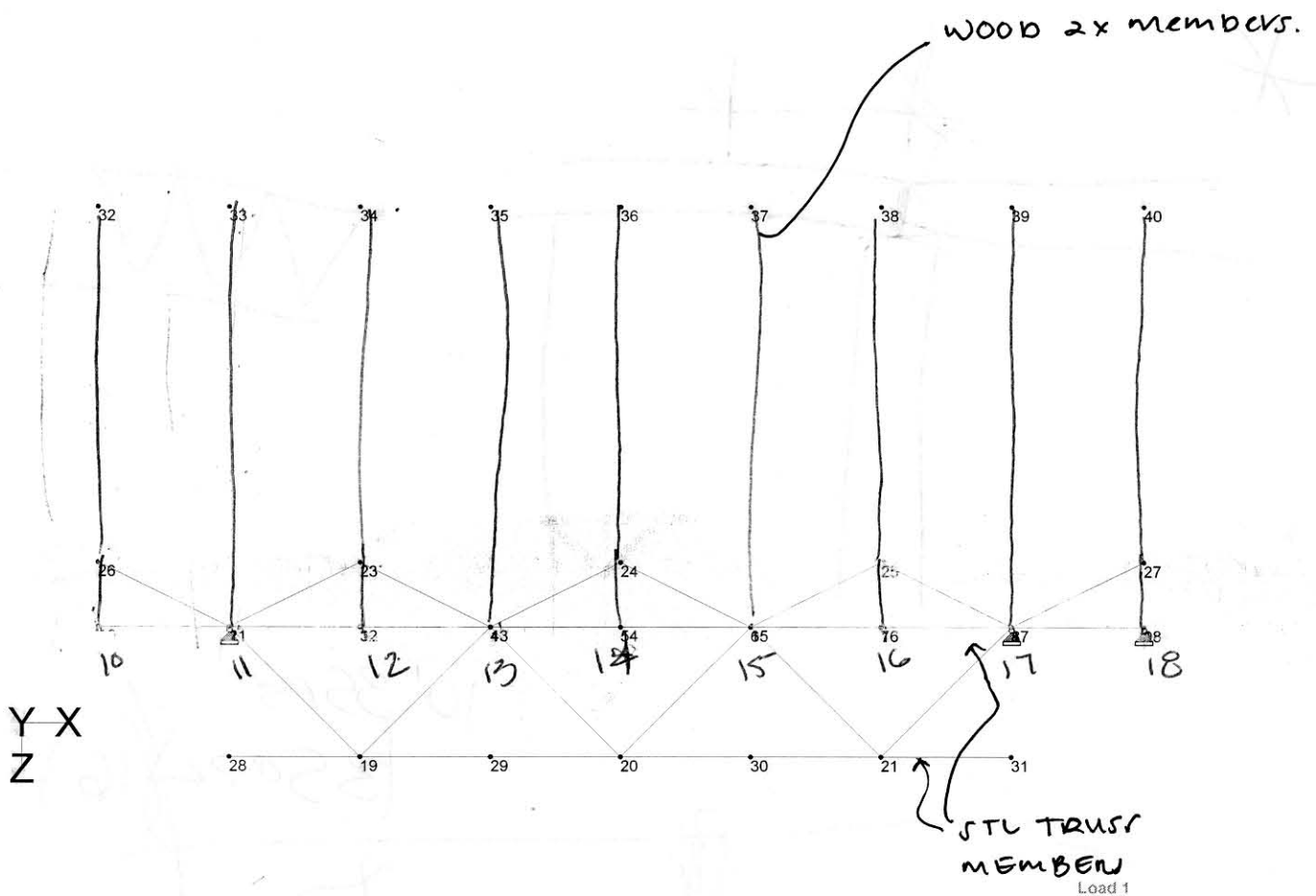
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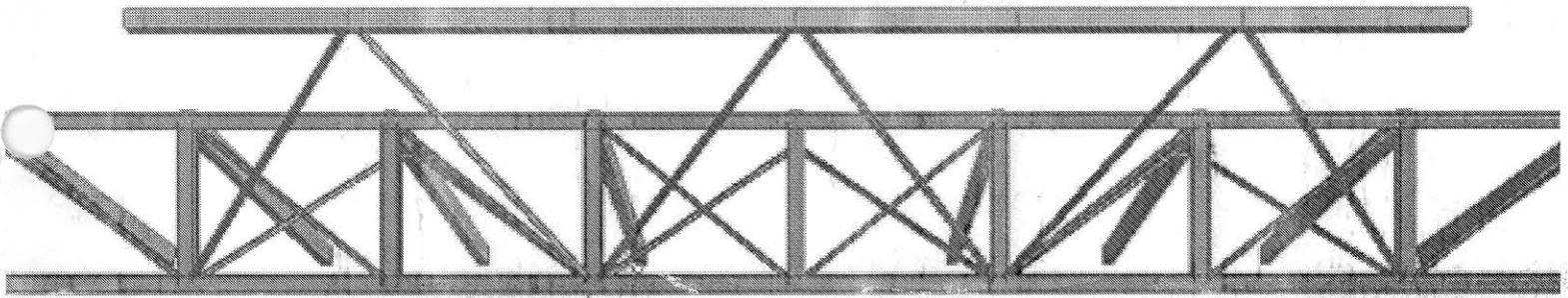
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S-44

STU Design
struct

02.11.07



S-44



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Job Title

STL design , struct

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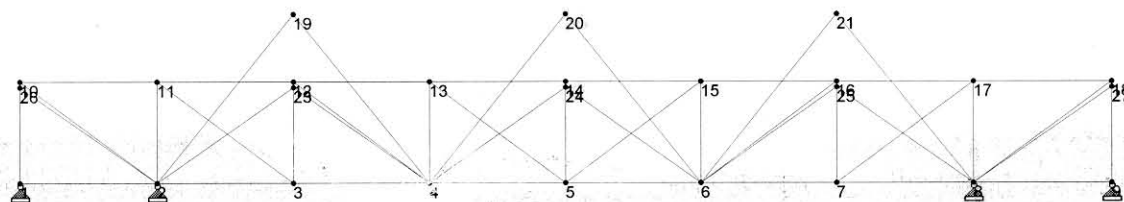
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File S-44 LS Truss Tree Struc

Date/Time 09-Feb-2007 15:55

Y
Z-X

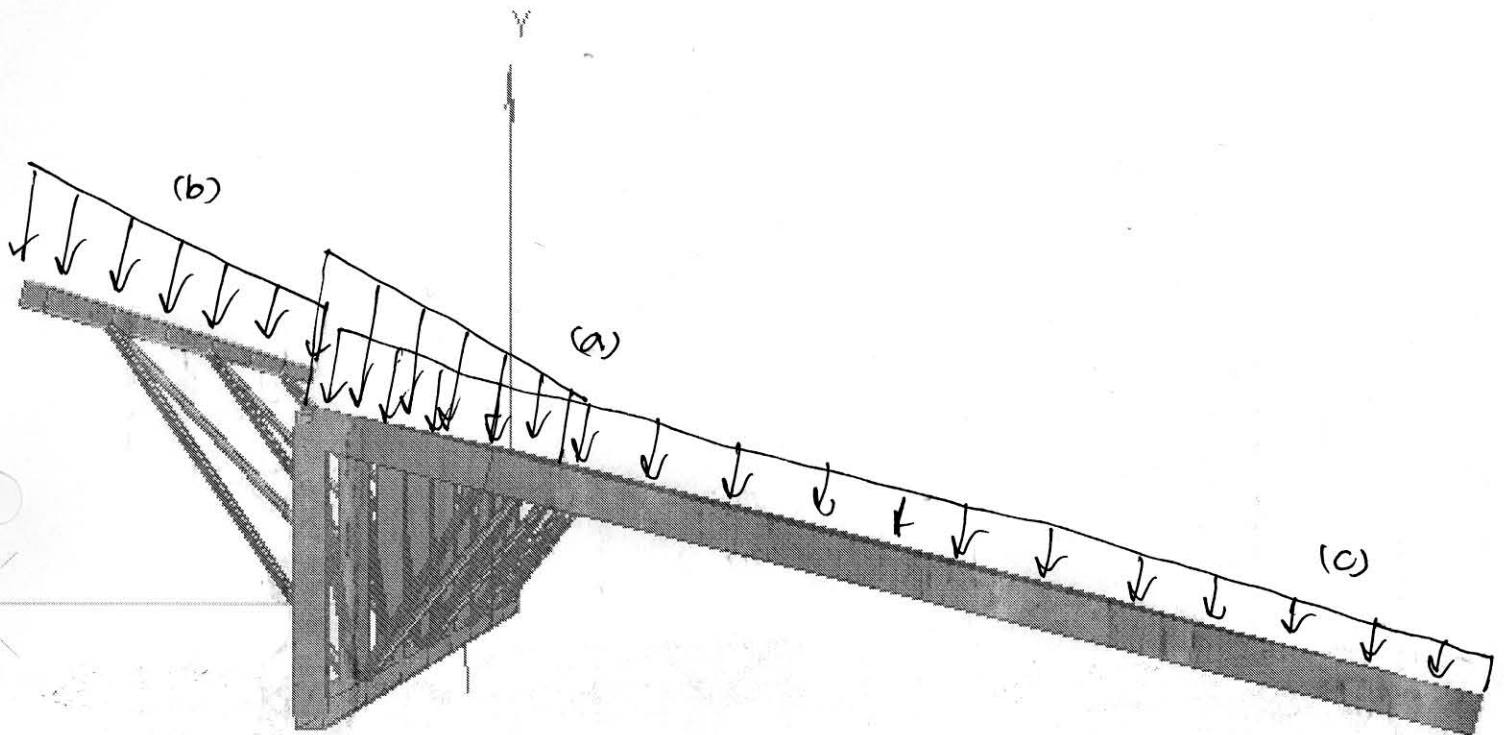
Load 1

Loads were applied to the structure in STAAD in the following configuration. □
Each load was PLF over the length of a member. □

□
(a) indicates a load distributed linearly along the top of the truss. □
The loads are derived from half of the breezeway width. [118.10plf] □

□
(b) indicates a load distributed linearly along the outer 4"x 4" member of the □
Breezeway frame. The loads came from half of the breezeway width + □
overhang loads including LL from PV and E-Tubes. [288.8plf] □

□
(c) indicates a load distributed linearly along the 5.5" x 3" double 2 x 6 internal □
framing between living space SIPs. Loads came from dead weight of PVs and □
SIPs. This load does not account for the fact that the SIPs add to the structural □
integrity of this system. [195plf] □





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Date 01-Feb-07

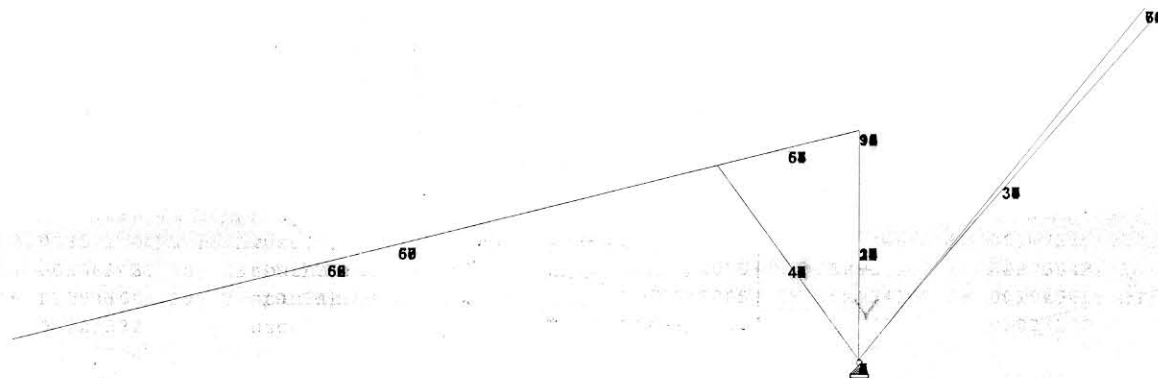
Chd

Client

File S-44 LS Truss Tree Struc

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Y
X-Z



Load 1 : Displacement

S-44



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Job Title

Deflection Results.

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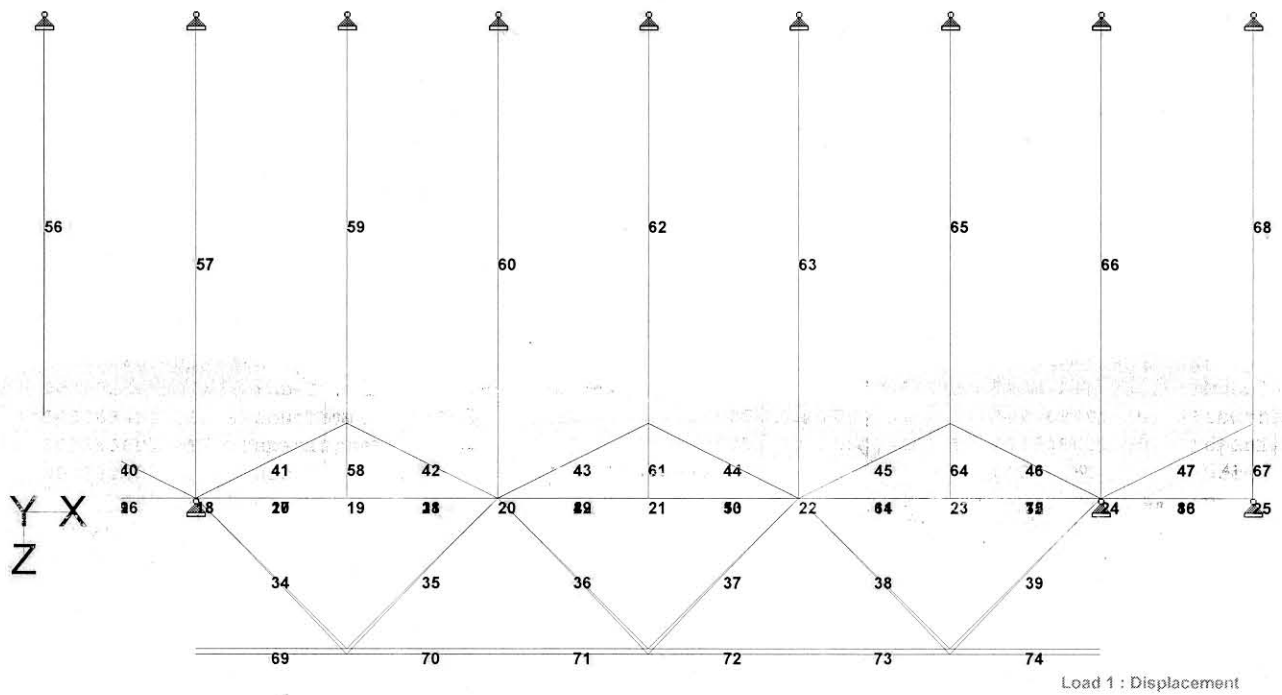
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Chd

Client

File S-44 LS Truss Tree Struc

Date/Time 11-Feb-2007 18:32



Calc 2.0X Breezeway Area

	DWG / Detail	Completed By	Revised By	DCN #	
Calc 2.03	Hinge	Terentiuk, Gimbert	Glantz, Owens	S-14	

Conclusions: USE A36 steel 3/4" diameter pin for hinge. This section determines loading and design for hinges supporting breezeway

Assumptions:

_Loads

_Area 8'-1" x 2'-0" 16 ft²

** when roof in transportation mode

_Item		_psf	_lbs	_factored value	_factored
PV Load BZWY	DL	4.6	73.60	1.40	103.04
EV Tubes	DL	3.49	55.87	1.40	78.22
STL BWY Frame	DL	7.58	121.23	1.40	169.73
4 5/8" SIPs PUR BZWY	DL	3.75	60.00	1.40	84.00
*Control					434.99

_Area (4'-6"/2) x 2'-0" 4.5 ft²

** when roof in service mode

Snow	LL	35	157.50	1.60	252.00
PV Load BZWY	LL	4.6	20.70	1.60	33.12
EV Tubes	LL	3.49	15.71	1.60	25.14
STL BWY Frame	DL	7.58	34.10	1.20	40.92
4 5/8" SIPs PUR BZWY	DL	3.75	16.88	1.20	20.25
					371.43

_Load Combinations

1.2D + 1.6(S + LL)	371.4	0.371 k	During Use	*Control
1.4D	435.0	0.435 k	During Transportation	

1 Pin is designed to resist shear of self weight of breezeway roof during transportation

2 Breezeway roof rest in a vertical position, hanging from Piano hinge during the transportation.

3 Breezeway roof will also be shimmed into place during transportation.

Calc 2.0X Breezeway Area

- 4 Shear would occur between hinge knuckles of pin designed to resist this load.
- 5 Piano hinge is designed with 2' long knuckles to accept pin along the 24' length.
- 6 Each Knuckle accepts 4' wide Tributary Width of information of 8' length panel.

Calculations: For a 3/4" diameter bar of A36 Steel:

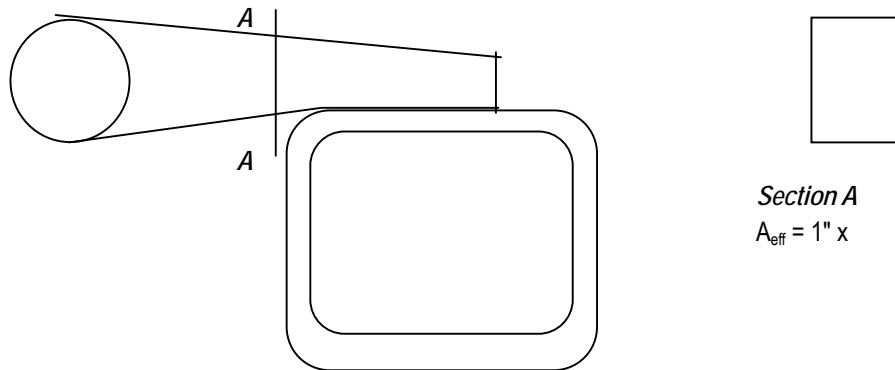
$$\begin{aligned}
 F_y &= 36 && \text{ksi} \\
 F_u &= 58 && \text{ksi} \\
 F_n &= 0.4 F_u \\
 &= 23.2 \\
 A_b &= \pi * r^2 \\
 &= 0.442 && \text{in}^2 \\
 \emptyset &= 0.75
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \emptyset R_n &= \emptyset F_n A_b && \text{** shear yielding} \\
 &= 7.69 && \text{kips}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\emptyset R_n > R_u = 7.69 \text{kips} > 0.435 \text{kips}$$

Results: For the aesthetic purpose of the home and for transportation loads, the hinge solid rod size is selected at $\emptyset = 3/4"$ in diameter.

Check Knuckle Support Plate for Bending and Shear:



Assumptions:

_Loads

_Area 8'-1" x 2'-0" 16 ft²

**** when roof in transportation mode**

_Item		_psf	_lbs	_factored value	_factored
PV Load BZWY	LL	4.6	73.60	1.60	117.76
EV Tubes	LL	3.49	55.87	1.60	89.40

Calc 2.0X Breezeway Area

STL BWY Frame	DL	7.58	121.23	1.20	145.48
4 5/8" SIPs PUR BZWY	DL	3.75	60.00	1.20	72.00
*Control					424.64

_Area (4'-6"/2) x 2'-0" 4.5 ft²

** when roof in service mode

Snow	LL	35	157.50	1.60	252.00
PV Load BZWY	LL	4.6	20.70	1.60	33.12
EV Tubes	LL	3.49	15.71	1.60	25.14
STL BWY Frame	DL	7.58	34.10	1.20	40.92
4 5/8" SIPs PUR BZWY	DL	3.75	16.88	1.20	20.25
					371.43

_Load Combinations

1.2D + 1.6(S + LL)	371.4	0.371 k	During Use	*Control
1.4D	435.0	0.435 k	During Transportation	

Calculations: For a 3/4" diameter bar of A36 Steel:

The Knuckle must resist a max V_n : (Reference Calc. 2.07)

$$V_n = 0.425 \text{ kips} / 2 = 1.55 \text{ kips.}$$

$$V_n = 0.2125 \text{ kips}$$

The Knuckle must resist a max M_n (as a small cantilevered beam):

$$M_n = 0.425 \text{ kips} * (\text{length of knuckle support to HSS } 4 \times 4)$$

$$M_n = 0.425 \text{ kips} * (1.75")$$

$$M_n = 0.7395 \text{ kip-in}$$

It is suggested by manufacture to use a stainless steel pin with a diameter at least the same size as the rod. Try a $\emptyset = 1 \frac{3}{8}"$ pin size:

Check Shear:

F_y	=	36	ksi
F_u	=	58	ksi
F_n	=	0.4 F_u	
	=	23.2	
r	=	0.6875	
A_b	=	$\pi * r^2$	
	=	1.484140625	in ²
\emptyset	=	0.75	
$\emptyset V_n$	=	$\emptyset F_n A_b$	
	=	25.82	kips
$\emptyset R_n$	=	25.82 kips	> 1.55 kips

Check Moment:

F_y	=	36	ksi
F_u	=	58	ksi
F_n	=	F_y	
	=	23.2	
r	=	0.6875	

Calc 2.0X Breezeway Area

$$\begin{aligned}
 A_b &= \pi * r^2 \\
 &= 1.484140625 \text{ in}^2 \\
 \phi &= 0.9 \text{ safety factor} \\
 d &= \text{in} \\
 \phi M_n &= \phi * F_y * A * d \\
 &= 0.00 \text{ kip-in} \\
 M_n > M_u &= 12.02 \text{ kip-in} > 1.55 \text{ kip-in}
 \end{aligned}$$

Results: USE a $\phi = 1 \frac{3}{8}$ " clevis pin

Calc 2.0X Breezeway Area

	DWG / Detail	Completed By	Revised By	DCN #	
Calc 2.04	BZKY Frame	Gimbert	Glantz, Owens	N.A.	Reference Calc 2.07

Conclusions: USE a HSS 4" x 2" x 1/4" Tube steel inside member of frame used to support breezeway roof; reference appendix 4.0# for deflection results given in STAAD.

Assumptions:

_Loads

_TW

4 ft

_Item		_psf	_lbs	_factored value	_factored
PV Load BZKY	LL	4.6	18.40	1.60	29.44
EV Tubes	LL	3.49	13.97	1.60	22.35
STL BKY Frame	DL	7.58	30.31	1.20	36.37
4 5/8" SIPs PUR BZKY	DL	3.75	15.00	1.20	18.00
Snow	LL	35	140.00	1.60	224.00
Occupancy	Lr	20	80.00	1.20	96.00
_Total Factored Dead					54.37
_Total Factored Live					275.79

_Load Combinations

1.4D	54.4	0.054 klf	
1.2D +1.6(S +LL)	330.2	0.330 klf	*controls
1.2D +1.6(Lr)	150.4	0.150 klf	

1 Pin is designed to resist shear of self weight of breezeway roof during transportation

2 Breezeway roof rest in a vertical position, hanging from Piano hinge during the transportation

3 Breezeway roof will also be shimmed into place during transportation.

4 Shear would occur between hinge Knuckles; pin designed to resist this load.

5 Piano hinge is designed with 2' long knuckles to accept pin along the 24' length.

$$\begin{aligned}
 M_u &= (w * L^2) / 8 \\
 &= 0.66 \text{ ft-kips} \\
 V_u &= (w * L) / 2 \\
 &= 0.66 \text{ kips}
 \end{aligned}$$

Calc 2.0X Breezeway Area

Calculations:

1 Try a HSS 5/16" x 4" x 2" Tube Section for internal members, $I = 5.13 \text{ in}^3$

Sx	=	2.56 in ³	
Zx	=	3.43 in ³	
Fy	=	46 ksi	
Capacity:			
ØMn	=	$0.9 * F_y * Z$	
	=	11.83	ft-kips * controls
OR	=	$0.9 * 1.5 * F_y * S$	
	=	13.248	ft-kips

2 Try a HSS 1/4" x 4" x 2" Tube Section for internal members, $I = 5.13 \text{ in}^3$

Check Moment:

Sx	=	2.25 in ³	
Zx	=	2.94 in ³	
Fy	=	46 ksi	
Capacity:			
ØMn	=	$0.9 * F_y * Z$	
	=	10.14	ft-kips >> 0.66ft-kips Ok
OR	=	$0.9 * 1.5 * F_y * S$	
	=	11.64	ft-kips

$M_p = 10.14 \text{ ft-kips} \gg M_u = 0.82 \text{ ft-kips}$

Check Shear:

Aw	=	2.44 in ²	
Fy	=	46 ksi	
Capacity:			
ØVn	=	$0.9 (0.6 * F_y * A_w)$	
	=	5.05	kips >> 0.66 kips Ok

Check Tensile Strength:

t	=	2.44 in ²	
w	=	10.5 lbs/ft	
A	=	2.94 in ²	
I_x	=	5.13 in ⁴	
I_y	=	1.67 in ²	
Fy	=	46 ksi	
Pu	=	4.96 k	See Calc 2.07

Calc 2.0X Breezeway Area

I	=	56 "		
Capacity:				
ØPn	=	0.9 (0.6 * Fy * Ay)		
	=	121.72	kip	>> 4.96 kips Ok

Results: USE a HSS 4" x 2" x 1/4" Tube steel inside member of frame used to support breezeway roof.

Calc 2.0X Breezeway Area

	DWG / Detail	Completed By	Revised By	DCN #	
Calc 2.05	Columns	Benoit, Gimbert	Glantz, Owens	S-37	

Conclusions: For column in interior end of North SIPs of LS space, USE (1) 2.5" x 2.5" x 1/4" steel tube or 5" x 5" Southern Pine No. 1 lumber for column. Frame remaining column with 2 x dimensional lumber to fill space for door frame and electrical chase.

Assumptions:

_Loads

_TW

14.67 ft

(includes half LS + Full BZWY)

_Item

_psf

_plf

_factored value

_factored

Snow Load	SL	35	513.33	1.00	513.33
PV Load BZWY	LL	4.6	36.80	1.00	36.80
PV Load LVG	DL	4.6	30.67	1.00	30.67
EV Tubes	LL	3.49	27.94	1.00	27.94
STL BWY Frame	DL	7.58	34.10	1.00	34.10
4 5/8" SIPs PUR BZWY	DL	3.75	30.00	1.00	30.00
6 5/8" SIPs PUR LVG	DL	4.15	27.67	1.00	27.67
Insulation (poured)	DL	5	73.33	1.00	73.33
Skylight	DL	15	100.00	1.00	100.00
LS Truss Self Wt	DI	15.77	47.31	1.00	47.31
Occupancy	Lr	20	0.00	1.00	0.00

_Total Dead 343.08

_Total Live 578.07

D +LL plf klf
921.1 0.921 D +LL

The column must resist a axial reaction of:

$$P_n = \frac{(32' \cdot 0.921 \text{ klf})}{2}$$

$$= 14.74 \text{ kips}$$

Simple beam analysis

1 Assume 8' column.

2 Assume column unbraced by end of SIP, Cp = 1.0

Calc 2.0X Breezeway Area

3 North SIPs in Living Space provide 4' of bearing length at end of 32' long truss are not considered as structural entities in these calculations.

Calculations:

1 Try 2x6 Southern Pine No.1

$$\begin{aligned}
 A &= 8.3 \text{ in}^2 \\
 F_c^* &= 1750 \text{ psi} \quad \text{compression // to grain} \\
 F_{CE} &= \frac{K_{CE} * E'}{(l_e/d)^2} \\
 &= \frac{(0.3)(1700000)}{(8*12"/ft)/1.5")^2} \\
 &= 124.51 \\
 C_p &= \frac{[(1 + (F_{CE} / F_c^*)) / 2c] - [\text{Sq. Rt.} \{[(1 + (F_{CE} / F_c^*)) / 2c]^2 - ((F_{CE} / F_c^*) / c)\}]}{2} \\
 &= 0.070 \quad \text{where } c = 0.8 \text{ for sawn lumber} \\
 F_{CE} / F_c^* &= 0.0711 \\
 C_b &= 1.0000 \\
 C_m &= 1.0000 \\
 C_t &= 1.0000 \\
 C_F &= 1.0000 \\
 KL &= 8' \\
 F'_c &= F_c (C_b) (C_m) (C_t) (C_F) (C_p) \\
 &= 122.63 \text{ psi} \\
 P_{all} &= F'_c * A \\
 &= 1011.71 \text{ lbs} \\
 S_o &= 1.01 \text{ kips}
 \end{aligned}$$

14.57 No. of 2 x 6 No.1 Southern Pine

For columns in North SIPs of LS space, frame with at least (15) 2 x 6 Southern Pine No.1 Dimensional Lumber

Calc 2.0X Breezeway Area

2 Try 2x6 Dense Select Structural

$$\begin{aligned}
 A &= 8.3 \text{ in}^2 \\
 F_c^* &= 2150 \text{ psi} \quad \text{compression // to grain} \\
 F_{CE} &= \frac{K_{CE} \cdot E'}{(l_e/d)^2} \\
 &= \frac{(0.3)(1900000)}{(8 \cdot 12''/\text{ft})/1.5''^2} \\
 &= 139.16 \\
 C_p &= \frac{[(1 + (F_{CE} / F_c^*)) / 2c] - [\text{Sq. Rt.} \{[(1 + (F_{CE} / F_c^*)) / 2c]^2 - ((F_{CE} / F_c^*) / c)\}]}{2} \\
 &= 0.064 \quad \text{where } c = 0.8 \text{ for sawn lumber} \\
 F_{CE} / F_c^* &= 0.0647 \\
 C_b &= 1.0000 \\
 C_m &= 1.0000 \\
 C_t &= 1.0000 \\
 C_F &= 1.0000 \\
 KL &= 8' \\
 F'_c &= F_c (C_b) (C_m) (C_t) (C_F) (C_p) \\
 &= 139.16 \text{ psi} \\
 P_{all} &= F'_c \cdot A \\
 &= 1148.07 \text{ lbs} \\
 S_o &= 1.148 \text{ kips}
 \end{aligned}$$

12.84 No. of 2 x 6 Dense Select Structural Southern Pine

For columns in North SIPs of LS space, frame with at least (13) 2 x 6 Southern Pine Dense Select Structural

3 Try 6 x 6 No. 1 Dense Post Southern Pine

$$\begin{aligned}
 A &= 30.3 \text{ in}^2 \\
 F_c^* &= 975 \text{ psi} \quad \text{compression // to grain} \\
 F_{CE} &= \frac{K_{CE} \cdot E'}{(l_e/d)^2} \\
 &= \frac{(0.3)(1500000)}{(8 \cdot 12''/\text{ft})/5.5''^2} \\
 &= 1477.06 \\
 C_p &= \frac{[(1 + (F_{CE} / F_c^*)) / 2c] - [\text{Sq. Rt.} \{[(1 + (F_{CE} / F_c^*)) / 2c]^2 - ((F_{CE} / F_c^*) / c)\}]}{2} \\
 &= 0.812 \quad \text{where } c = 0.8 \text{ for sawn lumber}
 \end{aligned}$$

Calc 2.0X Breezeway Area

$$\begin{aligned}
 F_{CE} / F_c^* &= 1.5149 \\
 C_b &= 1.0000 \\
 C_m &= 1.0000 \\
 C_t &= 1.0000 \\
 C_F &= 1.0000 \\
 \\
 KL &= 8' \\
 F_c &= f_c (C_b) (C_m) (C_t) (C_F) (C_p) \\
 &= 792.09 \text{ psi} \\
 \\
 Pall &= F_c * A \\
 &= 23960.58 \text{ lbs} \\
 So; &= 23.961 \text{ kips} >> 14.74 \text{ kips}
 \end{aligned}$$

0.62 No. of 6 x 6 No.1 Southern Pine

For columns in North SIPs of LS space, frame with at (1) 6 x 6 Southern Pine No.1 Dense

4 Try 5" x 5" No.1 Dense Post Southern Pine

$$\begin{aligned}
 A &= 25.0 \text{ in}^2 \\
 F_c^* &= 975 \text{ psi} \quad \text{compression // to grain} \\
 F_{CE} &= \frac{K_{CE} * E'}{(l_e/d)^2} \\
 &= \frac{(0.3)(1500000)}{(8*12"/ft/5")^2} \\
 &= 1220.70 \\
 \\
 C_p &= [(1 + (F_{CE} / F_c^*)) / 2c] - [Sq. Rt. [(1 + (F_{CE} / F_c^*)) / 2c]^2 - ((F_{CE} / F_c^*) / c)] \\
 &= 0.763 \quad \text{where } c = 0.8 \text{ for sawn lumber} \\
 \\
 F_{CE} / F_c^* &= 1.2520 \\
 C_b &= 1.0000 \\
 C_m &= 1.0000 \\
 C_t &= 1.0000 \\
 C_F &= 1.0000 \\
 \\
 KL &= 8' \\
 F_c &= f_c (C_b) (C_m) (C_t) (C_F) (C_p) \\
 &= 743.44 \text{ psi} \\
 \\
 Pall &= F_c * A \\
 &= 18585.94 \text{ lbs} \\
 So; &= 18.586 \text{ kips} > 14.74 \text{ kips}
 \end{aligned}$$

0.79 No. of 5" x 5" No.1 Southern Pine

Calc 2.0X Breezeway Area

For columns in North SIPs of LS space, frame with at (1) 5" x 5" Southern Pine No.1 Dense

4 Try HSS 4" x 4" x 1/4" tube steel

$$A = 3.37 \text{ in}^2$$

$$I_x = 7.8 \text{ in}^4$$

$$KL = 8 \text{ ft}$$

From Table 4-6, LRFD manual:

$$\phi_c P_n = 121 \text{ kips} \gg 14.74 \text{ kips}$$

5 Try HSS 2.5" x 2.5" x 1/4" tube steel

$$A = 3.37 \text{ in}^2$$

$$I_x = 7.8 \text{ in}^4$$

$$KL = 8 \text{ ft}$$

From Table 4-6, LRFD manual:

$$\phi_c P_n = 36.3 \text{ kips} > 14.74 \text{ kips}$$

For columns in North SIPs of Living Space, frame with at (1) 2.5" x 2.5" x 1/4" steel tube column and proceed to frame out rest of space with 2 x

Calc 2.0X Breezeway Area

	DWG / Detail	Completed By	Revised By	DCN #	
Calc 2.06	SIP to Trailer Shear Conn.	Benoit, Grossenbacher	Glantz, Owens	S-37	Reference Appendix 3.03

Conclusions: At structural Line C, USE eight (8) bolts to resist shear of wind, uplift and overturning forces on the home. The bolts are designated as A325 PB Type 1 with 1/2" diameter. Use 8d nails every 3 1/2" o.c. at ends of SIPs to attach SIP to 2 x 6 sill and headers as specified by MURUS. This detail for connection can be used throughout the rest of the home. This point in the home represents the most critical shear load to resist over the smallest length of SIP panel.

Assumptions: At struct line C, SIP connection to trailer frame must resist:

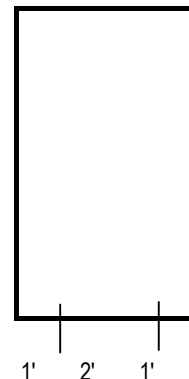
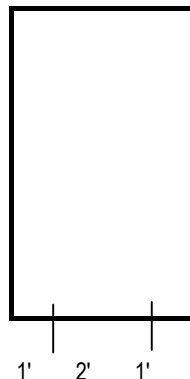
$$= 3580.00 \text{ lbs}$$

$$= 3.58 \text{ kips}$$

- 1 Assume Connection of SIP to trailer Frame resists remaining Shear
- 2 Assume A325 grade strength bolt
- 3 Assume connection of 7/16" OSB to 2 x 6 sill plate and header of SIP are resisting same force of shear as SIP itself.
- 4 Use 7/16" OSB on exterior surface of PUR 6 5/8" PUR SIP
- 5 Assume a 24 to 16 span rating
- 6 Nail recommendation by MURUS is 8d @ 4" o.c.

Calculations:

- 1 Try A325 1/2" diameter bolt placed at 1ft from end of each 4' SIP to connect SIP to Trailer Frame.
- 2 For a 4' x 8' panels, attachment to trailer using two bolts (Diagram below):



Check Shear of bolt:

One (1) bolts A325 PB Type 1 with 1/2" diamter has shear strength of

Fy	=	92	ksi	
Fu	=	85	ksi	[see www. portlandbold.com]
Fn	=	0.4 Fu		
	=	34	ksi	

Calc 2.0X Breezeway Area

$$\begin{aligned}
 A_b &= \pi * r^2 \\
 &= 0.196 \text{ in}^2 \\
 \phi R_n &= 0.75 \\
 \phi R_n &= \phi F_n A_b \\
 &= 5.00 \text{ kips}
 \end{aligned}$$

Check tearout of bolt through 2 x 6 sill plate:

One (1) bolts A325 PB Type 1 with 1/2" diamter has shear strength of
From NDS Table 11.B:

$$\begin{aligned}
 t_m &= 1.5 \text{ in} \\
 t_s &= 0.25 \text{ in} \\
 Z_{||} &= 0.62 \text{ kips} \\
 Z_{per} &= 0.36 \text{ kips}
 \end{aligned}$$

where Z is a lateral design value given for the connection of a 1/4" thk A36 plate

For eight (8) bolts along structural line C placed in the 2 x 6 wood plate;

$$8Z_{||} = 4.96 \text{ kips} > 3.58 \text{ kips}$$

Each bolt has a tearout capacity of :

$$\begin{aligned}
 Z'_{RT} &= 2 h \times F_v \times t_{scrit} \text{ where } F_v = F'_v \quad 0.175 \text{ kips} \\
 &= 6.3 \text{ kips} > 3.58 \text{ kips} \quad \text{Ok} \\
 &\quad \text{See Appendix 3.02}
 \end{aligned}$$

Check hold down of bolt through 2 x 6 sill plate:

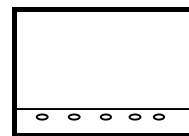
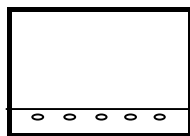
One (1) bolts A325 PB Type 1 with 1/2" diamter has shear strength of
From NDS Table 11.B:

$$F_t = 67.5 \text{ ksi}$$

2 The largest Wind force is seen at Structural line C, with 1.87 kips of Shear from Wind:

From NDS Table 4.1 A:

Panel grade	OSB, Plywood
Minimum nominal panel thickness(in.)	7/16"
Minimum Nail penetration in Framing (in.)	1 3/8"
Nail size	8d common
Nail spacing at panel edges.	4" > 3.75" as specified by MURUS
V_n	= 490 plf



Calc 2.0X Breezeway Area

Try 3 1/2" spaced 8d nails with 3/4" edge spacing.

$$\begin{aligned} V_u &= 3.48 \text{ kips/8'} && \text{Critical Case at Structural Line C} \\ &= 0.435 && \text{klf} \\ &= \boxed{435} && \text{plf} < 490 \text{ plf} \quad \text{Ok} \end{aligned}$$

For structural Line C, four (4) bolts will be used accounting for 20kips of shear.

Results: $V_n = 20 \text{ kips} > V_u = 3.48 \text{ kips} + 14 \text{ kips of braking force} = 17.58 \text{ kips}$

$V_n = 490 \text{ plf} > V_u = 435 \text{ plf for 8d at 4" spacing along OSB}$

Calc 2.0X Breezeway Area

	DWG / Detail	Completed By	Revised By	DCN #	
Calc 2.07	Outrigger, In Breezeway	Gimbert	Glantz, Owens	S-48	

Conclusions: 6.20kips of force are distributed thru two outrigger elements in the breezeway.

Assumptions:

_Loads

_TW 5.6667 ft

_Item _psf _lbs _factored value _factored

PV Load BZWY	LL	4.6	26.07	1.60	41.71
EV Tubes	LL	3.49	19.79	1.60	31.66
STL BWY Frame	DL	7.58	42.94	1.20	51.53
4 5/8" SIPs PUR BZWY	DL	3.75	21.25	1.20	25.50
Snow	SL	35	198.33	1.60	317.34
Occupancy	Lr	20	113.33	1.20	136.00

_Total Factored Dead 77.03

_Total Factored Live 390.70

_Load Combinations

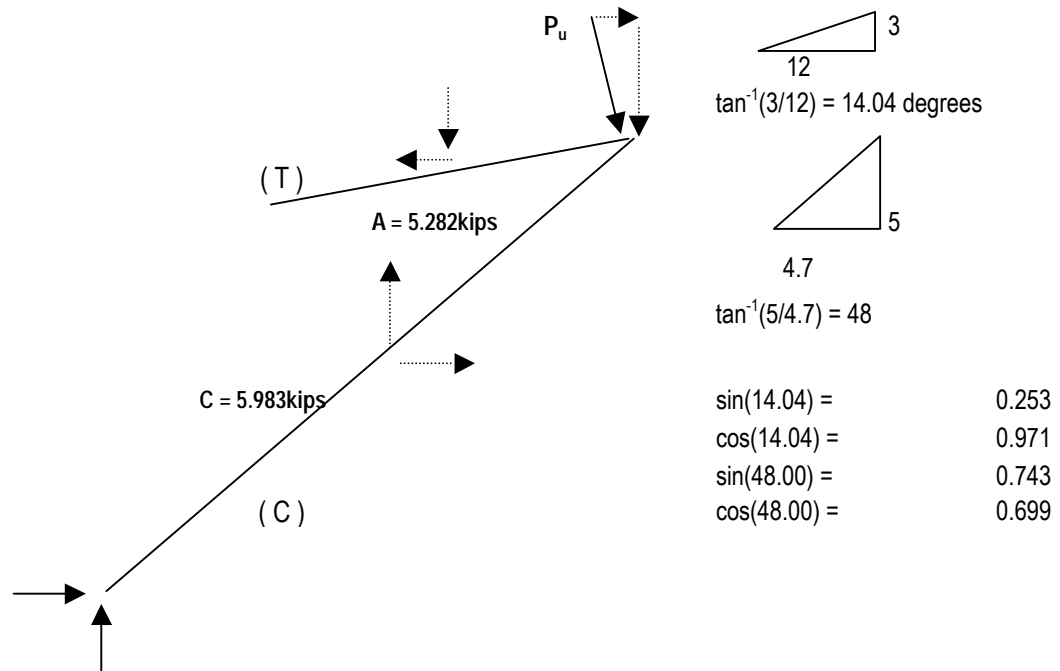
1.4D	77.0	0.077 klf	
1.2D +1.6(S +LL)	467.7	0.468 klf	*controls
1.2D +1.6(Lr)	213.0	0.213 klf	

Calc 2.0X Breezeway Area

Calculations:

The tributary width of load applied to outriggers in breezeway is 8'

$$\begin{aligned} P_u &= (w \times Tw) \\ &= \boxed{3.74} \text{ kips} \end{aligned}$$



$$\tan^{-1}(3/12) = 14.04 \text{ degrees}$$

$$\tan^{-1}(5/4.7) = 48$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sin(14.04) &= 0.253 \\ \cos(14.04) &= 0.971 \\ \sin(48.00) &= 0.743 \\ \cos(48.00) &= 0.699 \end{aligned}$$

$$\sum F_x = 0 = P_x + C_x - A_x$$

$$\sum F_y = 0 = C_y - A_y - P_y$$

$$\begin{aligned} P_x &= (P_u) (\sin 14.04) = \boxed{0.947} \text{ kips} \\ P_y &= (P_u) (\cos 14.04) = \boxed{3.633} \text{ kips} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} A_x &= (A) (\cos 14.04) = \boxed{5.129} \text{ kips} \\ A_y &= (A) (\sin 14.04) = \boxed{1.336} \text{ kips} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} C_x &= (C) (\cos 48.00) = \boxed{4.182} \text{ kips} \\ C_y &= (C) (\sin 48.00) = \boxed{4.445} \text{ kips} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sum F_x = 0 &= [(P_u) (\sin 14.04)] + [(C) (\cos 51.34)] - [(A) (\cos 14.04)] \\ C &= \frac{[-0.947] + [(A) (\cos 14.04)]}{\cos (48.00)} \\ C &= \boxed{5.983} \text{ kips} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sum F_y = 0 &= [(C) (\sin 48.00)] - [(A) (\sin 14.04)] - [(P_u) (\cos 14.04)] \\ &= [((-0.947) + [(A) (\cos 14.04)/0.625] 0.743] - [(A) 0.253] - [3.633] \end{aligned}$$

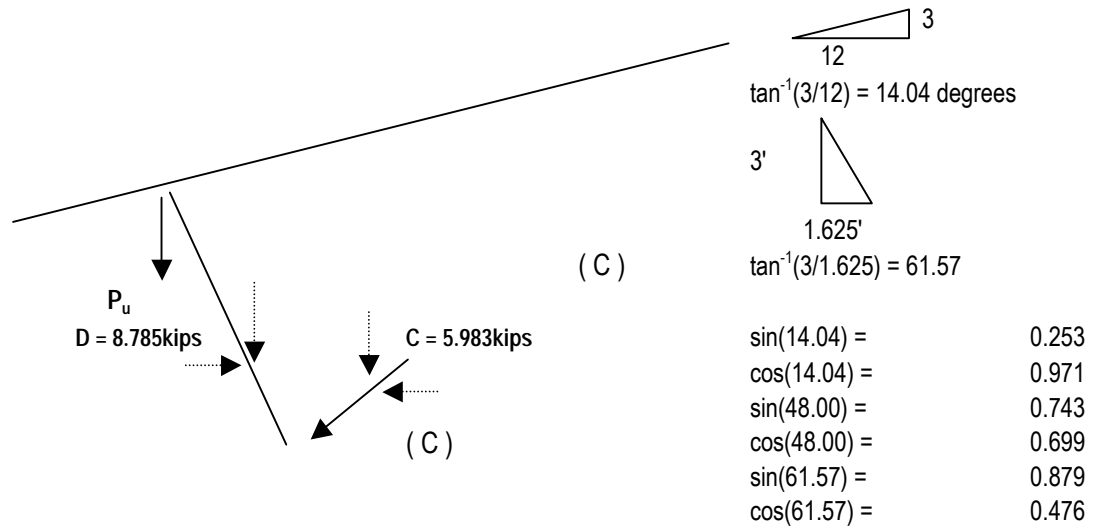
Calc 2.0X Breezeway Area

$$\begin{aligned}
 0 &= [(-0.947 / 0.625) + (A)(0.971)/0.625)(0.743)] - A(0.253) - 3.633 \\
 0 &= [(-1.5152 + A1.5536)0.743] - 3.633 - A(0.253) \\
 0 &= [-1.126 + A1.154 - 3.633 - A0.253] \\
 A &= \boxed{5.282} \text{ kips}
 \end{aligned}$$

For the Outriggers in the Breezeway Space:

The tributary width of load applied to outriggers in breezeway is 8'

$$\begin{aligned}
 P_u &= \text{Weight of Outrigger} \\
 &= \boxed{0.15} \text{ kips}
 \end{aligned}$$



From previous calculations above:

$$\begin{aligned}
 C_x &= (C) (\cos 48.00) = \boxed{4.182} \text{ kips} \\
 C_y &= (C) (\sin 48.00) = \boxed{4.445} \text{ kips} \\
 D_x &= C_x = (D) (\cos 14.04) = \boxed{4.182} \text{ kips} \\
 D &= C_x / (\cos 61.57) = \boxed{8.785} \text{ kips} \\
 D_y &= (D) (\sin 14.04) = \boxed{7.722} \text{ kips}
 \end{aligned}$$

Calc 2.0X Breezeway Area

	DWG / Detail	Completed By	Revised By	DCN #	
Calc 2.08	Weld Joints	Terentiuk	Glantz, Owens	S-51	

Conclusions: A 2" Long 1/8" weld of E70 has a weld strength of 8.35 kips. This weld applies to wedge and plate attached to hinge of piano.

Assumptions:

_Loads					
_Area		8'-1" x 24'-0"		192 ft ²	
_Item		_psf	_lbs	_factored value	_factored
PV Load BZWY	LL	4.6	883.20	1.60	1413.12
EV Tubes	LL	3.49	670.48	1.60	1072.76
STL BWY Frame	DL	7.58	1454.82	1.20	1745.78
4 5/8" SIPs PUR BZWY	DL	3.75	720.00	1.20	864.00
_Total Factored Dead					5095.66

1.2D+1.6L 5095.7 5.096 kips *controls

- 1 Pin is designed to resist shear of self weight of breezeway roof during transportation
- 2 Breezeway roof rest in a vertical position, hanging from Piano hinge during the transportation
- 3 Breezeway roof will also be shimmed into place during transportation.
- 4 Shear would occur between hinge pieces; pin designed to resist this load.
- 5 Piano hinge is designed with 1' long pieces to accept pin along the 24' length.

Calculations: For a 2" long 1/8" E70 weld

Weld Strength: $\phi R_n = \phi F_w \cdot A_w$

$$\begin{aligned}
 L_w &= 2 \text{ "} \\
 t_w &= 0.125 \text{ "} \\
 F_{Exx} &= 70 \text{ ksi} \\
 \Theta &= 90^\circ \\
 F_w &= 0.6 \cdot F_{Exx} \cdot (1.0 + 0.5 \cdot \sin^{1.5} \Theta) \\
 &= 63 \text{ ksi} \\
 A_w &= 0.707 \cdot L_w \cdot t_w \\
 &= 0.1768 \text{ in}^2
 \end{aligned}$$

Calc 2.0X Breezeway Area

$$\begin{aligned}\phi &= 0.75 \\ \phi R_n &= \phi F_w A_w \\ &= 8.35 \text{ kips} \\ \phi R_n &= 8.35 \text{ kips} > 5.10 \text{ kips}\end{aligned}$$

Results: A E70 weld of at least 2" long and 1/8" thick is required.

Calc 2.0X Breezeway Area

	DWG / Detail	Completed By	Revised By	DCN #	
Calc 2.09	Outrigger, Buckling	Williams, Gimbert	Glantz, Owens	S-48	Reference Calc 2.07

Conclusions: USE an 1.36" pipe of length 7.44" for diagonal bracing / outriggers on the home; use a 1.24" diameter of solid A36 bar of length 6.28' for later design of diagonal bracing / outriggers; The Outrigger RODs will be a 1 3/8" diameter solid ROD.

Calculations:

$$P_u = 3.1 \text{ kips}$$

$$P_n = \phi_t(0.75F_u)A_g$$

$$\phi_t P_n > P_u$$

$$F_u = 58 \text{ ksi}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Require } A_g &= P_u / \phi_t(0.75F_u) \\ &= 0.095019157 \text{ in}^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{From } A_g = \pi d^2 / 4$$

$$d = 0.345 \text{ in}$$

Minimum diameter should be 5/8" = 0.625"

Check critical buckling load of the outrigger ROD design:

$$P_{cr} = \frac{\pi^2 E I}{L^2}$$

OR

$$\sigma_{cr} = \frac{\pi^2 E}{(L/r)^2}$$

From Calc 2.07; a load of 6.2 kips is distributed to the outriggers based on a 8' tributary width. With two outriggers taking this load at the point of analysis, we can assume that 3.1 kips is distributed to each outrigger.

Assess critical buckling load, If the following exists:

$$1 \quad P_{cr} = \frac{\pi^2 E I}{L^2} = 3.10 \text{ kips}$$

$$\text{then; } I = \frac{A r^4}{4}$$

where $A = \pi R^2$ and $r = R/2$

r = radius of gyration for a bar is $d/4$ or $R/2$

Calc 2.0X Breezeway Area

$$P_{cr} = \frac{\pi^2 E I}{L^2}$$

$$P_{cr} = \frac{\pi^2 E (\pi R^2 (R/2)^2)}{L^3}$$

$$P_{cr} = \frac{E \pi^3 (R^4/4)}{L^3}$$

Pcr 3.000 kips

C / 2 Rod in BZWY

E 29000 ksi

L 7.44 ft

Length of Rod

89.28 in

π^3 31.0063

$$R^4 = \frac{4 P_{cr} L^2}{E \pi^3}$$

$$= 0.106$$

$$R = 0.571 "$$

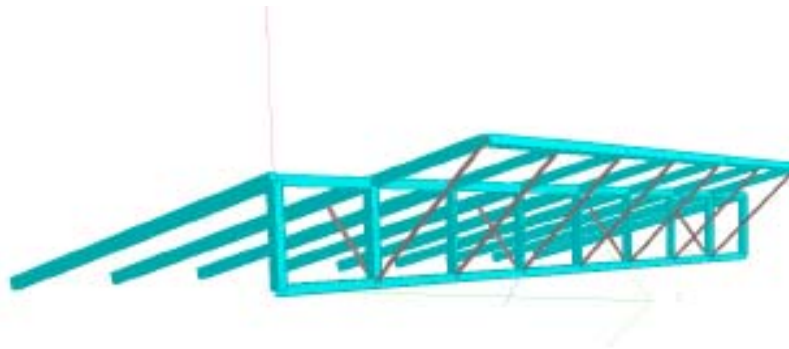
So, where $f = 0.85$;

Diameter of bar can be at least $2R/0.85 =$

1.34 in

Ok

2 Try Rod length at 6.28" with new orientation (see image below):



$$P_{cr} = \frac{E \pi^3 (R^4/4)}{L^3}$$

Pcr 3 kips

E 29000 ksi

L 6.28 ft

75.36 in

π^3 31.0063

$$R^4 = \frac{4 P_{cr} L^2}{E \pi^3}$$

$$= 0.0757906$$

$$R = 0.529 "$$

Calc 2.0X Breezeway Area

So where $f = 0.85$ is the safety factor;
Diameter of bar can be at least $2R/0.85 =$

in

Ok

Check strength:

f_c	0.85	Design safety factor
f_y	36 ksi	A36 Steel
d	1.34 in	
$A =$	$\pi d^2 / 4$	in^2
	1.417	in^2
$F_y =$	<input type="text" value="43.4"/>	43.4 kips
		$\gg 3.1$ kips

Ok

Results: USE a 1 3/8" diameter Rod for the design of the outriggers in the breezeway.
Configuration remains as first design.

Calc 2.0X Breezeway Area

	DWG / Detail	Completed By	Revised By	DCN #	
Calc 2.10	Clevis and Pin Size	Williams, Gimbert	Glantz, Owens	S-51	Reference Calc 2.07
<i>Conclusions: USE a no. 3 clevis to support a 3.1 kips load and accept a 1 3/8" rod diameter and a 1 3/8" diameter pin. Tapping as specified by manufacturer.</i>					

Assumptions:

Loads

The Clevis Pin must resist a max V_n : (Reference Calc. 2.07)

$$V_n = 3.1 \text{ kips} / 2 = 1.55 \text{ kips.}$$

The pin must resist a max M_n :

$$M_n = 3.1 \text{ kips} * (\text{grip length } (3/8" + 1/16" + 1/16" / 2))$$

$$M_n = 3.1 \text{ kips} * (0.5")$$

$$M_n = 1.55 \text{ kip-in}$$

1 Clevis Pin is checked to resist axial load in the threaded rod of the clevis.

2 Check Clevis Pin Selection where $\varnothing = 1 \frac{3}{4}"$ max

Calculations:

It is suggested by manufacture to use a stainless steel pin with a diameter at least the same size as the rod. Try a $\varnothing = 1 \frac{3}{8}"$ pin size:

Check Shear:

$$\begin{aligned}
 F_y &= 36 && \text{ksi} \\
 F_u &= 58 && \text{ksi} \\
 F_n &= 0.4 F_u \\
 &= 23.2 \\
 r &= 0.6875 \\
 A_b &= \pi * r^2 \\
 &= 1.484140625 \text{ in}^2 \\
 \varnothing &= 0.75 \\
 \varnothing R_n &= \varnothing F_n A_b \\
 &= 25.82 && \text{kips} \\
 \varnothing R_n &= 25.82 \text{ kips} > 1.55 \text{ kips}
 \end{aligned}$$

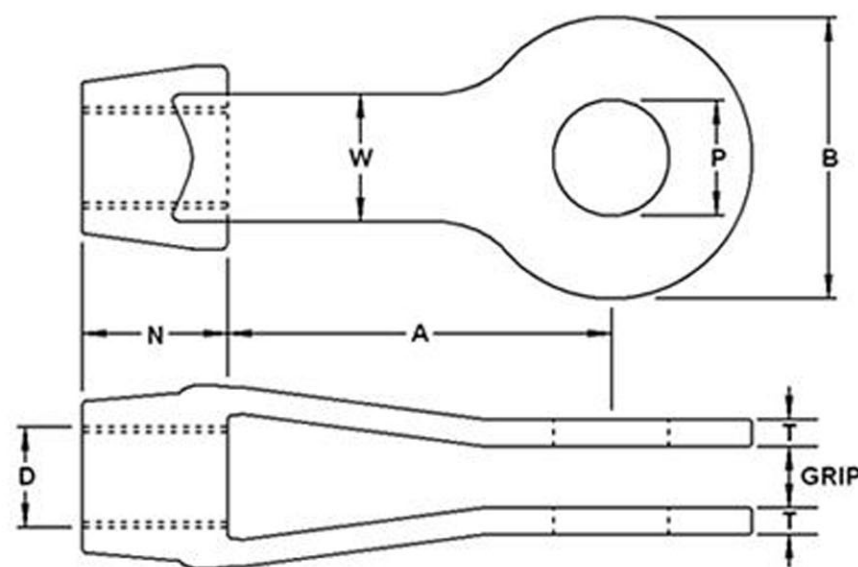
Check Moment:

$$\begin{aligned}
 F_y &= 36 && \text{ksi} \\
 F_u &= 58 && \text{ksi} \\
 F_n &= F_y
 \end{aligned}$$

Calc 2.0X Breezeway Area

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= 23.2 \\
 r &= 0.6875 \\
 A_b &= \pi * r^2 \\
 &= 1.484140625 \text{ in}^2 \\
 \phi &= 0.9 \quad \text{safety factor} \\
 d &= 0.25 \text{ in} \\
 \\
 \phi M_n &= \phi * F_y * A * d \\
 &= 12.02 \text{ kip-in} \\
 M_n > M_u &= 12.02 \text{ kip-in} > 1.55 \text{ kip-in}
 \end{aligned}$$

Clevises



Clevis Number	Dimensions in Inches							Weight Pounds With Pin	Safe Working Load, Kips
	Max, D	Max, P	B	N	A	W	T		
2	5/8	3/4	1-7/16	5/8	3-7/8	1-1/16	5/16 (+1/32 -0)	1.5	7.0
2 1/2	7/8	1-1/2	2-1/2	1-1/8	4	1-1/4	5/16 (+1/32 -0)	2.5	7.5
3	1-3/8	1-3/4	3	1-5/16	5	1-1/2	1/2 (+1/32 -0)	5.0	15
3 1/2	1-1/2	2	3-1/2	1-5/8	6	1-3/4	1/2 (+1/32 -0)	8.0	18
4	1-3/4	2-1/4	4	1-3/4	6	2	1/2 (+1/32 -0)	11.0	21
5	2	2-1/2	5	2-1/4	7	2-1/2	1/2 (+1/16 -0)	21.0	37.5
6	2-1/2	3	6	2-3/4	8	3	3/4 (+3/32 -0)	32.0	54
7	3	3-3/4	7	3	9	3-1/2	7/8 (+1/8 -0)	53.0	68.5
8	4	4	8	4	10	4	1-1/2 (+1/8 -0)	80.0	135

Clevis Numbers for Various Rods and Pins

Diameter of Tap Inches	Diameter of Pin in Inches															
	5/8	3/4	7/8	1	1 1/4	1 1/2	1 3/4	2	2 1/4	2 1/2	2 3/4	3	3 1/4	3 1/2	3 3/4	4
5/8	2	2	2 1/2	2 1/2	2 1/2	2 1/2										
3/4		2 1/2	2 1/2	2 1/2	2 1/2	2 1/2										
7/8			2 1/2	2 1/2	2 1/2	2 1/2										
1				3	3	3	3									
1 1/4				3	3	3	3	3 1/2								
1 3/8				3	3	3	3 1/2	3 1/2	4							
1 1/2				3 1/2	3 1/2	3 1/2	4	4	5							
1 3/4					4	4	5	5	5	5						
2						5	5	5	5	5	6	6				
2 1/4								6	6	6	6	6	7	7		
2 1/2								6	6	6	7	7	7	7	7	
2 3/4										7	7	7	7	8	8	
3										7	8	8	8	8	8	8
3 1/4											8	8	8	8	8	8
3 1/2											8	8	8	8	8	8
3 3/4											8	8	8	8	8	8
4											8	8	8	8	8	8

Calc 2.0X Breezeway Area

	DWG / Detail	Completed By	Revised By	DCN #	
Calc 2.11	SIP bearing Block length	Gimbet,	Glantz, Owens		

The bearing block on the South Wall which holds the LS Roof SIPs will be made from two (2) 2 x 4 beveled lumber ($1.5" + 1.5" = 3"$ of width). The block is beveled at the angle of the roof (14 degrees) so the bearing length of this block is 3.09"

Conclusions: The bearing block on the South Wall can be shorten to 3" in width, with an angled bearing length of 3.09"

Assumptions:

_Loads

_Trib Width 4.00 ft (TW of one panel)

_Item _psf _plf _factored value _factored

Snow Load	SL	35	140.00	1.60	224.00
PV Load LVG	DL	4.6	18.40	1.20	22.08
6 5/8" SIPs PUR LVG	DL	4.15	16.60	1.20	19.92
Insulation (poured)	DL	5	20.00	1.20	24.00
Skylight	DL	15	60.00	1.20	72.00
_Total Factored Dead					138.00
_Total Factored Live					224.00

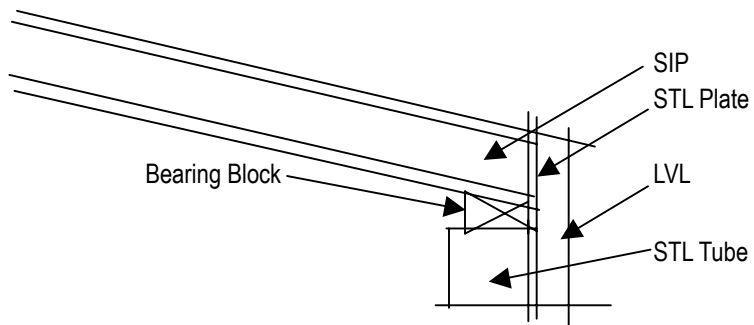
See Summary of Load inputs from STAAD data in Appendix 4.03

_Load Combinations

1.4D 161.0 0.161 klf
 1.2D +1.6(S +LL) 362.0 0.362 klf *controls

1. The bearing of the LS Roof SIPs is taken by a wooden bearing block at the South Wall.

** 2. The SIP roof panels is assumed to act like a 4' wide beam, bearing on the South Wall.



Calc 2.0X Breezeway Area

Calculations:

$$\begin{aligned}
 ** W_u &= 0.36 \text{ klf} \\
 V_u &= (W_u \times L) / 2 \\
 \text{where } L &= 12.77' \\
 V_u &= \boxed{2.31} \text{ kips}
 \end{aligned}$$

Length of Roof SIP

Check Shear of Panel:

$$\begin{aligned}
 \phi V_n &= \phi * F_y * t_w * N \\
 F_y &= 22 \text{ psi, shear strength of panel} \\
 t_w &= 48 \text{ in., width of one panel} \\
 h &= 6.625 \text{ in., bearing length} \\
 \phi &= 1.0 \text{ safety factor}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \phi V_n &= \boxed{6996.00} \text{ lbs} \\
 &= 7.00 \text{ kips} > 2.31 \quad \text{Ok}
 \end{aligned}$$

Check Bearing of Wooden Block:

$$\begin{aligned}
 \phi R_n &= \phi * F_y * t_w * N \\
 Z_{per} &= 425 \text{ psi, crushing wood per to grain} \\
 t_w &= 48 \text{ in., width of one panel} \\
 N &= 3.09 \text{ in., bearing length} \\
 \phi &= 1.0 \text{ safety factor}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \tan(14) &= \frac{x}{3} \\
 x &= 0.747 \text{ "}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 N &= \text{Sq. Rt. } ((0.747^2) + (3^2)) \\
 &= 3.09 \text{ "}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \phi R_n &= \boxed{63036.00} \text{ lbs} \\
 &= 63.04 \text{ kips} > 2.31 \quad \text{Ok}
 \end{aligned}$$

Results:

$$\begin{aligned}
 \phi R_n &> R_u \\
 63.04 &> 2.31 \text{ kips} \quad \text{OK}
 \end{aligned}$$

Results:

$$\begin{aligned}
 \phi V_n &> V_u \\
 7.00 &> 2.31 \text{ kips} \quad \text{OK}
 \end{aligned}$$

The bearing block on the South Wall can be shorten to 3" in width, with an angled bearing length of 3.09"



Calcs 3.0X

Calculations Associated with Living Space

Calc 3.0X Living Space Area

	DWG / Detail	Completed By	Revised By	DCN #	
Calc 3.01	STL	Milnichik	Glantz, Owens	S-10	Ref. Appendix 4.01

Conclusions: USE HSS 5/16" x 4"x 4" FOR STL HEADER ON SOUTHERN WALL [ok]; See Appendix # for STAAD results.

Assumptions:

_Loads

_TW

6.5 ft

_Item

_psf

_plf

_lbs

Snow Load	SL	35	227.50	
PV Load BZWY	LL	4.6	10.16	
Exterior Rack	LL	4.6	42.50	340
6 5/8" SIP PUR LVG	DL	4.15	27.67	
Skylight	DL			5
STL Self Wt	DL		12.20	

1 End of SIP acts as a point load to STI header above.

2 2 x 8 bearing plate ripped to match a 6 5/8" SIP width was not considered to add to strength. All deflection resisted by STL tube header.

3 All moving loads were considered to be live loads.

4 Deflection is limited to 1/4" or L/1152 over 24' span

Results: A HSS 1/4" x 4" x 4" will be sufficient as a header member on Southern Wall; for safety during transportation and for consistency, USE a HSS 5/16" x 4" x 4"

$$\Delta = 0.1374" \sim 1/8" < 1/4"$$

Calc 3.0X Living Space Area

	DWG / Detail	Completed By	Revised By	DCN #	
Calc 3.02	Weld Joints,	Benoit	Glantz, Owens	S-50,52,53	Reference Appendix 3.01

Conclusions: USE a weld of 3/16" in thickness over 4" in length. This weld configuration can be used for connecting the STL header together at SE and SW corners and for attaching the STL header to the base of the Truss.

Assumptions:

The minimum weld size for a [4" x 4" x 5/16"] is 3/16"

Maximum $t_w = t_p - 1/16$

$$t_p = 0.3125 \text{ in}$$

$$t_w = 0.25 \text{ in}$$

Minimum length of $l_w \geq 4t_w$

$$l_w = 1 \text{ in}$$

Calculations:

1 Try a Weld Size of 5/16":

For weld of thickness 5/16" and 4" in length:

$$F_y = 36 \text{ ksi}$$

$$F_u = 58 \text{ ksi}$$

$$F_n = 0.6 F_u$$

$$= 34.8$$

$$A_{nw} = t \times l_w$$

$$= 1.25 \text{ in}^2$$

$$\phi = 0.75$$

$$\phi R_n = \phi F_n A_{nw}$$

$$= 32.63 \text{ kips}$$

2 For weld of thickness 3/16" and 4" in length:

$$F_y = 36 \text{ ksi}$$

$$F_u = 58 \text{ ksi}$$

$$F_n = 0.6 F_u$$

$$= 34.8$$

$$A_{nw} = t \times l_w$$

$$= 0.75 \text{ in}^2$$

$$\phi = 0.75$$

$$\phi R_n = \phi F_n A_{nw}$$

$$= 19.58 \text{ kips}$$

>>10 kips of brake load

See Appendix 3.01

Calc 3.0X Living Space Area

	DWG / Detail	Completed By	Revised By	DCN #	
Calc 3.03	SIP Framing, LS	Grossenbacher	Glantz, Owens	S-35	Ref. App 4.06

Conclusions: According to MURUS SIP Company, Use double 2 x 6 for internal support of Living Space SIPs.

Assumptions:

_Loads

_TW 4.00 ft

_Item _psf _plf _factored value _factored

Snow Load	SL	35	140.00	1.00	140.00
PV Load LVG	DL	4.6	18.40	1.00	18.40
6 5/8" SIPs FOR LVG	DL	4.15	16.60	1.00	16.60
Insulation (poured)	DL	5	20.00	1.00	20.00
Occupancy	Lr	20	0.00	1.00	0.00
_Total Dead					55.00
_Total Live					140.00

D +LL plf klf
195.0 0.195

$$M_u = \frac{(w * L^2)}{8} = 4442.34 \text{ ft-lbs}$$

$$V_u = \frac{(w * L)}{2 * 2} = 658.125 \text{ flbs}$$

- 1 Assume SIP acts as only dead weight to the framing members.
- 2 ASD wood design, no factored loads
- 3 Assume roof rafters frame 4'-0" o.c.
- 4 Assume $A_T = 4' \times 13.5' = 54 \text{ ft}^2$
- 5 Assume double member framing

Calculations:

1 Try four 2x6 NO. 1 Spruce-Pine-Fir, $C_L = 1.0$, $C_M = 1.0$, $C_T = 1.0$

$$A = 33.0 \text{ in}^2$$

$$F_b = 875 \text{ psi}$$

$$C_D = 1.15$$

$$C_F = 1.3$$

$$F'_b = C_F * C_D * F_b = 1308.13 \text{ psi}$$

$$F'_b = \frac{M_u}{S}$$

So;

Calc 3.0X Living Space Area

$$\begin{aligned}
 S_{\text{req'd}} &= 40.75 \text{ in}^3 \\
 S_{\text{available}} &= bd^2 / 6 \\
 &= (1.5)(5.5)^2 / 6 \\
 &= 7.56 \text{ in}^3 < 41 \text{ in}^3 \quad \text{NO GOOD}
 \end{aligned}$$

NEED six (6) 2 x 6 for internal framing does not work for design; no good

Try 2 x 10 LVL Grade 1.6E Lumber

$$\begin{aligned}
 A &= 13.1 \text{ in}^2 \\
 F_b &= 2600 \text{ psi} \\
 d &= 6 \text{ inch} \\
 F'_b &= F_b * [12/d]^{0.136} \\
 &= 2857.14 \text{ psi} \\
 fb &= \frac{M_U}{S} < 2857.14 \\
 \text{So;} \\
 S_{\text{req'd}} &= 18.66 \text{ in}^3 \\
 \text{For LVL 2 x 10, S} &= bd^2 / 6 \\
 &= (1.75)(7.5)^2 / 6 \\
 &= 26.32 > 18.66 \quad \text{Ok}
 \end{aligned}$$

USE (1) 2 x 10 LVL grade 1.6E Lumber for internal framing

MURUS response to this design Question:

"6 5/8 inch thick PUR panels work with 2 x 6 reinforcement. The program indicated a live load deflection of L/441 and a total load deflection of L/273." Murus has accounted for the interaction of framing with SIPs, adding to the overall structural stability of the system.

Calc 3.0X Living Space Area

	DWG / Detail	Completed By	Revised By	DCN #	
Calc 3.04	SIP Framing, LS	Grossenbacher	Glantz, Owens	S-35	Ref. App 4.06

Conclusions: According to MURUS SIP Company, Use double 2 x 6 for internal support of Living Space SIPs. The following letter details the structural computer assessment from the Murus company with approval from their own Structural PE.

Letter of Transmittal

To: Engineering Projects Inc.

Date: June 19, 2007

1903 East College Avenue

Attention: Brennan Glantz, PE

State College, PA 16801

Re: PSU - Solar Decathlon

We are sending you:

- ☐ Attached ☐ Prints ☐ Panel Layout ☐ Preliminary Plans
☐ Design Plans ☐ Final Design Plans ☐ Final Drawings ☐ Pre-Cut Drawings
☐ Change Order ☐ Samples ☒ Other: Stamped Roof Panel Span Calculations

Copies	Date	No	Revision	Description
4	5/31/07	Page 1 of 1	NA	Roof Panel Span Calculations

THESE ARE TRANSMITTED AS CHECKED BELOW:

- ☐ For Approval ☐ Approved as Submitted ☐ Resubmit ☐ Copies for Approval
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☐ Prints returned after loan to us ☐ Other: _____

Remarks: These are stamped panel span calculations from our P.E. Please let me know if you need anything else.

Copy To: File

Signed: Joshua Sherman

JAMES R. FRANDSEN P.E.
Licensed Professional Engineer

P.O. Box 426 • 3310 Route 352 • Big Flats • New York 14814
Phone: (607) 562-3560 • Fax: (607) 562-8105

Roof Panel Span Calculations

May 31, 2007

The following is input and output from the computer program used to calculate deflection and stresses in Murus structural insulating panels. The headings (Living Space, Breezeway, and Mechanical Core) correspond to the area on the Penn State – Solar Decathlon architectural drawings that the analyzed roof is covering.

Living Space:

Input - Panel: 6 5/8" OSB/OSB PUR with (2) 2X splines
Loading: simple span; 3:12 slope; 12ft horizontal span; 15psf DL;
30psf SL

Results - Total load deflection over span = 1/261
Live load deflection over span = 1/391
Normal stress in OSB skins = $\pm 213\text{psi}$ < 780psi allowable
Shear stress in core = 1.8psi < 6psi allowable

Breezeway:

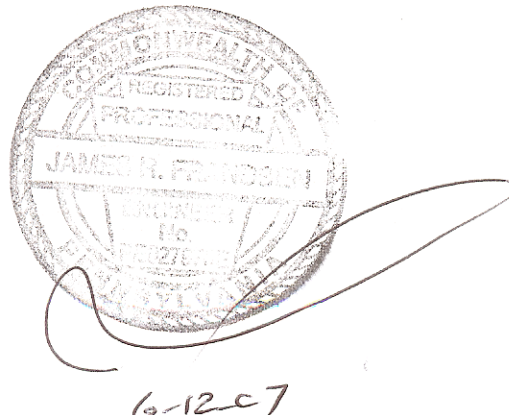
Input - Panel: 4 5/8" OSB/OSB PUR with (2) 2X splines
Loading: overhang; 2:12 slope; 4ft horizontal span; 3ft-9in horizontal
overhang; 15psf DL; 30psf SL

Results - Total load deflection over span = 1/268
Live load deflection over span = 1/402
Normal stress in OSB skins = $\pm 173\text{psi}$ < 780psi allowable
Shear stress in core = 0.9psi < 6psi allowable

Mechanical Core:

Input - Panel: 6 5/8" OSB/OSB PUR with single 2X splines
Loading: simple span; 0:12 slope; 7ft span; 40psf DL; 35psf SL

Results - Total load deflection over span = 1/346
Live load deflection over span = 1/707
Normal stress in OSB skins = $\pm 148\text{psi}$ < 780psi allowable
Shear stress in core = 1.7psi < 6psi allowable



6-12-07

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Calcs 4.0X

Calculations Associated with Site Design

Calc 4.OX Site

Site Element Foundations		Completed By	Revised By	DCN #	
Calc 4.01	Bearing Elements	Ault, Gimbert	Glantz, Owens	C-700s	

Conclusions: All Site Enclosures and Encasements for Batteries conform to the soil pressure requirements stipulated in the Solar Decathlon Code, to bear less than 1500psf.

Assumptions:

- As stated in Solar Decathlon Code, IBC, make sure the foundations, water tanks, and all other site components comply with section 3.8 " Impact on the Turf "
Section 3.8 states: Low-impact footings and tie-downs must be used to support structures on the grass portion of the National Mall. Teams will not be permitted to build or place floors directly on the grass. Teams will be required to support all water tanks to minimize damage to the National Mall turf.
- Soil: 1500-psf (71.8-kPa) load-bearing pressure on top of the soil

Summary:

_Unit	_lbs (enclosed + equipment)	_lbs (enclosure)	_Bearing Area (in ²)	_psf on soil (< 1500psf)
E1		2070	421.25	707.6
E2		2388	449	769.7
M1		1800	369.5	701.5
M2		925	296	450
M3		2226	409.5	782.8
M4		1138	264	620
C1		1113	248	646
C2		793	224	509.8
C3		2300	390	850
C4		496	146.5	487.5
C5 (over East Wastewater Tank also)		4600	1086	609.9
C6		1793	422	611.8
C7		351	136	371.7
C8		1091	258	609
C9		2672	703	547.3
C10		3155	831	546.7
Car-Home Kiosk	1000	2100	1248	357.7
AC Battery Bank Enclosure (2 total)	5432 (each)	2284	969.01	1146.63
West Wastewater Tank and Pump Enclosure	0	2090	612	491.7
West Wastewater Tank and Pump	2175	0	585.75	534.69
DC Battery Bank Enclosure	500	1104	380.25	607.4
Supply Water Tank Enclosure	0	3060	1365	322

Calc 4.OX Site

Calculations: _For the General Plant Boxes, E1:

soil & plant wtg	1770	lbs
s.w.e wtg	300	lbs
TOTAL	2070	lbs

If soil bearing capacity is 1500psf, then the required bearing area is:

Solar D Area Req'd	(MAX Load) /1500psf	=	1.38	ft ²
			198.72	in ²
Bearing Area of Enclosure (including 2x, 4x)		=	421.25	in ²
CHECK Bearing Area > Required Area		=	421.25 > 198.72	OK

_For the General Plant Boxes, E2:

soil & plant wtg	1980	lbs
s.w.e wtg	400	lbs
TOTAL	2380	lbs

If soil bearing capacity is 1500psf, then the required bearing area is:

Solar D Area Req'd	(MAX Load) /1500psf	=	1.59	ft ²
			228.48	in ²
Bearing Area of Enclosure (including 2x, 4x)		=	449	in ²
CHECK Bearing Area > Required Area		=	449 > 228.48	OK

_For the General Plant Boxes, M1:

soil & plant wtg	1500	lbs
s.w.e wtg	300	lbs
TOTAL	1800	lbs

If soil bearing capacity is 1500psf, then the required bearing area is:

Solar D Area Req'd	(MAX Load) /1500psf	=	1.20	ft ²
			172.80	in ²
Bearing Area of Enclosure (including 2x, 4x)		=	369.5	in ²
CHECK Bearing Area > Required Area		=	369.5 > 172.80	OK

_For the General Plant Boxes, M2:

soil & plant wtg	725	lbs
s.w.e wtg	200	lbs
TOTAL	925	lbs

If soil bearing capacity is 1500psf, then the required bearing area is:

Solar D Area Req'd	(MAX Load) /1500psf	=	0.62	ft ²
			88.80	in ²
Bearing Area of Enclosure (including 2x, 4x)		=	296	in ²
CHECK Bearing Area > Required Area		=	296 > 88.80	OK

_For the General Plant Boxes, M3:

Calc 4.OX Site

soil & plant wtg	1826	lbs
s.w.e wtg	400	lbs
TOTAL	2226	lbs

If soil bearing capacity is 1500psf, then the required bearing area is:

Solar D Area Req'd	(MAX Load) /1500psf	=	1.48	ft ²
			213.70	in ²
Bearing Area of Enclosure (including 2x, 4x)		=	409.5	in ²
CHECK Bearing Area > Required Area		=	409.5 > 213.70	OK

_For the General Plant Boxes, M4:

soil & plant wtg	888	lbs
s.w.e wtg	250	lbs
TOTAL	1138	lbs

If soil bearing capacity is 1500psf, then the required bearing area is:

Solar D Area Req'd	(MAX Load) /1500psf	=	0.76	ft ²
			109.25	in ²
Bearing Area of Enclosure (including 2x, 4x)		=	264	in ²
CHECK Bearing Area > Required Area		=	264 > 109.25	OK

_For the General Plant Boxes, C1:

soil & plant wtg	863	lbs
s.w.e wtg	250	lbs
TOTAL	1113	lbs

If soil bearing capacity is 1500psf, then the required bearing area is:

Solar D Area Req'd	(MAX Load) /1500psf	=	0.74	ft ²
			106.85	in ²
Bearing Area of Enclosure (including 2x, 4x)		=	248	in ²
CHECK Bearing Area > Required Area		=	264 > 106.85	OK

_For the General Plant Boxes, C2:

soil & plant wtg	593	lbs
s.w.e wtg	200	lbs
TOTAL	793	lbs

If soil bearing capacity is 1500psf, then the required bearing area is:

Solar D Area Req'd	(MAX Load) /1500psf	=	0.53	ft ²
			76.13	in ²
Bearing Area of Enclosure (including 2x, 4x)		=	224	in ²
CHECK Bearing Area > Required Area		=	224 > 76.13	OK

_For the Tree Planter Box, C3:

Calc 4.OX Site

soil & plant wtg	2000	lbs
s.w.e wtg	300	lbs
TOTAL	2300	lbs

If soil bearing capacity is 1500psf, then the required bearing area is:

Solar D Area Req'd	(MAX Load) /1500psf	=	1.53	ft ²
			220.80	in ²
Bearing Area of Enclosure (including 2x, 4x)		=	390	in ²
CHECK Bearing Area > Required Area		=	390 > 220.80	OK

_For the Small General Plant Box, C4:

soil & plant wtg	396	lbs
s.w.e wtg	100	lbs
TOTAL	496	lbs

If soil bearing capacity is 1500psf, then the required bearing area is:

Solar D Area Req'd	(MAX Load) /1500psf	=	0.33	ft ²
			47.62	in ²
Bearing Area of Enclosure (including 2x, 4x)		=	146.5	in ²
CHECK Bearing Area > Required Area		=	146.5 > 47.62	OK

_For the NE Waste Water Enclosure, C5:

soil & plant wtg	3900	lbs
s.w.e wtg	700	lbs
TOTAL	4600	lbs

If soil bearing capacity is 1500psf, then the required bearing area is:

Solar D Area Req'd	(MAX Load) /1500psf	=	3.07	ft ²
			441.60	in ²
Bearing Area of Enclosure (including 2x, 4x)		=	1086	in ²
CHECK Bearing Area > Required Area		=	1086 > 441.60	OK

_For the General Plant Box, C6:

soil & plant wtg	1493	lbs
s.w.e wtg	300	lbs
TOTAL	1793	lbs

If soil bearing capacity is 1500psf, then the required bearing area is:

Solar D Area Req'd	(MAX Load) /1500psf	=	1.20	ft ²
			172.13	in ²
Bearing Area of Enclosure (including 2x, 4x)		=	422	in ²
CHECK Bearing Area > Required Area		=	422 > 172.13	OK

_For the General Plant Box, C7:

soil & plant wtg	251	lbs
------------------	-----	-----

Calc 4.OX Site

s.w.e wtg	100	lbs
TOTAL	351	lbs

If soil bearing capacity is 1500psf, then the required bearing area is:

Solar D Area Req'd	(MAX Load) /1500psf	=	0.23	ft ²
			33.70	in ²
Bearing Area of Enclosure (including 2x, 4x)		=	136	in ²
CHECK Bearing Area > Required Area		=	136 > 33.70	OK

_For the General Plant Box, C8:

soil & plant wtg	891	lbs
s.w.e wtg	200	lbs
TOTAL	1091	lbs

If soil bearing capacity is 1500psf, then the required bearing area is:

Solar D Area Req'd	(MAX Load) /1500psf	=	0.73	ft ²
			104.74	in ²
Bearing Area of Enclosure (including 2x, 4x)		=	258	in ²
CHECK Bearing Area > Required Area		=	258 > 104.74	OK

_For the General Plant Box, C9:

soil & plant wtg	2172	lbs
s.w.e wtg	500	lbs
TOTAL	2672	lbs

If soil bearing capacity is 1500psf, then the required bearing area is:

Solar D Area Req'd	(MAX Load) /1500psf	=	1.78	ft ²
			256.51	in ²
Bearing Area of Enclosure (including 2x, 4x)		=	703	in ²
CHECK Bearing Area > Required Area		=	703 > 256.51	OK

_For the General Plant Box, C10:

soil & plant wtg	2155	lbs
s.w.e wtg	1000	lbs
TOTAL	3155	lbs

If soil bearing capacity is 1500psf, then the required bearing area is:

Solar D Area Req'd	(MAX Load) /1500psf	=	2.10	ft ²
			302.88	in ²
Bearing Area of Enclosure (including 2x, 4x)		=	831	in ²
CHECK Bearing Area > Required Area		=	813 > 302.88	OK

_For the Car-Home Kiosk:

soil & plant wtg	-	lbs
s.w.e wtg	2100	lbs

Calc 4.OX Site

TOTAL 2100 lbs

If soil bearing capacity is 1500psf, then the required bearing area is:

Solar D Area Req'd	(MAX Load) /1500psf	=	1.40	ft ²
			201.60	in ²
Bearing Area of Enclosure (including 2x, 4x)		=	1248	in ²
CHECK Bearing Area > Required Area		=	1248 > 201.60	OK

_For the AC Battery Enclosure:

soil & plant wtg 5432 lbs
s.w.e wtg 2284 lbs
TOTAL 7716 lbs

If soil bearing capacity is 1500psf, then the required bearing area is:

Solar D Area Req'd	(MAX Load) /1500psf	=	5.14	ft ²
			740.74	in ²
Bearing Area of Enclosure (2 x 4, steel frame to support wtg):		=	969.01	in ²
CHECK Bearing Area > Required Area		=	969.01 > 740.74	OK

_For DC Battery Bank Enclosure:

battery wtg 500 lbs
s.w.e wtg 604 lbs
TOTAL 1104 lbs

If soil bearing capacity is 1500psf, then the required bearing area is:

Solar D Area Req'd	(MAX Load) /1500psf	=	0.74	ft ²
			105.98	in ²
Bearing Area of Enclosure (including 2x, 4x)		=	380.25	in ²
CHECK Bearing Area > Required Area		=	380.25 > 105.98	OK

_For the NWest Wastewater Tank and Pump Encasement:

wtg - lbs
s.w.e wtg 2090 lbs
TOTAL 2090 lbs

If soil bearing capacity is 1500psf, then the required bearing area is:

Solar D Area Req'd	(MAX Load) /1500psf	=	1.39	ft ²
			200.64	in ²
Bearing Area of Enclosure (including 2x, 4x)		=	612	in ²
CHECK Bearing Area > Required Area		=	612 > 200.64	OK

_For the NWest Wastewater Tank and Pump, 2 x 4 frame support:

water wtg = (250gal) * (8.3lbs/gal) 2075
tank wtg 100 lbs
TOTAL 2175 lbs

Calc 4.OX Site

If soil bearing capacity is 1500psf, then the required bearing area is:

Solar D Area Req'd	(MAX Load) /1500psf	=	1.45	ft ²
			208.80	in ²
Bearing Area of Enclosure (including 2x, 4x)		=	585.75	in ²
CHECK Bearing Area > Required Area		=	585.75 > 208.80	OK

_For the Supply Water Tank Encasement:

wtg	-	lbs
s.w.e wtg	-	lbs
TOTAL	3060	lbs

If soil bearing capacity is 1500psf, then the required bearing area is:

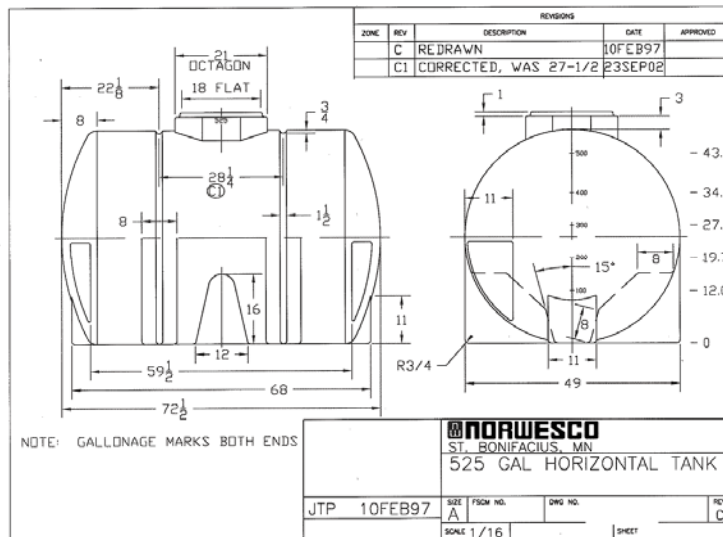
Solar D Area Req'd	(MAX Load) /1500psf	=	2.04	ft ²
			293.76	in ²
Bearing Area of Enclosure (including 2x, 4x)		=	1365	in ²
CHECK Bearing Area > Required Area		=	1365 >> 293.75	OK

_For the Supply Water Tank, self supporting within enclosure:

water wtg = (525gal) * (8.3lbs/gal)	4357.5	
tank wtg	100	lbs
TOTAL	4457.5	lbs

If soil bearing capacity is 1500psf, then the required bearing area is:

Solar D Area Req'd	(MAX Load) /1500psf	=	2.97	ft ²
			427.92	in ²
Bearing Area of Tank Feet = (8")(49")(2) + (2)(4.25")(49") =		=	1200.5	in ²
(See diagram below for bearing detail)				
CHECK Bearing Area > Required Area		=	1200.5 > 427.92	OK



Calc 4.OX Site

_For the Supply Water Tank Enclosure:

wtg	-	lbs
s.w.e wtg	-	lbs
TOTAL	3060	lbs

If soil bearing capacity is 1500psf, then the required bearing area is:

Solar D Area Req'd	(MAX Load) /1500psf	=	2.04	ft ²
			293.76	in ²
Bearing Area of Enclosure (including 2x, 4x)		=	1365	in ²
CHECK Bearing Area > Required Area		=	1365 << 293.75	OK



Appendix 1.0X

Trailer Loads and Foundation Design

App 1.0X Trailer Loads

<u>Trailer Tonage / Loads</u>	Completed By	Revised By	DCN #		
Appendix 1.01	Gimbert	Owens	N.A.		

The following section details the dead weight of home. Weights are organized by trailers. The sections are labeled as "Technical Core" [34.25 kips or 17.12 tons in service load] and "Living Space" [45.86 kips or 20.84 tons in service load]

Summary

Overall

<u>Item</u>	<u>weight</u>	
Chassis 1	10.91	kips
Chassis 2	11.05	kips
Structrual STL	4.15	kips
SIPs	6.54	kips

Trailer 1 Transport Weight	Technical Core	33.35	kips
Trailer 2 Transport Weight	Living Space	41.60	kips
Total		74.95	kips

Trailer 1 Service Weight	Technical Core	28.98	kips
Trailer 2 Service Weight	Living Space	40.35	kips
Total		69.33	kips

Abbreviations

NT = Not transported

LS = Living Space

TC = Technical Core

App 1.0X Trailer Loads

Technical Core / Breezeway Dead Weights : on Trailer 1 (12.5' x 32')

General Equipment Interior

<u>Item</u>	<u>_empty</u>	<u>_full</u>	
Grey Water Heat Recovery Unit		40.00	lbs
Energy Recovery Ventilator (w/ ducts)		58.00	lbs
AHU		120.00	lbs
Outdoor Radiator (heat dump)		70.00	lbs
Buffer Tank (chiller h2o side)		180.00	lbs
Fin-Tube Heat Dump Coil		100.00	lbs
Total		0.57	kips

Mech Room Equipment

<u>Item</u>	<u>_empty</u>	<u>_full</u>	
Solar Storage tank	412	1362.00	lbs
Hydrogen Heat Pump		220.00	lbs
Supply/ Return manifolds (rad floor)	2	8.00	lbs
Pressure tank		60.00	lbs
Heat Storage Tank	73	232.00	lbs
Heat Pump Water Heater Tank	105	356.00	lbs
Heat Pump Water Heater (wall?)		80.00	lbs
Tankless Electric Heater		80.00	lbs
Total		1.04	kips

Kitchen

<u>Item</u>	<u>_empty</u>	<u>_full</u>	
Refrigerator	400	1500.00	lbs
Water heater		100.00	lbs
Microwave		21.00	lbs
Dishwasher	50-120	100.00	lbs
Stove	100-200	200.00	lbs
Washer/Dryer	250-280	300.00	lbs
Faucet		6.00	lbs
Cabinetry - upper		100.00	lbs
Cabinetry - lower w/ countertop		100.00	lbs
Total		2.43	kips

Bathroom

<u>Item</u>	<u>_empty</u>	<u>_full</u>	
Tub/ Shower	174	674.00	lbs
Shower Fixtures		10.00	lbs
Toilet		100.00	lbs
Sink		100.00	lbs
Faucet		5.00	lbs
TP Holder		2.00	lbs
Medicine Cabinet / Mirror		15.00	lbs
Towel Bar		5.00	lbs
Total		0.91	kips

General Equipment Exterior

<u>Item</u>	<u>_empty</u>	<u>_full</u>
-------------	---------------	--------------

App 1.0X Trailer Loads

Fin-Tube Heat Collection from PV		100.00	lbs
Supply H2O Tank (500g to 600g)		~4400 to ~5500	gal
	200		lbs
Waste H2O Tank ((650g to 750g)		~4600 to ~5500	gal
	200		lbs
Total		0.30	kips

_Floor

Item		_weight	
3/8" OSB	1.2psf	345.60	lbs
3/4" Radiant tubing and grooved decking	3psf	864.00	lbs
1" x 1' x 1' Slate (w/ latex grout)	15psf	4320.00	lbs
Total		5.53	kips

_Structural Components / Walls

Item	_empty	_weight	
Interior Walls (standard 2 x)	64plf	1408.00	lbs
SIP Wall North (24') (6 5/8" PUR)	33.2lbs/ft	332.00	lbs
SIP Wall Header South (24') (6 5/8" PUR)	16.6lbs/ft	398.40	lbs
SIP Wall East (10') (6 5/8" PUR)		332.00	lbs
SIP Wall West (10') (6 5/8" PUR)		332.00	lbs
TRESPA Wall North (24')	40lbs/ft	960.00	lbs
TRESPA Wall East (10')		400.00	lbs
TRESPA Wall West (10')		400.00	lbs
1/2" GPDW Interior Wall (91')	21.25lbs/ft	1933.75	lbs
Total		6.50	lbs

_Roof

Item		_weight	
SIP Technical Space Roof (6 5/8" PUR)		796.80	lbs
NT Roof Garden (saturated)	40psf	6400.00	lbs
Total		0.80	kips

_TC / BZWY Chassis Weight 32' x 12.5'

Item	_Member	_Length (ft)	_lbs /ft	_full weight	
1	W12 x 58	32	58	1856	lbs
2	W12 x 58	32	58	1856	lbs
3	W12 x 58	32	58	1856	lbs
4	W12 x 58	32	58	1856	lbs
5	W12 x 58	12.5	58	725	lbs
6	W12 x 58	12.5	58	725	lbs
7	W10 x 17	12.5	17	212.5	lbs
8	W10 x 17	12.5	17	212.5	lbs
9	W10 x 17	12.5	17	212.5	lbs
10	W10 x 17	12.5	17	212.5	lbs
11	W10 x 17	12.5	17	212.5	lbs
12	W10 x 17	12.5	17	212.5	lbs
13	W10 x 17	12.5	17	212.5	lbs
16	Cold formed stl jst	275	2	550	lbs
Total				10.91	kips

Tech Core 18.07 kips

App 1.0X Trailer Loads

Tech Core Chasis	10.91	kins
Tech Core Total (w/ chassis)	28.98	kins
	14.49	tons

App 1.0X Trailer Loads

Living Space Dead Weights : on Trailer 2 (13' x 32')

General Mech Equipment

<u>Item</u>	<u>weight</u>	
		lbs
Total	0.00	kips

Bedroom

<u>Item</u>	<u>weight</u>	
Bed (full)	150.00	lbs
Moveable Furniture Piece	1000.00	lbs
Total	1.15	kips

Dinning / Living

<u>Item</u>	<u>weight</u>	
Couch	approx 200.00	lbs
Table	approx 100.00	lbs
Total	0.30	kips

Floor

<u>Item</u>	<u>weight</u>	
3/8" OSB decking	1.2psf 624.00	lbs
3/4" Radiant tubing and grooved decking	3psf 1248.00	lbs
1" x 1' x 1' Slate (w/ latex grout)	30psf 6240.00	lbs
Total	8.11	kips

Structural Components / Walls

<u>Item</u>	<u>full</u>	
SIP Wall South (6 5/8" PUR)	33.2lbs/ft 531.20	lbs
SIP Wall North (6 5/8" PUR)	265.60	lbs
SIP Wall East (6 5/8" PUR)	365.20	lbs
SIP Wall West (6 5/8" PUR)	365.20	lbs
SLATE Wall South (16')	59.54lbs/ft 952.64	lbs
SLATE Wall North (8')	476.32	lbs
SLATE Wall East (9')	535.86	lbs
SLATE Wall West (9')	535.86	lbs
1/2" GPDW Interior Wall Surface (42')	21.25lbs/ft 892.50	lbs
South Gutter (L8 x 8 x 1/2")	26.7/bs/ft 960.00	lbs
STL Truss (32' long)	1513.95	lbs
STL Header (58' in total length)	12.2/bs/ft 707.60	lbs
Skylight (2)	10.8lbs each 21.60	lbs
4' Window units (2)	8psf 256.00	lbs
2' Window units (2)	8psf 128.00	lbs
8' Door units (1)	8psf 512.00	lbs
Sliding Shelves (Exterior S. Wall, 4 units)	340lbs each 1360.00	lbs
Sliding Shelves (Interior S. Wall, 4 units)	649lbs each 2596.00	lbs
East /West SIP above 8'	16.6lbs/ft 431.60	lbs
Total	13.41	kips

App 1.0X Trailer Loads

_Roof

_Item			_weight	
SIP Living Space Roof			1792.80	lbs
SIP Breezeway Roof			796.80	lbs
STL Breezeway Roof			966.95	lbs
PVs BreezewayRoof		4.60psf	755.87	lbs
Evacuated Tubes Breezeway			110.00	lbs
PVs Living Space Roof		4.60psf	1909.55	lbs
Total			6.33	kips

_LS Chassis Weight 32' x 13'

_Item	_Member	_Length (ft)	_lbs /ft	_full weight	
1	W12 x 58	32	58	1856	lbs
2	W12 x 58	32	58	1856	lbs
3	W12 x 58	32	58	1856	lbs
4	W12 x 58	32	58	1856	lbs
5	W12 x 58	13	58	754	lbs
6	W12 x 58	13	58	754	lbs
5	W10 x 17	13	17	221	lbs
6	W10 x 17	13	17	221	lbs
7	W10 x 17	13	17	221	lbs
8	W10 x 17	13	17	221	lbs
9	W10 x 17	13	17	221	lbs
10	W10 x 17	13	17	221	lbs
11	W10 x 17	13	17	221	lbs
12	Cold formed stl jsts	286	2	572	lbs
Total				11.05	kips

Living Space	29.30	kips
Living Space Chasis	11.05	kips
Living Space Total (w/ chassis)	40.35	kips
	20.18	tons

App 1.0X Trailer Loads

Foundation Load	Completed By	Revised By	DCN #	
Appendix 1.02	Benoit, Gimbert,	Glantz Owens	N.A.	Ref. DWG S-101 for layout; Ref. Appendix 1.01, 3.02, 3.03

The following calculations detail the distribution of loads of the home to the foundation while on the mall. The Solar Decathlon requires a 1500psf load distribution on the mall to reduce the impact of the home on the grounds. USE 17 2' x 2' Pad piers for LS trailer. USE 16 2' x 2' Pad piers for TC trailer.

_Loads

_AREA_LS Trailer		416 ft ²		
_Item		_lbs	_kips	_factored value
Dead Weight	DL		40.35	1.40
Living Space (50psf)	LL	20800	20.80	1.20
Snow (30psf)	LL	12480	12.48	1.60
Uplift Windward	WL		8.01	0.80
Uplift Leeward	WL		1.35	0.80

1.4D	56.5 kips	
1.2D +1.6(S +LL)	101.7 kips	*controls
1.2D +1.6S + 0.8W	75.9 kips	
Unfactored	73.63 kips	

_AREA_TC Trailer		400 ft		
_Item		_lbs	_kips	_factored value
Dead Weight	DL		28.98	1.00
Tech core (50psf)	LL	12800	12.80	1.60
Breezeway (100[sf)	LL	14400	14.40	1.20
Snow (30psf)	LL	12000	12.00	1.60
Uplift Windward	WL		8.01	0.80
Uplift Leeward	WL		1.35	0.80

1.4D	17.92 kips	
1.2D +1.6(S +LL)	97.49 kips	*controls
1.2D +1.6S + 0.8W	61.46 kips	
Unfactored	56.18 kips	

Assumptions:

- 1 Assume trailer beds are designed to handle 20 ton = 40 kip load.
- 2 Soil bearing capacity is 1500psf for Solar D and referenced from IRC
- 3 Assume 100psf for corridor loading, entire house and surrounding area are treated as means of egress.
- 4 Concrete Pad load distribution design is based on ASD in accordance with IBC 1805.4.1.1

App 1.0X Trailer Loads

Calculations:

_Foundation Piers required for LS Trailer:

1 If soil bearing capacity is 1500psf, then the required bearing area is:

Solar D Area Req'd (MAX Load x 1000) /1500psf	=	67.78 ft ²
Bearing Area of a Pier Pad	=	4 ft ²
24"x 24" Area = 4ft ² No. of Piers	=	17 piers

_Check Load to each Individual Pier:

Unfactored Load	=	73.63 kips
		73632.104 lbs
IF area of LS trailer is 13' x 32', then		
Distributed Load = 0.00 Distributed Load	=	177.00 psf

Try Assigning 22 piers to the LS trailer frame:

Largest Tributary Area for a pier(4ft x 6.5ft)	=	26 ft ²
Load to Individual Pier (177psf x 26ft ²)	=	4602.01 lbs
Load placed on soil from Pier (150pcf x 2' x 2' x 0.33')	=	264 lbs
TOTAL wtg to Individual Pier	=	4866.01 lbs

Check code compliance = (TOTAL wtg / Bearing sq. ft.)	=	1216.50 psf
		< 1500psf OK

USE twenty two (22) High Concrete Incorp. 4' x 4' concrete pads to support cribbing pier.

2 _Foundation Piers required for TC Trailer:

If soil bearing capacity is 1000psf, then the required bearing area is:

Solar D Area Req'd (MAX Load x 1000) /1500psf	=	65.00 ft ²
Bearing Area of a 2' x 2' Pier Pad	=	4 ft ²
24" x 24" Area No. of Piers	=	16 piers

_Check Load to each Individual Pier:

Unfactored Load	=	56.18 kips
		56178.05 lbs
IF area of LS trailer is 13' x 32', then		
Distributed Load = 0.00 Distributed Load	=	135.04 psf

Try assigning 22 piers to the TC trailer frame:

Largest Tributary Area for a pier(4ft x 6.5ft)	=	26 ft ²
Load to Individual Pier (177psf x 26ft ²)	=	3511.13 lbs
Load placed on soil from Pier (150pcf x 2' x 2' x 0.33')	=	264 lbs
TOTAL wtg to Individual Pier	=	3775.13 lbs

Check code compliance = (TOTAL wtg / Bearing sq. ft.)	=	943.78 psf
		< 1500psf OK

3 _Check House Foundation for Uplift:

See Appendix 3.02 for Wind Analysis and Uplift Check.

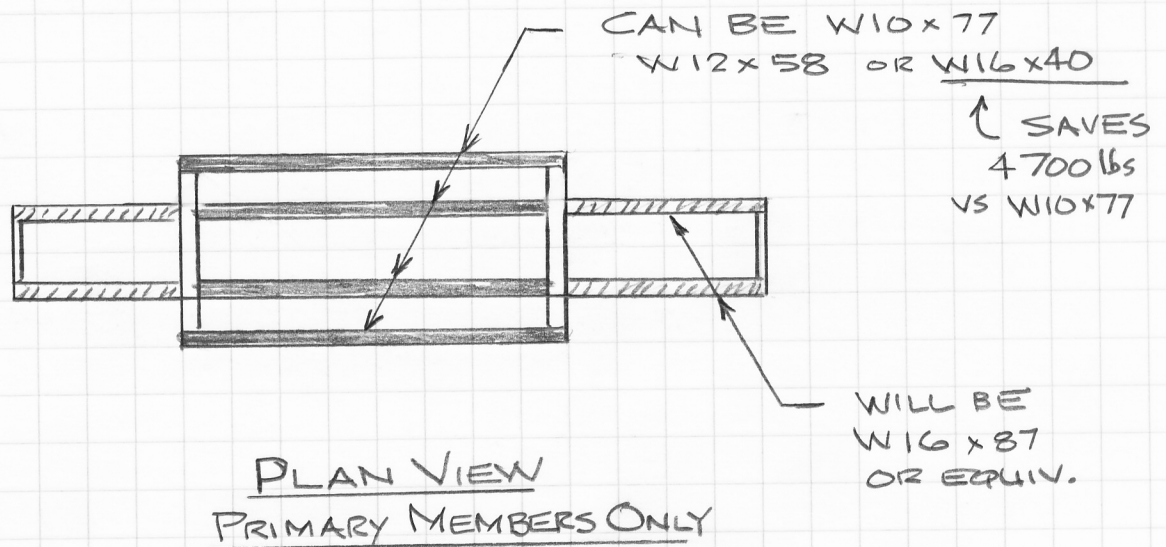
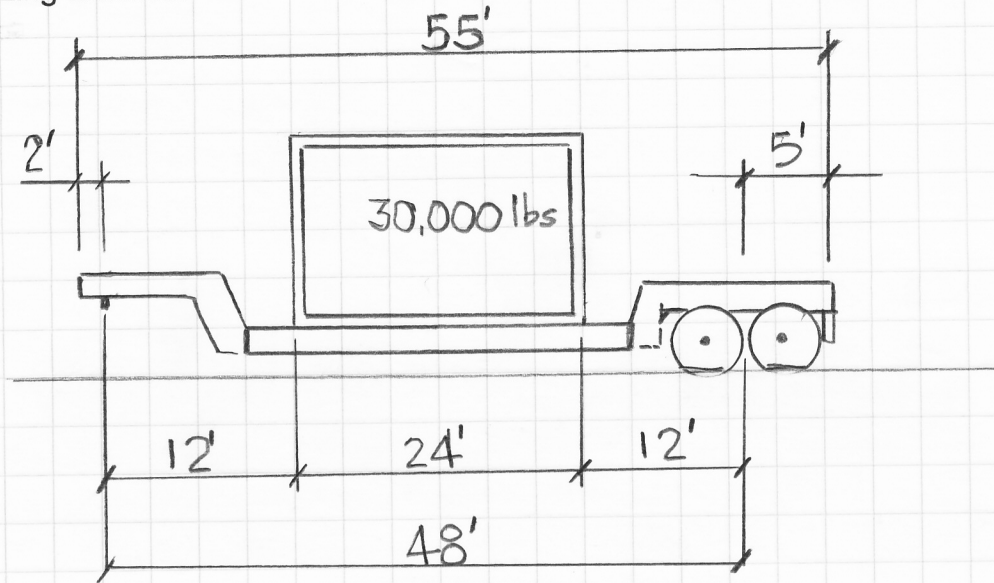
App 1.0X Trailer Loads

Trailer Design	Completed By	Revised By	DCN #	
Appendix 1.03	Schnure Trailers	Glantz	N.A.	

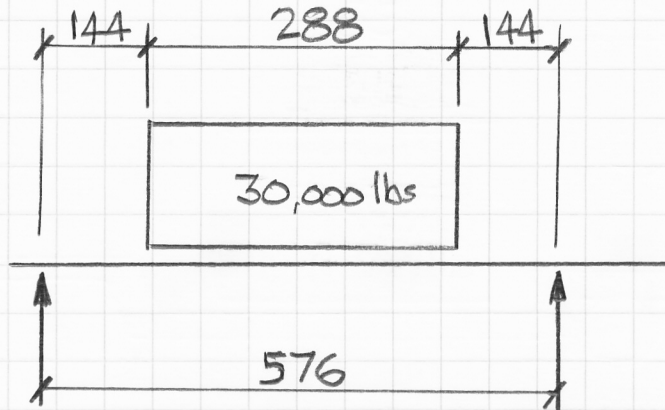
The following calculations are provided for the team by Schnure trailer company. They detail the design of two low-boy trailers. The trailers will be framed using W12 x 58 members around the exterior and W10 x 77 as internal members.

We have estimated the beam possibilities based upon your requirements for:

1. 40,000lbs (as verified with Schnure) uniform loading, 24' long, centered on a 32' bed length.
determine if there's a W10 beam that will accomplish the task
2. Use 10" beam as customer's first choice; provide alternative beam depths that might have merit
3. Staying with the specified W10 beam size, the task can be accomplished using four (4) W10X77 beams in the bed area, and two (2) W16X87 or equivalent beams for the neck and rear area.
4. If PSU can increase the deck height sufficiently to use a 16" beam, the choice of four (4) W16X40 beams in the bed area will save approximately 4700lbs in the total trailer weight, and it is approximately 14% better for reducing deflection.
5. Our beam selection is based upon 1.5" pre-camber on the bed beams, and a total deflection of 2" loaded, hence 1/2" sag under full load. To eliminate the 1/2" sag, the 10" beam would have to go to W10X112 as a minimum. The weight of bed would increase about 4500lbs.



FOR CLARITY, CROSS MEMBERS NOT SHOWN



ALL PRIMARY MEMBERS 50,000 PSI YIELD

ALLOWABLE TENSION/BENDING STRESS 30,000 PSI

PRE CAMBER BED $1\frac{1}{2}$ "

ALLOWABLE DEFLECTION 2" HENCE $1\frac{1}{2}$ " SAG UNDER LOAD

DETERMINE REQ'D SECTION MODULUS
FOR STRESS TO BE $\leq 30,000$ PSI

$$a = \frac{b}{L} = \frac{144}{576} = .25$$

$$M = \frac{1}{8} WL (1 + 2a)$$

$$M = (.125)(30,000)(576)(1 + .5)$$

$$M = 3,240,000$$

$$S = \frac{M}{Z} \quad Z = \frac{M}{S} = \frac{3,240,000}{30,000} \quad Z = 108$$

OR 27 EACH BED BEAM
54 EACH NECK
AND REAR BEAM

DETERMINE REQ'D MOMENT OF INERTIA
 FOR DEFLECTION TO BE 2" OR LESS

$$\delta = \frac{WL^3}{EI 384(1-2a)} (5 - 24a^2 + 16a^4)$$

$$2 = \frac{(30000)(576^3)}{(29000000)(I)(384)(.5)} [5 - 1.5 + .063]$$

$$\text{TOTAL } I = 1834$$

$$\text{FOUR BED BEAMS } I = 458 \text{ EACH}$$

$$\text{NECK \& REAR BEAMS } I = 917 \text{ EACH}$$

BEAM CHOICES

	BED			NECK & DECK		
	I = 458	Z = 27	WT	I = 917	Z = 54	WT
W10x77	455	85	9856			
W12x58	475	78	7424			
W12x106				933	145	5088
W16x40	518	64.7	5120			
W16x87				954	117	4176
W18x40				984	108	2880



Appendix 2.0X

Braking Loads

App 2.0X Braking Loads

Braking Loads	Completed By	Revised By	DCN #	
APPENDIX 2.01	Cynthia	Glantz	S-3	Ref. Appendix 2.01
Conclusions: <i>Breaking force on the home = 12.06 kips ~ 13kips</i>				

$$\begin{aligned}
 W_{\text{TOTAL}} &= 40.35 \text{ kips} \\
 m &= \frac{W}{g} \\
 &= \frac{40,352 \text{ lbs}}{32.3 \text{ ft/s}^2} \\
 &= \boxed{1249.29} \text{ slugs (lbs-s}^2\text{/ft)}
 \end{aligned}$$

Assumptions: Stopping distance is 337ft
Speed of Truck is at 55mph = 80.67ft/sec

$$\begin{aligned}
 t &= \frac{2d}{v} \\
 &= \frac{(2)(337)}{80.67} \\
 &= 8.36 \text{ sec}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 a &= \frac{v}{t} \\
 &= \frac{80.67}{8.36} \\
 &= 9.65 \text{ ft/s}^2 \qquad \qquad \qquad 0.30 \text{ g}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 F &= m \times a \\
 &= 12,056 \text{ lbs} \\
 &= \boxed{12.06} \text{ kips}
 \end{aligned}$$

App 2.0X Braking Loads

Braking Force Mass Distr.	Completed By	Revised By	DCN #	
APPENDIX 2.02	Gimbert, Benoit	Glantz	S-3	Ref. Appendix 2.01
<i>This Appendix details the distribution of the braking force throughout the home based on Mass. These numbers are used to verify shear design of the SIPs.</i>				

_ Distribution of Braking Force based on Mass

The acceleration affects the mass of the load, and therefore, the braking loads should be applied based on the distribution of the mass through the chassis, walls, truss, and house.

<i>section</i>	<i>weight (kips)</i>	<i>% of total weight</i>	<i>Weight Chassis</i>	<i>Weight Midheight Bot</i>	<i>Weight Midheight Top</i>	<i>Weight Roof</i>
CHASSIS	6.64	19.41%	19.41%			
FLOOR	13.73	40.13%	40.13%			
WALLS < 8'	4.9	14.32%		14.32%		
FURNITURE	1.5	4.38%	4.38%			
SHELVES	2.2	6.43%		6.43%		
WALLS >8'	0.43	1.26%			1.26%	
TRUSS	1.51	4.41%			4.41%	
STL HEADER	0.7	2.05%			2.05%	
SIP ROOF	1.8	5.26%				5.26%
BRWY ROOF	0.8	2.34%				2.34%
TOTAL	34.21	100.00%	63.93%	20.75%	7.72%	7.60%

A 40 kip load is used and the mass break down is simplified to 64, 21, 8 and 7%. Also the resulting load on the truss is divided evenly to the top and bottom cords.

	<i>Total</i>	<i>Chassis</i>	<i>Midheight Bot</i>	<i>Midheight Top</i>	<i>Roof</i>
	100.00%	63.93%	20.75%	7.72%	7.60%
Total load application of 13 kip load and 0.3 g acceleration (kips):	3.88	2.48	0.81	0.30	0.00
	<i>Total</i>	<i>Chassis</i>	<i>Truss Bottom</i>	<i>Truss Top</i>	<i>Roof</i>
	3.88	2.89	0.55	0.15	0.00
	kips	kips	kips	kips	kips



Appendix 3.0X

Wind Loads

App 3.0X Wind Loads

Wind Loads and Diagrams	Completed By	Revised By	DCN #
Appendix 3.01	Benoit, Gimbert	Glantz, Owens	N.A.
<i>Conclusions: The wind loads were calculated based on ASCE7-02 with reference to ASCE7-05 and follow Method 2 - the analytical approach. Each step is detailed and assumption present. A summary of the loads is given with plan and section diagrams.</i>			

Using Method 2 - Analytical Procedure

6.5.1 Scope

- 1 The building or other structure is a regular shaped.....
- 2 the building does not have response characteristics making it subject to across -wind loading, vortex shedding, instability due to galloping or flutter; or does not have a site location for which channeling effects or buffeting in the wake of upwind obstructions warrant special considerations.

6.5.2 Limitations

The provisions of Section 6.5 take into consideration the load magnification caused by gusts in resonance with along-wind vibrations of flexible buildings or other structures.

6.5.2.1 Shielding

There shall be no reduction in velocity pressure due to apparent shielding afforded by buildings and other structures or terrain features.

6.5.2.2 Air-Permeable Cladding

Design wind loads determined from Section 6.5 shall be used for air-permeable cladding unless approved test data or recognized literature demonstrate lower loads for the type of air-permeable cladding being considered.

Solar Shingles and wooden slats as attached cladding

6.5.3 Design Procedure

1 Basic Wind Speed V and Wind Directionality Factor K_d



6.5.4 Basic Wind Speed

V 90 mph

6.5.4.4 Wind Directionality Factor

K_d 0.85 Table 6-4

2 An Importance Factor I

From Table 1-1:

Category II - all buildings and other structures, the building represent no hazard to human health or physical safety as described in categories III and IV

6.5.5 Importance Factor

I 1.00 Table 6-1

3 An exposure category or exposure categories and velocity pressure coefficients, K_z or K_h

6.5.6 Exposure Category

Exposure C: Open Terrain with scattered obstructions having heights generally less than 30 ft for most wind directions, all 1-story structures with a mean roof height less than 30 feet are less than 1500 ft or ten times the height of the

structure, whichever is greater, from an open field that prevents the use of exposure B



6.5.6.6 Velocity Pressure Exposure Coefficient

K_z	0-15	0.85	Table 6-3	USE 0.9
	20	0.90		
K_h	13.5	0.835	(interpolated)	

$h = 13.5'$ (mean roof building height, eave height shall be used for roof angle less than or equal to 10 degrees)

4 A Topographical Factor K_{zt}

6.5.7 Velocity Pressure Exposure Coefficient

K_{zt}	1.00	flat terrain
----------	------	--------------

5 A Gust Effect Factor G or G_r

6.5.8 Gust Effect Factor

For rigid structures as defined in Section 6.2, a building having a fundamental frequency greater than or equal to 1 Hz

G	0.85
---	------

6 An Enclosure Classification

6.5.9 Enclosure Classifications

Enclosed: The building does not comply with the requirements for open or partially enclosed buildings; see below

south	A_g	T Area	524.65 FT ²
	A_o	T glass surface	179.6 FT ²
		T opening	28.5 FT ³ (door)
			38.6 FT ⁴ (glass)
			67.1 FT ⁵
north	A_g	T Area	524.65 FT ²
	A_o	T opening	0 FT ³ (door)
			0.69 FT ⁴ (glass)
			0.69 FT ⁵
east	A_g	T Area	336.46 FT ²
	A_o	T opening	20 FT ³ (door)
			8.95 FT ⁴ (glass)
			28.95 FT ⁵
west	A_g	T Area	336.46 FT ²
	A_o	T opening	20 FT ³ (door)
			61.33 FT ³ (gar. door)
			7.27 FT ⁴ (glass)
			88.6 FT ⁵

For Partially Enclosed, the following must apply:

a	$A_o > 1.10A_{oi}$	A_o	$1.10A_{oi}$	
	south	67.1	130.064	no
	north	0.69	203.115	no
	east	28.95	172.029	no
	west	88.6	106.414	no
b	$A_o > 0.01A_g$	A_o	$0.01A_g$	
	south	67.1	5.2465	yes
	north	0.69	5.2465	yes
	east	28.95	3.3646	yes
	west	88.6	336.47	yes

7 Internal Pressure Coefficient GC_{pi}

6.5.11.1 Internal Pressure Coefficient

GC _{pi}	0.18	Enclosed	Table 6-5
	-0.18		

8 External Pressure Coefficient C_p or GC_{pf}

6.5.11.2.1 MWFRS Internal Pressure CoefficientExternal pressure coefficients for main wind force resisting systems, C_p

	(e-w)	(n-s)	
L	32	25	(Length of BLDG parallel)
B	25	32	(Length of BLDG perpend.)
h	13.5	13.5	(mean roof height)

Wall 0-8'

Windward 0.80

Leeward: Wind blowing (e-w), per 25'

L/B 1.28

C_p -0.44 *interpolation equation for L/B bet. 1 and 2*

Leeward: Wind blowing (n-s), per 32'

L/B 0.78

C_p -0.50

Sidewalls

C_p -0.70**Roof** 8' - 16'**Wind blowing (e-w), per 25', Parallel to ridge for all angles**

Windward:

h/L 0.42 < 0.5

		C _p	
0 to h/2	0'-6.25'	-0.90	-0.18
h/2 to h	6.25' - 13.5'	-0.90	-0.18
h to 2h	13.5' - 26'	-0.50	-0.18
>2h	26' - 32'	-0.30	-0.18

Leeward:

h/L 0.42 < 0.5

		C _p	
0 to h/2	0'-6.25'	-0.90	-0.18
h/2 to h	6.25' - 13.5'	-0.90	-0.18
h to 2h	13.5' - 26'	-0.50	-0.18
>2h			

App 3.0X Wind Loads

Wind blowing (s-n), per 32', normal to ridge for angles >10

Windward:

h/L	0.54	>0.5	interpolate bet. 0.5 and 1
C _p	-0.72	0.2	from 8' to 12'-3.5", angel at 15
C _p	-0.21	0.2	from 12'-3.5" to 16', angel at 30

Leeward:

h/L	0.54	>0.5	interpolate bet. 0.5 and 1
C _p	-0.51	-0.18	from 8' to 12'-3.5", angel at 15
C _p	-0.60	-0.18	from 12'-3.5" to 16', angel at 30

Wind blowing (n-s), per 32', normal to ridge for angles <10

Windward:

h/L	0.54	>0.5	interpolate bet. 0.5 and 1
		C _p	
0 to h/2	0'-6.25'	-0.92	-0.18
h/2 to h	6.25' - 13.5'	-0.88	-0.18
h to 2h	13.5' - 26'	-0.52	-0.18
>2h	26' - 32'	-0.33	-0.18

9 Parapets / Overhangs

6.5.11.4 MWFRS - Roof Overhangs

External positive pressure coefficients on the bottom surface of windward overhang

Roof Overhangs:

C_p = 0.80

6.5.11.5.1 MWFRS - Parapets

External pressure coefficients for main wind force resisitng systems, C_p

Parapet: 1' on technical core

Windward:

GC_{pn} 1.8

Leeward:

GC_{pn} -1.1

10 Velocity pressure, q_z and q_h

6.5.10 Velocity Pressure

Calculated by: $q_z = 0.00256 K_z K_{zt} K_d V^2 I$ (lbs/ft²)

q _{0'-15'} =	14.98	psf
q _{20'} =	15.86	psf

11 Design wind load p or F

6.5.12 Design Wind loads on enclosed and partially enclosed buildings

Design wind pressure for the MWFRS by: $p = qGC_p - q_i(GC_{pi})$ (lbs/ft²)

Walls

App 3.0X Wind Loads

Windward:

	<u>P</u>	<u>[+ or -]</u>
$p_{0'-15'} =$	10.19	2.86 psf
$p_{20'} =$	10.79	2.86 psf

Leeward: Wind blowing (e-w), per 25'

$p_{0'-15'} =$	-5.65	2.86 psf
$p_{20'} =$	-5.99	2.86 psf

Leeward: Wind blowing (n-s), per 32'

$p_{0'-15'} =$	-6.37	2.86 psf
$p_{20'} =$	-6.74	2.86 psf

Sidewalls

$p_{0'-15'} =$	-8.91	2.86 psf
$p_{20'} =$	-9.44	2.86 psf

Parapet

$p_{windward} =$	24.27 psf
$p_{leeward} =$	-14.83 psf

Roof

Wind blowing (e-w), per 25', Parallel to ridge for all angles

Windward:	(+ or -)	
$p_{0'-6.25'}$	-12.14	2.86 psf
$p_{6.25' - 13.5'}$	-12.14	2.86 psf
$p_{13.5' - 26'}$	-6.74	2.86 psf
$p_{26' - 32'}$	-4.05	2.86 psf

Wind blowing (s-n), per 32', normal to ridge for angles >10

Windward:		
$p_{15 \text{ degree}}$	-9.76	2.86 psf
$p_{30 \text{ degree}}$	-2.80	2.86 psf

Wind blowing (n-s), per 32', normal to ridge for angles <10

Windward:		
$p_{0'-6.25'}$	-12.43	2.86 psf
$p_{6.25' - 13.5'}$	-11.92	2.86 psf
$p_{13.5' - 26'}$	-6.96	2.86 psf
$p_{26' - 32'}$	-4.48	2.86 psf

Wind blowing (n-s), per 32', normal to ridge for angles >10

Leeward:		
$p_{15 \text{ degree}}$	-6.85	2.86 psf
$p_{30 \text{ degree}}$	-8.09	2.86 psf

OR

$p (C_p = 0.18)$	-2.43	2.86 psf
------------------	-------	----------

App 3.0X Wind Loads

Roof Overhangs

p ($C_p = 0.8$)

10.79	2.86
-------	------

 psf

**use 20psf as recommended by PE

12 Components and Cladding

q_h	15.86		
GC_{pi}	0.18	Enclosed	Table 6-5
	-0.18		
GC_p	0.3	Zone 2	Figure 6-11C
	-1.2		

Design wind pressure for Components and Cladding by: $p = q_h GC_p - q_{hi}(GC_{pi})$ (lbs/ft²)

Windward: (+ or -)
 $p =$

4.76	2.85
------	------

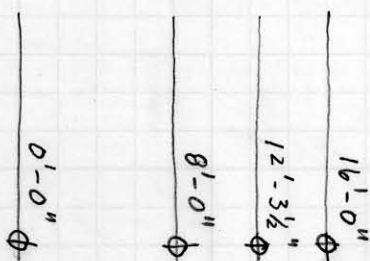
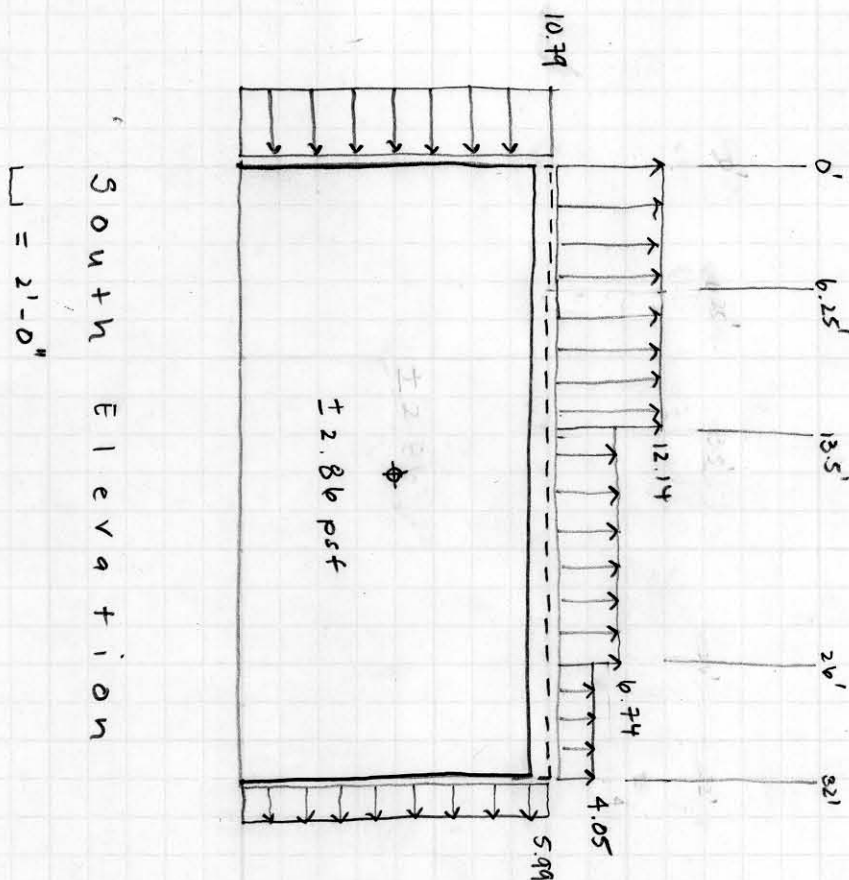
 psf

Leeward: (+ or -)
 $p =$

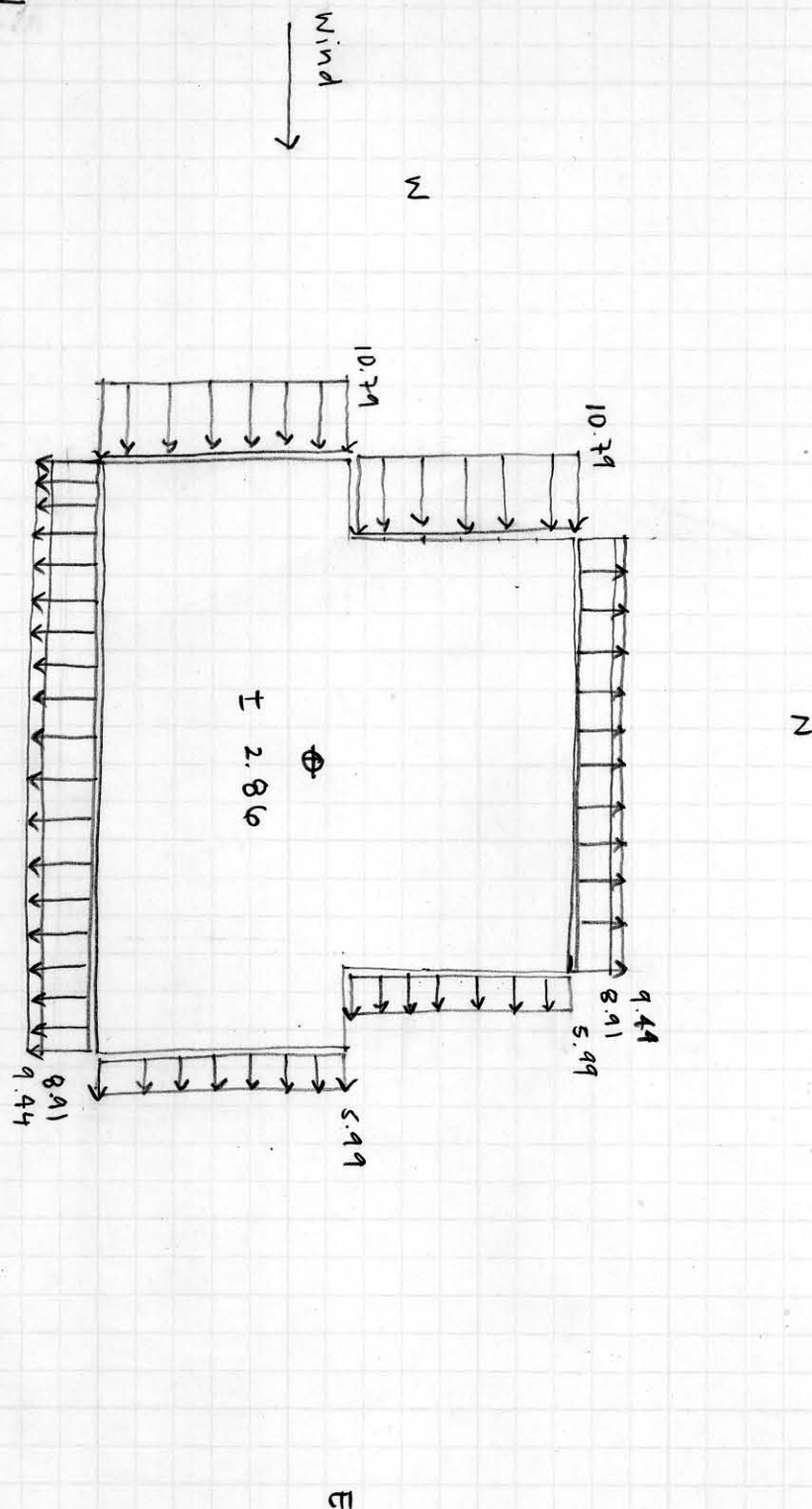
-19.03	2.85
--------	------

 psf

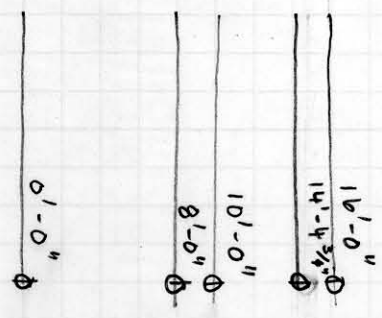
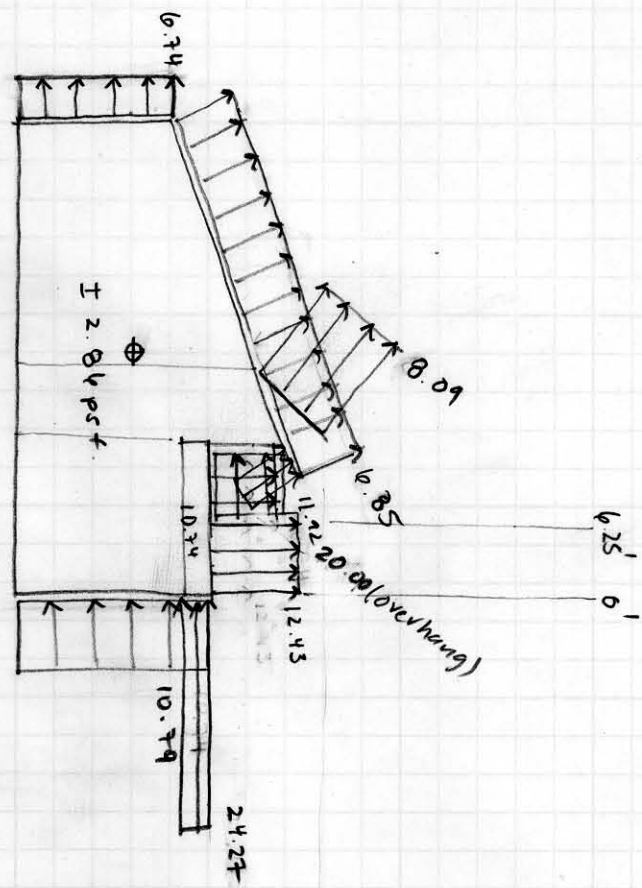
wind (e-w) direction, \perp 25' length
parallel to ridge



wind (e-w), $\perp 25'$

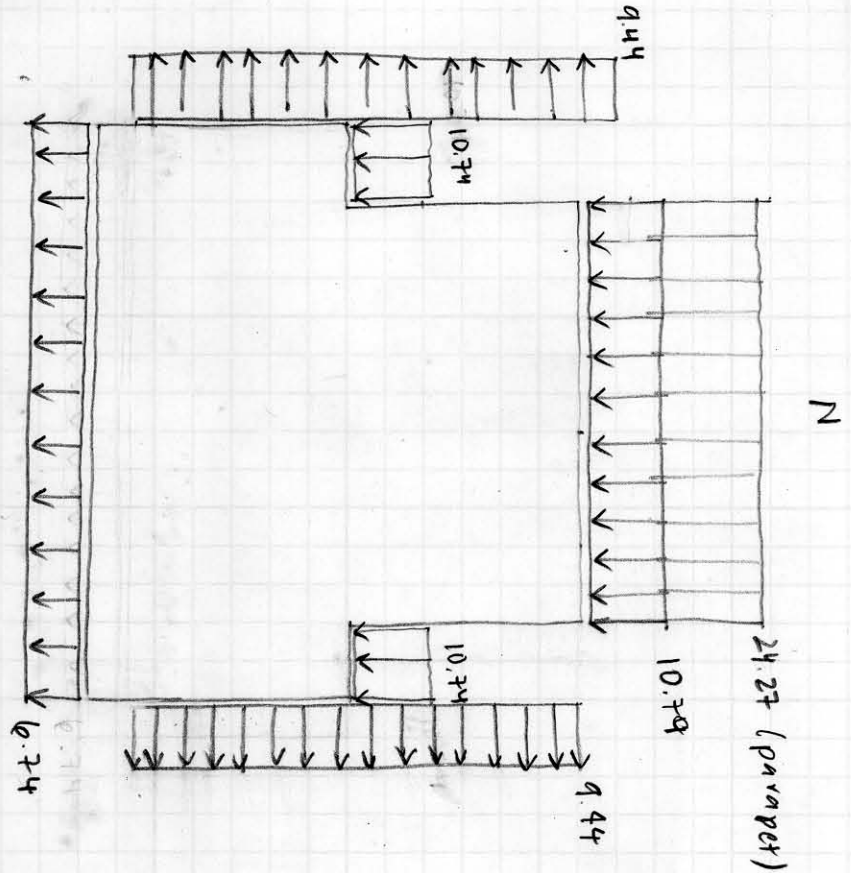


wind (n-s) direction, \perp 32' length
normal to ridge

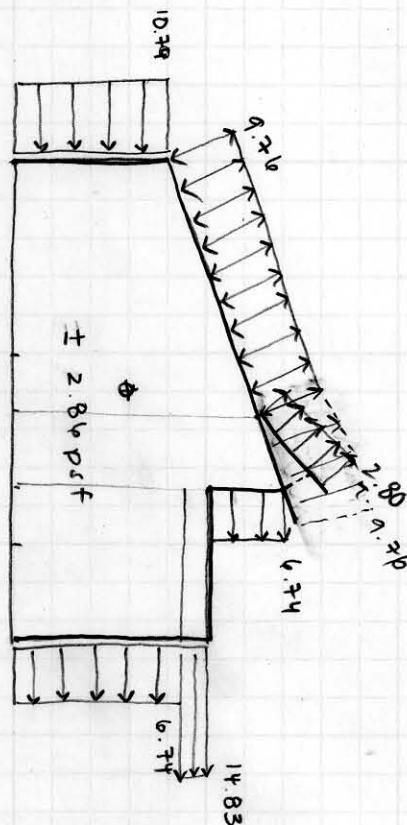


20 psf uplift

wind (n-s), \perp 32'



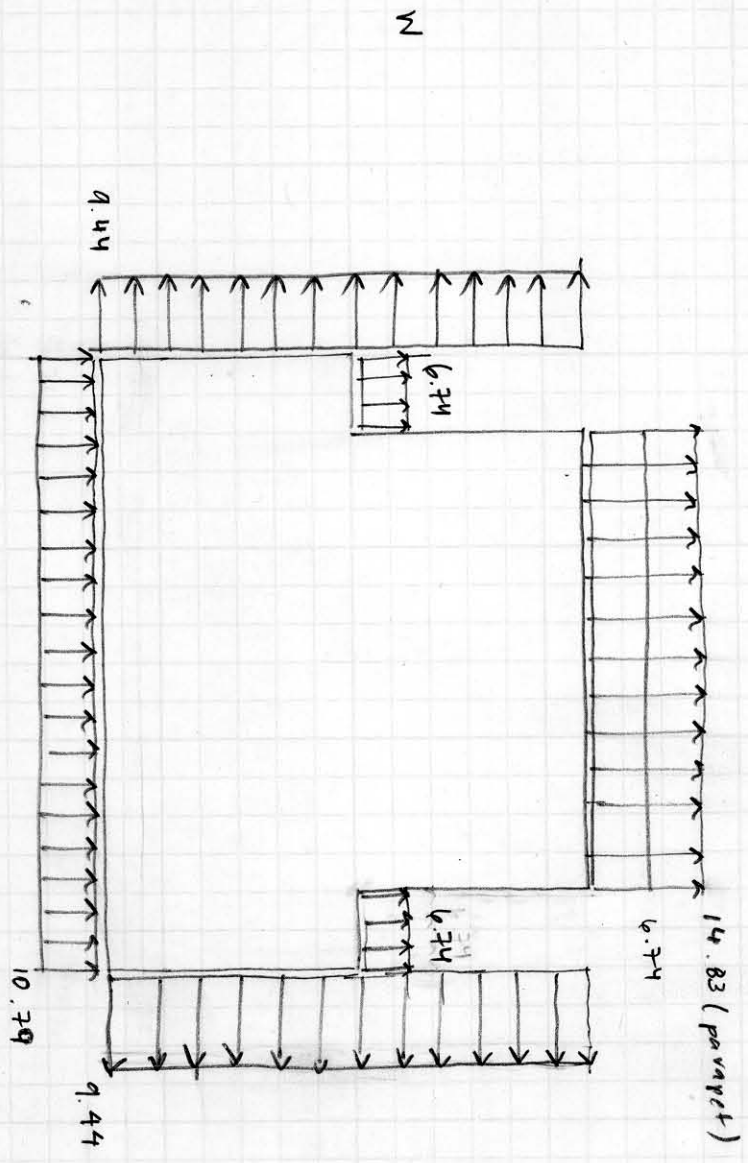
wind (s-n) direction, \perp 32' length
normal to ridge.



wind (s-n), \perp 32'

S

N



App 3.0X Wind Loads

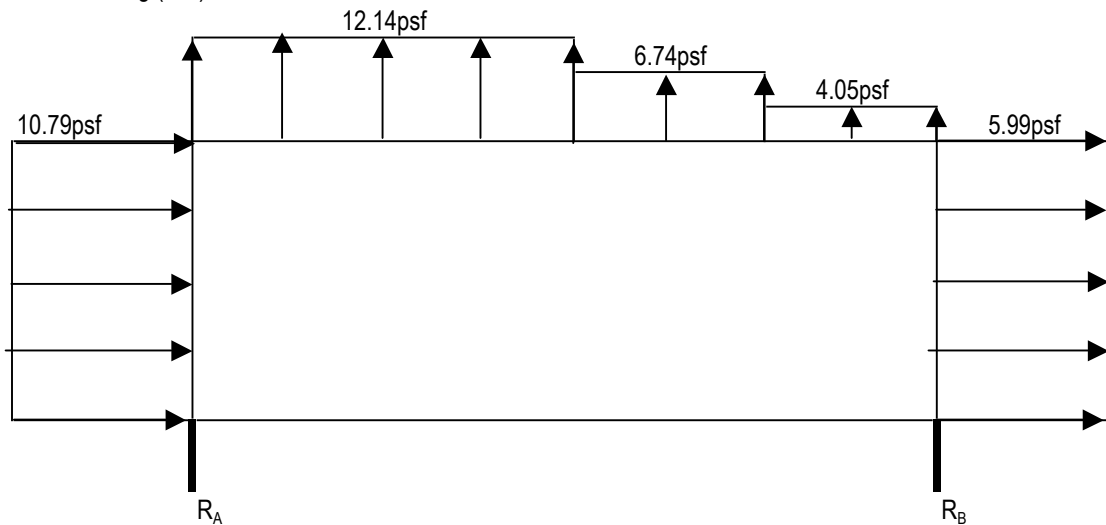
_Wind Overturning/Uplift	Completed By	Revised By	DCN #	
Appendix 3.02	Benoit, Gimbert	Glantz, Owens	N.A.	Reference Appendix 3.01
Conclusions: The home does not require additional tie-downs due to the self weight of the structure.				

Assumptions:

1 Assume building is square for simplicity.

Calculations:

1 Wind Blowing (e-w) SOUTH ELEVATION:



$$\begin{aligned}
 M@B &= 25.5 \times [-(10.79 \times 16' \times 8') - (5.99 \times 16' \times 8') - (12.14 \times 13.5' \times 25.25') - (6.74 \times 12.5' \times 12.25') - (4.05 \times 6' \times 3')] \\
 &= -188471.14 \quad \text{ft-lbs} \\
 &= -188.47 \quad \text{ft-kips}
 \end{aligned}$$

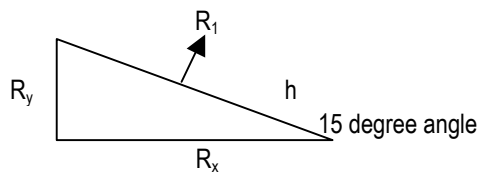
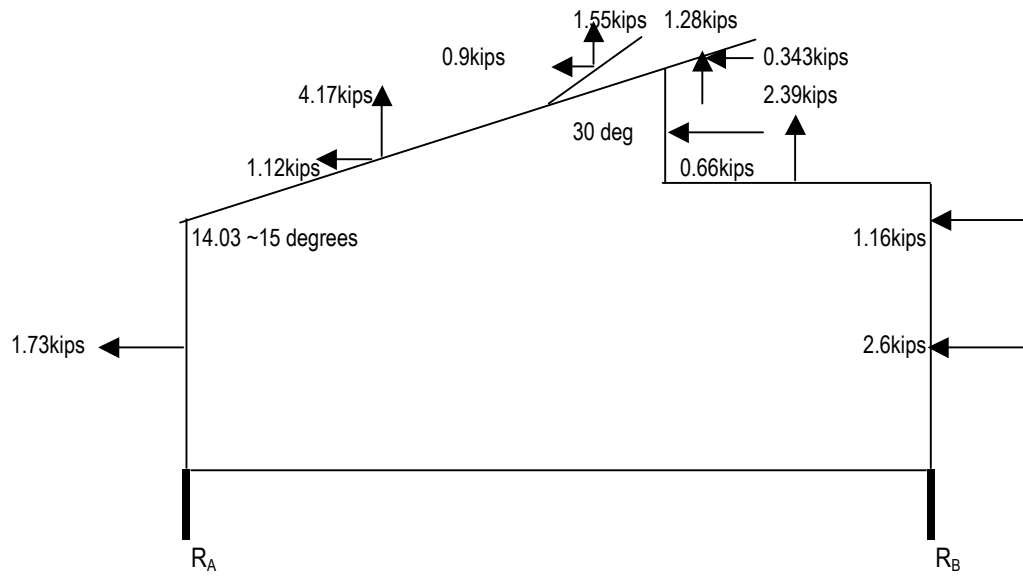
$$\begin{aligned}
 R_A &= M_B / 32' \\
 &= -5.89 \quad \text{kips} \quad (T)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 M@A &= 25.5 \times [(10.79 \times 16' \times 8') + (5.99 \times 16' \times 8') - (12.14 \times 13.5' \times 6.75') - (6.74 \times 12.5' \times 19.25') - (4.05 \times 6' \times 29')] \\
 &= -32765.72 \quad \text{ft-lbs} \\
 &= -32.77 \quad \text{ft-kips}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 R_B &= M_A / 32' \\
 &= -1.02 \quad \text{kips} \quad (T)
 \end{aligned}$$

App 3.0X Wind Loads

2 Wind Blowing (n-s) EAST ELEVATION:



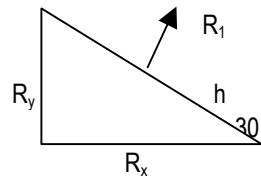
$$\cos(15) = \frac{19'}{h} \quad h = 19.67'$$

$$\cos(15) = \frac{x}{9.835'} \quad x = 9.5'$$

$$\sin(15) = \frac{y}{9.835} \quad y = 2.55'$$

$$\begin{aligned} R_1 &= 19.67' \times 32' \times 6.85 \text{psf} \\ R_x &= R_1 \cos 75 \\ &= 1.116 \quad \text{kips} \\ R_y &= R_1 \sin 75 \\ &= 4.165 \quad \text{kips} \end{aligned}$$

App 3.0X Wind Loads



30 degrees, largest angle adjustable rack can be assessed at.

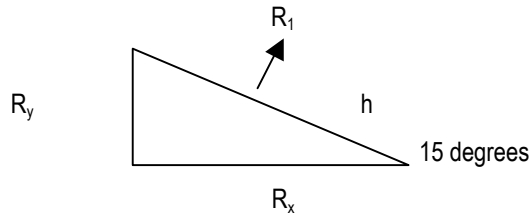
$$\cos(30) = \frac{6'}{h} \quad h = 6.93'/2 = 3.465'$$

$$\cos(15) = \frac{x}{3.465'} \quad x = 3'$$

$$\sin(30) = \frac{y}{3.465'} \quad y = 1.73'$$

$$\begin{aligned} R_1 &= 8.09\text{psf} \times 32' \times 6.93' \\ R_x &= R_1 \cos 60 \\ &= 0.9 \quad \text{kips} \\ R_y &= R_1 \sin 60 \\ &= 1.55 \quad \text{kips} \end{aligned}$$

Overhang:



$$\cos(30) = \frac{6'}{h} \quad h = 2.07'/2 = 1.035'$$

$$\cos(15) = \frac{x}{3.465'} \quad x = 2'$$

$$\sin(15) = \frac{y}{3.465'} \quad y = 0.53'$$

$$\begin{aligned} R_1 &= 20.00\text{psf} \times 32' \times 2.07' \\ R_x &= R_1 \cos 75 \\ &= 0.343 \quad \text{kips} \\ R_y &= R_1 \sin 75 \\ &= 1.280 \quad \text{kips} \end{aligned}$$

$$M@A = (1.73 \times 4) + (1.16 \times 9) + (2.6 \times 4) + (0.66 \times 11.28) + (4.17 \times 9.5) + (2.39 \times 21) + (1.12 \times 10.55) + (1.28 \times 18) + (0.343 \times 12.82) + (0.9 \times 13.21) + (1.55 \times 16)$$

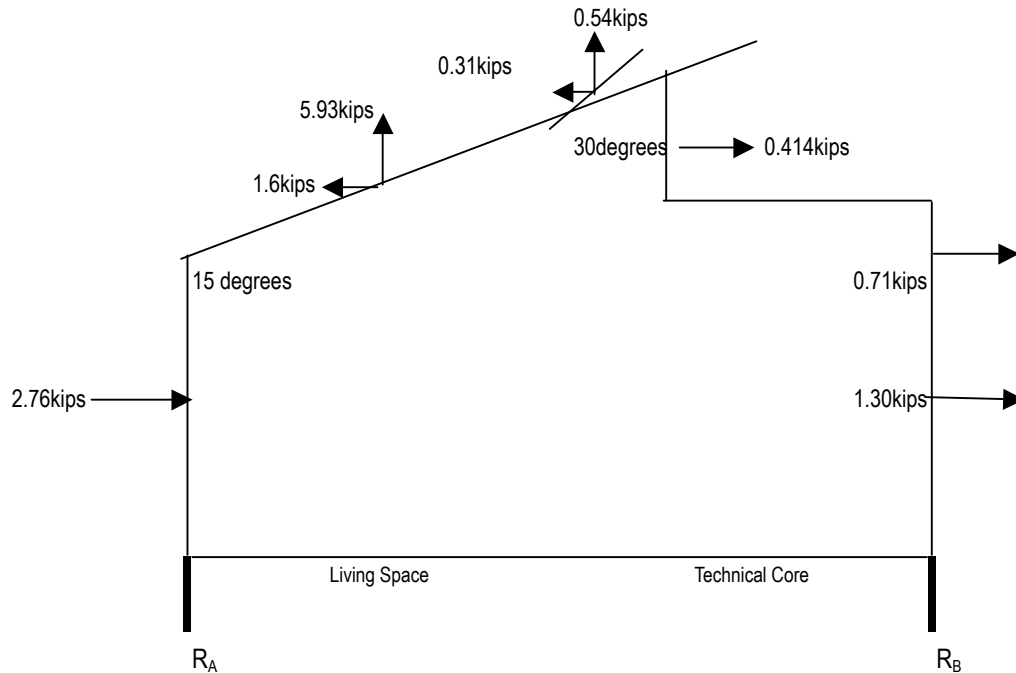
$$= 200.77 \quad \text{ft-kips}$$

$$\begin{aligned} R_B &= M_A/25.5' \\ &= \boxed{7.87} \quad \text{kips} \quad (T) \end{aligned}$$

App 3.0X Wind Loads

$$\begin{aligned}
 R_A &= 4.17 + 1.55 + 1.27 + 2.39 - 7.87 \\
 &= \boxed{1.51} \text{ kips} \quad (T)
 \end{aligned}$$

3 Wind Blowing (s-n) EAST ELEVATION:

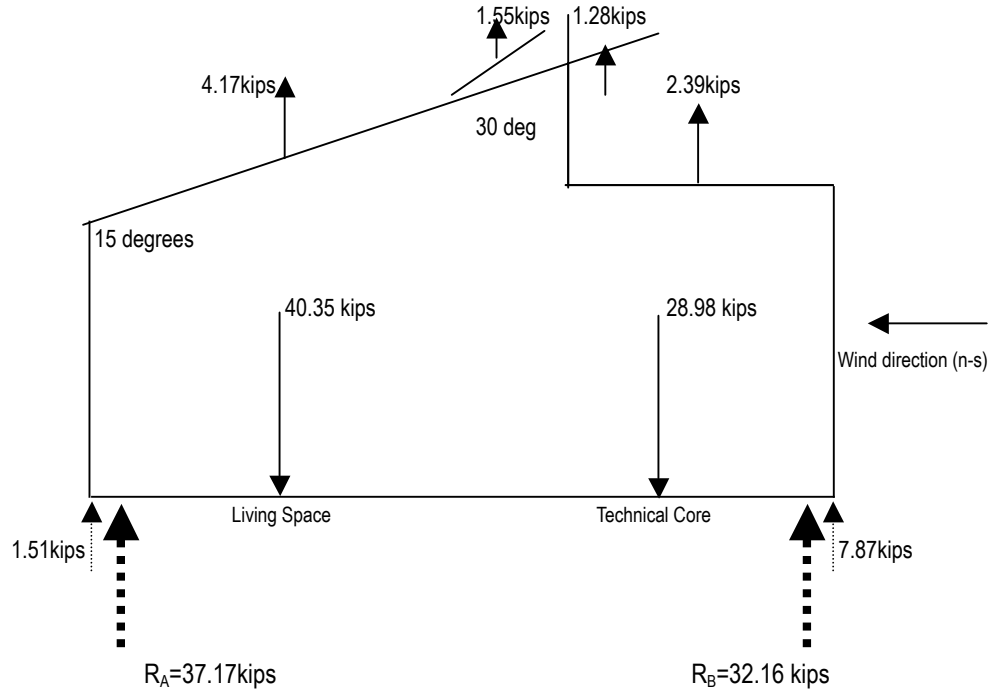


$$\begin{aligned}
 M@A &= (2.76 \times 4) + (1.3 \times 4) + (0.71 \times 9) + (0.414 \times 11.28) - (1.6 \times 10.55) - (5.93 \times 9.5) - (0.31 \times 13.21) - (0.54 \times 16) \\
 &= -58.65 \quad \text{ft-kips}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 R_B &= M_B / 25.5' \\
 &= \boxed{-2.30} \text{ kips} \quad (T)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 R_A &= 5.93 + 0.54 - 2.30 \\
 &= \boxed{4.17} \text{ kips} \quad (T)
 \end{aligned}$$

App 3.0X Wind Loads



4 Check Overturning / Uplift on the home:

Total Weight of TC Trailer =	28.98 kips
Total Weight of LS Trailer =	40.35 kips
Total Weight =	69.33 kips

Due to dead weight, Reaction at supports are as follows:

$$\begin{aligned}
 R_B &= \frac{[-[(45.86) \times 6.5'] - [(34.25) \times 19.25']]}{25.5} \\
 &= 32.16 \text{ kips (Comp)} \\
 R_A &= 45.86 + 34.25 - R_B \\
 &= 37.17 \text{ kips (Comp)}
 \end{aligned}$$

Worst Wind case is demonstrated in the N-S direction

$$\begin{aligned}
 M@A &= 200.77 - [(37.17) \times 6.5'] - [(32.16) \times 19.25'] \\
 &= -619.34 \text{ ft-kips} \\
 R_B &= \frac{M_A}{25.5'} \\
 &= -24.29 \text{ kips (Comp) GOOD} \\
 R_A &= 4.17 + 1.55 + 1.27 + 2.39 + 7.87 + 1.51 + 29.67 - 40.35 - 34.25 \\
 &= -26.17 \text{ kips (Comp) GOOD}
 \end{aligned}$$

From all Wind cases, the following is summarized:

$$\begin{aligned}
 R_B &= 32.16 \text{ kips (Comp)} > 7.87 \text{ kips} > 2.30 \text{ kips} > 1.02 \text{ kips} \\
 R_A &= 37.17 \text{ kips (Comp)} > 1.51 \text{ kips} > 4.17 \text{ kips} > 5.89 \text{ kips}
 \end{aligned}$$

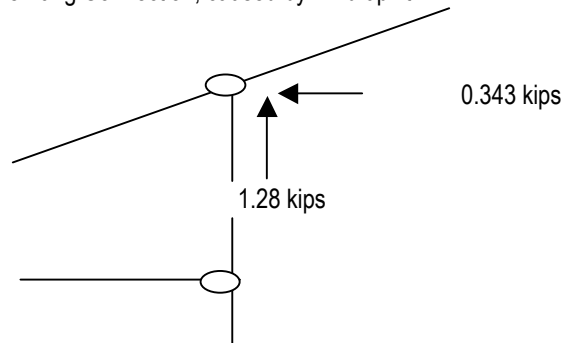
Hold downs are NOT required due to the compensation of the dead weight of the home.

The reactions created by the dead weight of the home far exceed the worst case scenario caused by wind (200.77ft-kips) in the N-S direction in addition to the other cases check for uplift and overturning.

App 3.0X Wind Loads

5 Check Connection at Roof Overhang for Uplift:

1 Condition of Overhang Connection, caused by wind uplift:



Type of Connection: Window Frame with Polygal Interior Panels connected to Steel HSS 4 x 4 x 5/16, Self-Tapping screw connection.

Moment (M) on Upper connection from Wind Uplift, assumed 20psf of wind pressure:

See Appendix 3.01 and 3.02 for reference of wind resultant forces.

$$M = (1.28 \text{ kips}) (2') + (0.343) (0.64') = 2.78 \text{ ft-kips}$$

CHECK Capacity of Screw Connection, from NDS:

Assume 1 screw placed 12" o.c.

$$(1.28 \text{ kips} / 24') = 53.33 \text{ lbs / ft}$$

Select Wood Screws, Table 11M from NDS:

$$\text{Smallest Screw Selection Capacity} = 76 \text{ lbs}$$

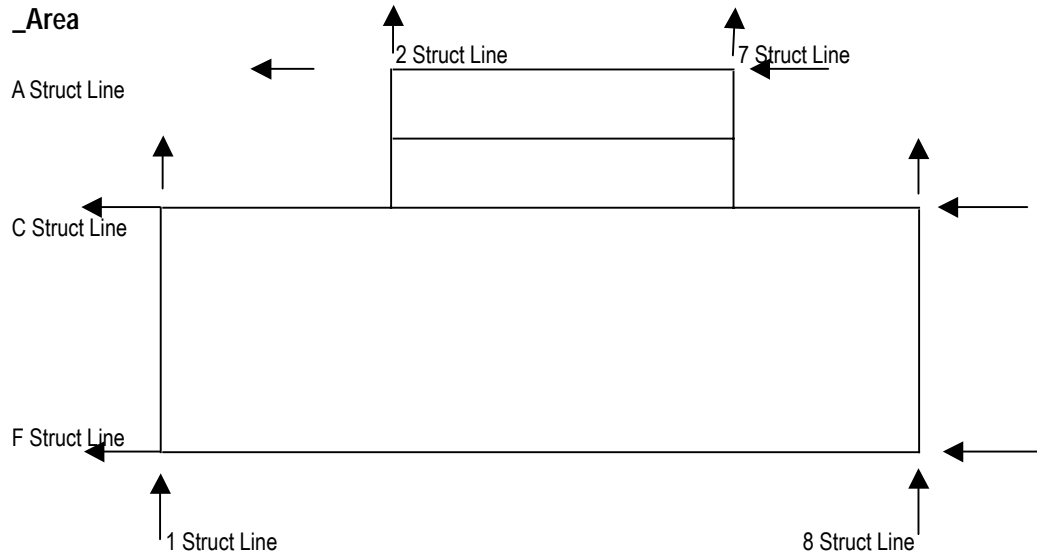
$$53.33 < 76 \text{ GOOD}$$

- Results:**
1. Hold downs are NOT required due to the compensation of the dead weight of the home.
 2. The reactions created by the dead weight of the home far exceed the worst case scenario caused by wind (200.77ft-kips) in the N-S direction in addition to the other cases check for uplift and overturning.
 3. The screw connection at a maximum of 12" o.c is sufficient to resist wind uplift of roof overhang.

App 3.0X Wind Loads

_Shear Design, SIP+Screw		Completed By	Revised By	DCN #	
Appendix 3.03		Benoit, Gimbert	Glantz, Owens	S-38	Ref. Appendix 3.02, 3.04
<i>Conclusions: SIPs are adequate to resist shear placed on the home due to wind loads as analyzed in Appendix 3.02.</i>					

Assumptions:

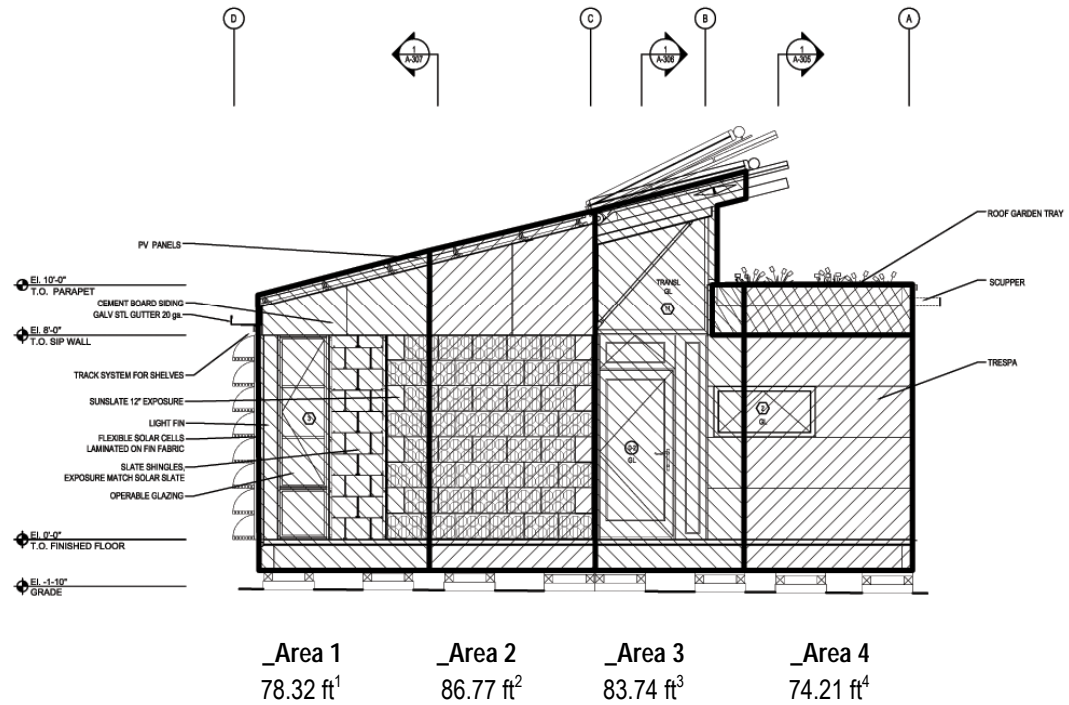


7 MURUS has conducted Racking tests on a 4 5/8" x 8' x 10' panel. A point load was applied at the top of this panel. Panels were combined with the MURUS cam-lock system. The results indicate a failure load of 6421lbf over a 8' length of wall, this value indicates a 802.63 lbs/ft. For a 2 x 4 spline connection, a 8' length wall indicates a failure load of 964.38 lbs/ft. See Appendix 3.04 for further iteration on these numbers.

App 3.0X Wind Loads

Calculations:

For wind traveling in the East / West direction:



_Item	_ft2	_psf (windward)	_lbs	_psf (leeward)	_lbs
Area 1	78.32	11.00	861.52	10.00	783.20
Area 2	86.77	11.00	954.47	10.00	867.70
Area 3	83.74	11.00	921.14	10.00	837.40
Area 4	74.21	11.00	816.31	10.00	742.10
Parapet	11.65	11.00	128.15	10.00	116.50

** see diagram of East Elevation on following pages for designated areas

** areas are taken h/2' from ground as specified in ASCE7-05 for Low Rise buildings.

** leeward values = 6psf, minimum by code is 10psf

$V_{LINE F} = 861.52 + 783.20 =$	1644.72	**Shear Resisted by SIPs, Structural Line F
$V_{LINE C} = 954 + 867 + 921 + 837 =$	3580.71	**Shear resisted by SIPs Structural Line C
$V_{LINE A} = 816.31 + 742.10 =$	1558.41	**Shear resisted by SIPS on Structural Line A
$V_{PARAPET} = 128.15 + 69.9 =$	244.65	**Shear resisted by 2 x framing

Each SIP has the capacity to resist:

$$V_{LINE F} = (16' \text{ of SIP}) \times 964.38 \text{ lbs/ft} =$$

$$V_{LINE C} = (8' \text{ of SIP}) \times 964.38 \text{ lbs/ft} =$$

$$V_{LINE A} = (24' \text{ of SIP}) \times 802.63 \text{ lbs/ft} =$$

_capacity > _force (lbs)

15430	1644.72
7715	3580.71
19263	1558.41

Ok

Ok

Ok

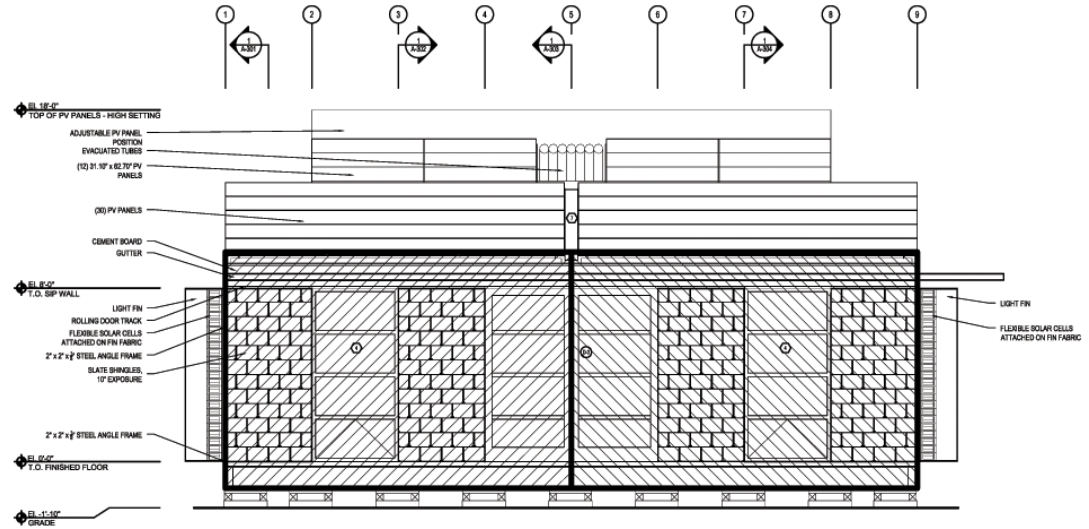
App 3.0X Wind Loads

At struct line A, 2 x Framing and connection for Parapet must resist shear of:
See Calc 1.01

$$V_{\text{PARAPET}} = 244.65 \text{ lbs}$$

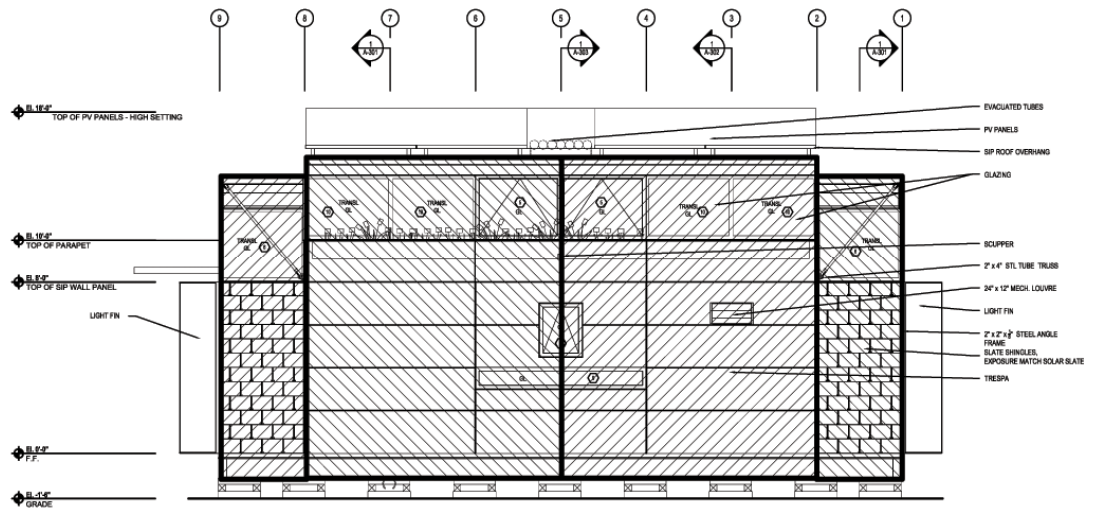
$$= 0.24 \text{ kips}$$

2 For wind traveling in the South / North direction:



_Area 1
174.96 ft²

_Area 2
174.96 ft³



_Area 3
56.81 ft¹

_Area 4
179.68 ft²

_Area 5
179.68 ft³

_Area 6
56.81 ft⁴

App 3.0X Wind Loads

_Item	_ft ²	_psf (windward)	_lbs	_psf (leeward)	_lbs
Area 1	174.96	10.79	1887.82		0.00
Area 2	174.96	10.79	1887.82		0.00
Area 3	56.81		0.00	10	568.10
Area 4	179.68		0.00	10	1796.80
Area 5	179.68		0.00	10	1796.80
Area 6	56.81		0.00	10	568.10

** see diagram of North elevation on the following pages for area designation

** leeward values = 6.74psf, minimum by code is 10psf

$V_{LINE\ 1} = 1887.82 + 568.10$ 2455.92 **Shear Resisted by SIPs of Struct Line 1

$V_{LINE\ 8} = 1887.82 + 568.11$ 2455.92 **Shear resisted by SIPs of struct Line 8

$V_{LINE\ 2} =$ 1796.80 **Shear Resisted by SIPs of Struct Line 2

$V_{LINE\ 7} =$ 1796.80 **Shear resisted by SIPs of struct Line 7

Each SIP has the capacity to resist:

$V_{LINE\ 1} = (11.6' \text{ of SIP}) \times 964.38\text{lbs/ft} =$

$V_{LINE\ 8} = (11.6' \text{ of SIP}) \times 964.38\text{lbs/ft} =$

$V_{LINE\ 2} = (8' \text{ of Framing}) \times 650\text{lbs/ft} =$

$V_{LINE\ 7} = (8' \text{ of SIP}) \times 802.63\text{lbs/ft} =$

_capacity > _force (lbs)

10608.13	2455.92	Ok
10608.13	2455.92	Ok
5200.00	1796.80	Ok
5136.80	1796.80	Ok

App 3.0X Wind Loads

<u>Racking Test</u>	Completed By	Revised By	DCN #	
Appendix 3.04	MURUS	Glantz		
<i>Conclusions: SIPs with cam-lock connection retain a 802.63lbs/ft shear resistance. SIPs with 2 x 4 Stud connection retain a 964.38lbs/ft shear resistance.</i>				

From the enclosed report, we can assume the following:

For two (2) 4' x 10' Murus PUR SIP Panel, with 2 x 4 NO. 2 Grade Stud connection:

Average Resisted Force 7715 over 8' = 964.38 lbs /ft

For two (2) 4' x 10' Murus PUR SIP Panel, with five (5) Cam-Lock connection:

Average Resisted Force 6421 over 8' = 802.63 lbs /ft



PFS Technical Report

PFS TEST REPORT # 01-22
RACKING LOAD TESTS
FOR
THE MURUS COMPANY
MANSFIELD, PENNSYLVANIA

Testing
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**PFS TEST REPORT # 01-22
RACKING LOAD TESTS
FOR
THE MURUS COMPANY
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PFS Test Report: #01-22
Test Dates: 6/16 – 6/21/01
Report Date: 6/25/01
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PFS TEST REPORT #01-22 RACKING LOAD TESTS FOR THE MURUS COMPANY MANSFIELD, PENNSYLVANIA

General

The PFS Corporation, Madison, Wisconsin, performed client requested testing services for The Murus Company, Mansfield, Pennsylvania. A PFS representative witnessed the manufacturing and sampled the test materials at the client's facilities on May 5, 2001. The testing was performed in accordance with procedures and methods referenced in ICBO, ES AC 04, ASTM E 72-98 Standard, *"Standard Test Methods of Conducting Strength Tests of Panels for Building Construction,"* Section 14. The test samples were received in good order at PFS Laboratory on June 1, 2001. The tests were performed from June 16, 2001 through June 21, 2001.

Materials

The tests were performed on two (2) different central spline designs; each had outside to outside dimensions of 8-ft-by-10-ft –by-4-1/2-in. thick and each were made up of two 4-ft x 10-ft panels. Both designs had urethane foamed-in-place core (2.2 to 2.4 lb density) with 7/16 OSB skins by Weyerhaeuser on both sides.

Design 1: Central spline consisted of a SPF 2 x 4, No. 2 grade stud. The panels fit to the spline in a male and female arrangement. The connection to the spline was with 8d common smooth shaft nails, spaced 4-in. on centers, with a 3/8-in. edge distance.

Design 2: Central spline consisted of a five cam-lock connection system that held the panel assemblies together.

Both designs had a continuous No. 2, SPF grade marked stamped 2 x 4-dimension lumber member for the header and the sill plates. The plates were installed with Great Stuff, minimal expanding, polyurethane foam sealant applied to bond the plates to the core and panel facings. The facings were fastened to the plates by gun nailing 8d common smooth shaft nails spaced 3-1/2 -inches-on-center with a 3/4 inch edge distance. The plate's outside faces were flush with the panel edges.

Test Method

The specimen was tested with the panel splice connection vertical using a structural test fixture. Three dial gages, accurate to 0.001-inch, were used to monitor the deflections at the head opposite the loading (Dial #3), the sill forward movement (Dial #2), and the uplift below the loading side (Dial #1).

The ICBO ES recommended 3/4-in. thick dissipation board was mounted to the bottom of the panel sill to allow for panel facings free movement during the test. The loads were monitored with an electronic load cell and readout system. The load was applied to the specimen's top corner by a hydraulic ram. The E72 recommended hold down rods were implemented for testing. The panel's sill was firmly connected to the test fixture.

An initial preload of 200 lbf was applied and released. The load was then applied and released in three stages to 800, 1600, and 2400 lbf to establish set characteristics. After the specimens were loaded as specified, any residual deflection (set) in the panel was recorded. The deflection readings were recorded at each 200 lbf load increment. The load was applied continuously throughout the test at an approximate rate of 400 lbf per minute and was applied until ultimate failure occurred. The maximum load and the failure mode were recorded.

Test Results

	Design 1	Design 2
	2" x 4" Stud at Center	Cam-locks at Center
Test Number	Max. Load (lbf)	Max. Load (lbf)
1	8326	6697
2	8059	5953
3	6760	6613
Average	7715	6421

The test results are shown on Tables 1 through 6 and Figures 1 through 3.

FAILURE MODE DESCRIPTION

Design 1 indicated fastener withdrawal and partial tear to the OSB facing edge at the sill plate.

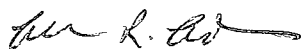
Design 2 indicated vertical displacement between panels at the cam-lock interface.

TEST REPORT DUPLICATION

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The report must not be used by the client to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by NVLAP, NIST, or any agency of the federal government.

Testing Performed by:



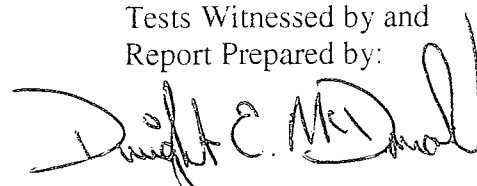
Al Adams
Lab Technician

Report Reviewed by:



Richard Reinhard, P.E.
Technical Director

Tests Witnessed by and
Report Prepared by:



Dwight E. McDonald
Lab Testing Manager

App 3.0X Wind Loads

Shear Connection	Completed By	Revised By	DCN #	
Appendix 3.05	Benoit, Grossenbacher	Glantz, Owens	S-37	Reference Appendix 3.03
<i>Conclusions: For SIP Connection to resist shear from Wind, USE four (4) bolts to resist shear of wind, uplift and overturning forces on the home. The bolts are designated as A325 PB Type 1 with 1/2" diameter. Use 8d nails every 3 3/4" o.c. at ends of SIPs to attach SIP to 2 x 6 sill and headers as specified by MURUS.</i>				

At struct line C, SIP connection to trailer frame must resist:

$$= 3580.71 \text{ lbs}$$

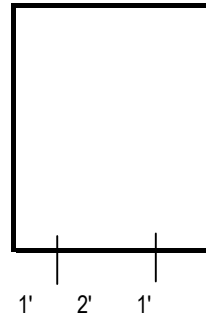
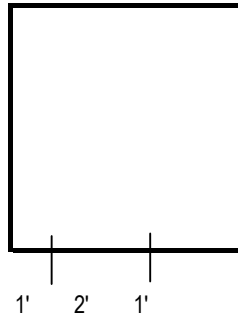
$$= 3.58 \text{ kips}$$

Assume Connection of SIP to trailer Frame resists remaining Shear

- 1 Assume A325 grade strength bolt
- 2 Assume connection of 7/16" OSB to 2 x 6 sill plate and header of SIP are resisting same
- 3 Use 7/16" OSB on exterior surfaces of PUR 6 5/8" PUR SIPs
- 4 Assume a 24 to 16 span rating
- 5 Nail recommendation by MURUS is 8d

Calculations:

- 1 Try A 325 1/2" diameter bolt every 1' for connecting SIP to Trailer frame:
(see diagram below):



Check Shear of bolt:

One (1) bolts A325 PB Type 1 with 1/2" diamter has shear strength of

Fy	=	92	ksi	www.portlandbolt.com
Fu	=	85	ksi	
Fn	=	0.4 Fu		
	=	34	ksi	
Ab	=	$\pi * r^2$		
	=	0.196	in ²	
ØRn	=	0.75		
ØRn	=	ØFnAb		
	=	5.00	kips	

Check tearout of bolt through 2 x 6 sill plate:

One (1) bolts A325 PB Type 1 with 1/2" diamter has shear strength of
From NDS Table 11.B:

$$t_m = 1.5 \text{ in}$$

App 3.0X Wind Loads

$$t_s = 0.25 \text{ in}$$

$$Z_{||} = 0.62 \text{ kips}$$

$$Z_{\text{per}} = 0.36 \text{ kips}$$

where Z is a lateral design value given for the connection of a 1/4" thk A36 plate

For four (4) bolts along structural line C;

$$4Z_{||} = \boxed{2.48} \text{ kips}$$

Each bolt has a tearout capacity of :

$$Z'_{\text{RT}} = 2 h \times F_v \times t_{\text{scrit}} \quad \text{where } F_v = F'_v \quad 0.175 \text{ kips}$$

$$= \boxed{6.3} \text{ kips} > 1.87 \text{ kips} \quad \text{Ok}$$

See Appendix 3.02

2 The largest Wind force is seen at Structural line C, with 3.58 kips of Shear from Wind:

From Table NDS table 4.1 A:

Panel grade OSB, Plywood

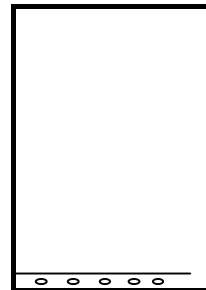
Minimum nominal panel thickness(in.) 7/16"

Minimum Nail penetration in Framing (in.) 1 3/8"

Nail size 8d

Nail spacing at panel edges. 4" > 3.75" as specified by MURUS

$$V_n = 490 \text{ plf}$$



Try 3 1/2" spaced 8d nails with 3/4" edge spacing.

$$V_u = 3.58 \text{ kips}/8' \quad \text{Critical Case at Structural Line C}$$

$$= 0.4475 \text{ klf}$$

$$= \boxed{447.5} \text{ plf} < 490 \text{ plf} \quad \text{Ok}$$

For structural Line C, four (4) bolts will be used accounting for 20kips of shear.

Results:

$$V_n = 20 \text{ kips} > V_u = 1.87 \text{ kips} + 10 \text{ kips} = 11.87 \text{ kips}$$

$$V_n = 490 \text{ plf} > V_u = 447.5 \text{ plf for 8d nails at 4" spacing along OSB}$$



Appendix 4.0X

Computational Analyses

App 4.0X Other Calc / Computational Work

Steel Header	Completed By	Revised By	DCN #	
Appendix 4.01	Milinichik	Glantz, Owens	S-10	
<i>Description: The following is the STAAD output data details the design of the header along the Southern wall. The critical point of deflection occurred from load case 8, giving 0.13893" of deflection under service load.</i>				

```

*****
*
*          STAAD.Pro
*          Version 2006    Bld 1002.US
*          Proprietary Program of
*          Research Engineers, Intl.
*          Date=    JAN 26, 2007
*          Time=    22:55:14
*
*          USER ID: ae
*****

```

1. STAAD SPACE

INPUT FILE: Structure1.STD

```

2. START JOB INFORMATION
3. ENGINEER DATE 26-JAN-07
4. END JOB INFORMATION
5. INPUT WIDTH 79
6. UNIT FEET KIP
7. JOINT COORDINATES
8. 1 0 0 0; 2 3.625 0 0; 3 4 0 0; 4 4.375 0 0; 5 8 0 0
9. MEMBER INCIDENCES
10. 1 1 2; 2 2 3; 3 3 4; 4 4 5
11. DEFINE MATERIAL START
12. ISOTROPIC STEEL
13. E 4.176E+006
14. POISSON 0.3
15. DENSITY 0.489024
16. ALPHA 6.5E-006
17. DAMP 0.03
18. END DEFINE MATERIAL
19. MEMBER PROPERTY AMERICAN
20. 1 TO 4 TABLE ST HSST4X4X0.25
21. CONSTANTS
22. MATERIAL STEEL ALL
23. SUPPORTS
24. 1 5 PINNED
25. LOAD 1 LOADTYPE GRAVITY TITLE SELF-WEIGHT
26. SELFWEIGHT Y -1
27. LOAD 2 LOADTYPE LIVE TITLE SNOW
28. MEMBER LOAD
29. 1 TO 4 UNI GY -0.2275
30. LOAD 3 LOADTYPE DEAD TITLE SIP SELFWEIGHT
31. MEMBER LOAD
32. 1 4 UNI GY -0.028
33. LOAD 4 LOADTYPE LIVE TITLE PV RACK AND PANELS
34. MEMBER LOAD
35. 1 4 UNI GY -0.005
36. LOAD 5 LOADTYPE LIVE TITLE PLANT RACK
37. JOINT LOAD
38. 1 5 FY -0.17
39. LOAD 6 LOADTYPE LIVE TITLE PLANT RACK CENTER
40. JOINT LOAD

```

STAAD SPACE

-- PAGE NO. 2

41. 3 FY -0.34
 42. LOAD 7 LOADTYPE DEAD TITLE SKYLIGHT
 43. JOINT LOAD
 44. 2 4 FY -0.005
 45. LOAD COMB 8 NO LOAD FACTORS
 46. 1 1 2 1 3 1 4 1 5 1 6 1 7 1
 47. LOAD COMB 9 1.2D + 1.6L
 48. 1 1.2 2 1.6 3 1.2 4 1.6 5 1.6 6 1.6 7 1.2
 49. PERFORM ANALYSIS

PROBLEM STATISTICS

NUMBER OF JOINTS/MEMBER+ELEMENTS/SUPPORTS = 5/ 4/ 2
 ORIGINAL/FINAL BAND-WIDTH= 1/ 1/ 12 DOF
 TOTAL PRIMARY LOAD CASES = 7, TOTAL DEGREES OF FREEDOM = 24
 SIZE OF STIFFNESS MATRIX = 1 DOUBLE KILO-WORDS
 REQD/AVAIL. DISK SPACE = 12.0/ 15471.2 MB

***WARNING - INSTABILITY AT JOINT 5 DIRECTION = MX
 PROBABLE CAUSE SINGULAR-ADDING WEAK SPRING
 K-MATRIX DIAG= 3.2820512E+03 L-MATRIX DIAG= 4.5474735E-13 EQN NO 22
 ***NOTE - VERY WEAK SPRING ADDED FOR STABILITY

NOTE STAAD DETECTS INSTABILITIES AS EXCESSIVE LOSS OF SIGNIFICANT DIGITS
 DURING DECOMPOSITION. WHEN A DECOMPOSED DIAGONAL IS LESS THAN THE
 BUILT-IN REDUCTION FACTOR TIMES THE ORIGINAL STIFFNESS MATRIX DIAGONAL,
 STAAD PRINTS A SINGULARITY NOTICE. THE BUILT-IN REDUCTION FACTOR
 IS 1.000E-09

THE ABOVE CONDITIONS COULD ALSO BE CAUSED BY VERY STIFF OR VERY WEAK
 ELEMENTS AS WELL AS TRUE SINGULARITIES.

50. LOAD LIST ALL
 51. PRINT JOINT DISPLACEMENTS ALL

STAAD SPACE

-- PAGE NO. 3

JOINT DISPLACEMENT (INCH RADIANS) STRUCTURE TYPE = SPACE

JOINT	LOAD	X-TRANS	Y-TRANS	Z-TRANS	X-ROTAN	Y-ROTAN	Z-ROTAN
1	1	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	-0.00016
	2	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	-0.00309
	3	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	-0.00033
	4	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	-0.00006
	5	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	6	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	-0.00087
	7	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	-0.00003
	8	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	-0.00452
	9	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	-0.00703
2	1	0.00000	-0.00467	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	-0.00002
	2	0.00000	-0.09275	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	-0.00043
	3	0.00000	-0.00971	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	-0.00004
	4	0.00000	-0.00173	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	-0.00001
	5	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	6	0.00000	-0.02771	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	-0.00015
	7	0.00000	-0.00081	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	8	0.00000	-0.13738	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	-0.00067
	9	0.00000	-0.21373	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	-0.00104
3	1	0.00000	-0.00472	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	2	0.00000	-0.09374	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	3	0.00000	-0.00981	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	4	0.00000	-0.00175	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	5	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	6	0.00000	-0.02810	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	7	0.00000	-0.00081	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	8	0.00000	-0.13893	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	9	0.00000	-0.21615	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
4	1	0.00000	-0.00467	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00002
	2	0.00000	-0.09275	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00043
	3	0.00000	-0.00971	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00004
	4	0.00000	-0.00173	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00001
	5	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	6	0.00000	-0.02771	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00015
	7	0.00000	-0.00081	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	8	0.00000	-0.13738	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00067
	9	0.00000	-0.21373	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00104
5	1	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00016
	2	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00309
	3	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00033
	4	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00006
	5	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	6	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00087
	7	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00003
	8	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00452
	9	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00703

STAAD SPACE

-- PAGE NO. 5

SUPPORT REACTIONS -UNIT KIP FEET STRUCTURE TYPE = SPACE

JOINT	LOAD	FORCE-X	FORCE-Y	FORCE-Z	MOM-X	MOM-Y	MOM Z
1	1	0.00	0.05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	2	0.00	0.91	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	3	0.00	0.10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4	0.00	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5	0.00	0.17	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	6	0.00	0.17	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	7	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	8	0.00	1.42	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	9	0.00	2.21	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
5	1	0.00	0.05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	2	0.00	0.91	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	3	0.00	0.10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4	0.00	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5	0.00	0.17	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	6	0.00	0.17	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	7	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	8	0.00	1.42	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	9	0.00	2.21	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

***** END OF LATEST ANALYSIS RESULT *****

53. PRINT MAXFORCE ENVELOPE ALL

App 4.0X Other Calc / Computational Work

<u>Truss design 01.28.07</u>		Completed By	Revised By	DCN #	
Appendix 4.02		Milinichik	Glantz, Owens	S-12	
<p><i>Conclusions: The following is the STAAD output data for the initial design of the Truss on the north wall of the living space.</i></p>					



Software licensed to ae

Job No

Sheet No

1

Rev

Part

Job Title

Ref

By

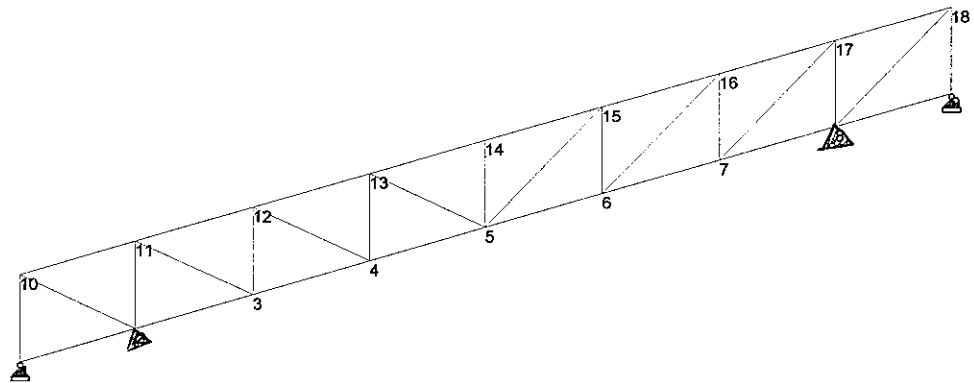
Date 01-Feb-07

Chd

Client

File LivingSpaceTruss.std

Date/Time 01-Feb-2007 23:04

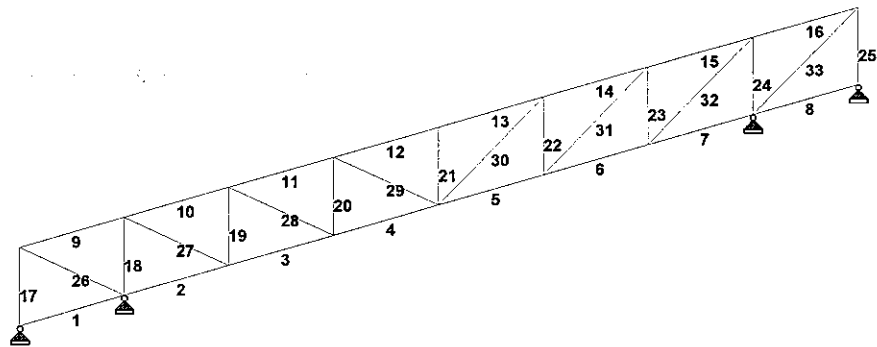
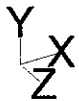


Load 1



Software licensed to ae

Job No	Sheet No 1	Rev
Part		
Ref		
By	Date 01-Feb-07	Chd
Client	File LivingSpaceTruss.std	Date/Time 02-Feb-2007 00:45



Load 1



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*          Proprietary Program of
*          Research Engineers, Intl.
*          Date=    FEB  2, 2007
*          Time=    0:52: 0
*
*          USER ID: ae
*****

```

```

1. STAAD SPACE
INPUT FILE: LivingSpaceTruss.STD
2. START JOB INFORMATION
3. ENGINEER DATE 01-FEB-07
4. END JOB INFORMATION
5. INPUT WIDTH 79
6. UNIT FEET KIP
7. JOINT COORDINATES
8. 1 0 0 0; 2 4 0 0; 3 8 0 0; 4 12 0 0; 5 16 0 0; 6 20 0 0; 7 24 0 0; 8 28 0 0
9. 9 32 0 0; 10 0 3 0; 11 4 3 0; 12 8 3 0; 13 12 3 0; 14 16 3 0; 15 20 3 0
10. 16 24 3 0; 17 28 3 0; 18 32 3 0
11. MEMBER INCIDENCES
12. 1 1 2; 2 2 3; 3 3 4; 4 4 5; 5 5 6; 6 6 7; 7 7 8; 8 8 9; 9 10 11; 10 11 12
13. 11 12 13; 12 13 14; 13 14 15; 14 15 16; 15 16 17; 16 17 18; 17 10 1; 18 11 2
14. 19 12 3; 20 13 4; 21 14 5; 22 15 6; 23 16 7; 24 17 8; 25 18 9; 26 10 2
15. 27 11 3; 28 12 4; 29 13 5; 30 5 15; 31 6 16; 32 7 17; 33 8 18
16. DEFINE MATERIAL START
17. ISOTROPIC STEEL
18. E 4.176E+006
19. POISSON 0.3
20. DENSITY 0.489024
21. ALPHA 6.5E-006
22. DAMP 0.03
23. END DEFINE MATERIAL
24. MEMBER PROPERTY AMERICAN
25. 1 TO 33 TABLE ST HSST4X4X0.25
26. CONSTANTS
27. MATERIAL STEEL ALL
28. SUPPORTS
29. 1 2 8 9 PINNED
30. LOAD 1 LOADTYPE GRAVITY TITLE SELF-WEIGHT
31. SELFWEIGHT Y -1
32. LOAD 2 LOADTYPE LIVE TITLE LIVE-ROOF
33. MEMBER LOAD
34. 9 TO 16 UNI GY -0.29
35. LOAD 3 LOADTYPE LIVE TITLE BZY-PV
36. MEMBER LOAD
37. 9 TO 16 UNI GY -0.037
38. LOAD 4 LOADTYPE LIVE TITLE BZY-EV
39. MEMBER LOAD
40. 9 TO 16 UNI GY -0.028

```

STAAD SPACE

-- PAGE NO. 2

```

41. LOAD 5 LOADTYPE DEAD TITLE LVG-PV
42. MEMBER LOAD
43. 9 TO 16 UNI GY -0.03
44. LOAD 6 LOADTYPE DEAD TITLE LVG-SIPS
45. MEMBER LOAD
46. 9 TO 16 UNI GY -0.027
47. LOAD 7 LOADTYPE DEAD TITLE LVG-INSUL
48. MEMBER LOAD
49. 9 TO 16 UNI GY -0.033
50. LOAD 8 LOADTYPE DEAD TITLE BZY-STL-FRMG
51. MEMBER LOAD
52. 9 TO 16 UNI GY -0.061
53. LOAD 9 LOADTYPE DEAD TITLE BZY-SIP
54. MEMBER LOAD
55. 9 TO 16 UNI GY -0.031
56. LOAD COMB 10 NO LOAD FACTORS
57. 1 1.0 2 1.0 3 1.0 4 1.0 5 1.0 6 1.0 7 1.0 8 1.0 9 1.0
58. LOAD COMB 11 LOAD FACTORS 1.2D + 1.6L
59. 1 1.2 2 1.6 3 1.6 4 1.6 5 1.2 6 1.2 7 1.2 8 1.2 9 1.2
60. PERFORM ANALYSIS

```

P R O B L E M S T A T I S T I C S

```

-----
NUMBER OF JOINTS/MEMBER+ELEMENTS/SUPPORTS = 18/ 33/ 4
ORIGINAL/FINAL BAND-WIDTH= 10/ 4/ 30 DOF
TOTAL PRIMARY LOAD CASES = 9, TOTAL DEGREES OF FREEDOM = 96
SIZE OF STIFFNESS MATRIX = 3 DOUBLE KILO-WORDS
REQRD/AVAIL. DISK SPACE = 12.1/ 238292.8 MB

```

```

***WARNING - INSTABILITY AT JOINT 18 DIRECTION = MX
PROBABLE CAUSE SINGULAR-ADDING WEAK SPRING
K-MATRIX DIAG= 3.3191728E+04 L-MATRIX DIAG= 5.0931703E-11 EQN NO 94
***NOTE - VERY WEAK SPRING ADDED FOR STABILITY

```

```

**NOTE** STAAD DETECTS INSTABILITIES AS EXCESSIVE LOSS OF SIGNIFICANT DIGITS
DURING DECOMPOSITION. WHEN A DECOMPOSED DIAGONAL IS LESS THAN THE
BUILT-IN REDUCTION FACTOR TIMES THE ORIGINAL STIFFNESS MATRIX DIAGONAL,
STAAD PRINTS A SINGULARITY NOTICE. THE BUILT-IN REDUCTION FACTOR
IS 1.000E-09

```

THE ABOVE CONDITIONS COULD ALSO BE CAUSED BY VERY STIFF OR VERY WEAK
ELEMENTS AS WELL AS TRUE SINGULARITIES.

```

61. LOAD LIST 10 11
62. PRINT JOINT DISPLACEMENTS ALL

```

STAAD SPACE

-- PAGE NO. 3

JOINT DISPLACEMENT (INCH RADIANS) STRUCTURE TYPE = SPACE

```

-----
JOINT  LOAD   X-TRANS  Y-TRANS  Z-TRANS  X-ROTAN  Y-ROTAN  Z-ROTAN
1      10      0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  -0.00003
      11      0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  -0.00004
2      10      0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  -0.00020
      11      0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  -0.00029
3      10     -0.00318  -0.02746  0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  -0.00048
      11     -0.00459  -0.03965  0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  -0.00069
4      10     -0.00272  -0.04863  0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  -0.00028
      11     -0.00392  -0.07022  0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  -0.00040
5      10      0.00000  -0.05710  0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  0.00000
      11      0.00000  -0.08246  0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  0.00000
6      10      0.00272  -0.04863  0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  0.00028
      11      0.00392  -0.07022  0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  0.00040
7      10      0.00318  -0.02746  0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  0.00048
      11      0.00459  -0.03965  0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  0.00069
8      10      0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  0.00020
      11      0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  0.00029
9      10      0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  0.00003
      11      0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  0.00004
10     10      0.00583  0.00113  0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  -0.00025
      11      0.00841  0.00162  0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  -0.00036
11     10      0.00836  -0.00296  0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  -0.00031
      11      0.01207  -0.00428  0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  -0.00045
12     10      0.00739  -0.02947  0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  -0.00043
      11      0.01067  -0.04256  0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  -0.00062
13     10      0.00408  -0.04984  0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  -0.00025
      11      0.00589  -0.07197  0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  -0.00036
14     10      0.00000  -0.05788  0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  0.00000
      11      0.00000  -0.08359  0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  0.00000
15     10     -0.00408  -0.04984  0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  0.00025
      11     -0.00589  -0.07197  0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  0.00036
16     10     -0.00739  -0.02947  0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  0.00043
      11     -0.01067  -0.04256  0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  0.00062
17     10     -0.00836  -0.00296  0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  0.00031
      11     -0.01207  -0.00428  0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  0.00045
18     10     -0.00583  0.00113  0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  0.00025
      11     -0.00841  0.00162  0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  0.00036

```

***** END OF LATEST ANALYSIS RESULT *****

63. PRINT SUPPORT REACTION ALL

STAAD SPACE

-- PAGE NO. 4

SUPPORT REACTIONS -UNIT KIP FEET STRUCTURE TYPE = SPACE

JOINT	LOAD	FORCE-X	FORCE-Y	FORCE-Z	MOM-X	MOM-Y	MOM Z
1	10	-0.04	-3.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	11	-0.06	-4.55	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
2	10	1.40	12.49	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	11	2.01	18.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
8	10	-1.40	12.49	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	11	-2.01	18.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
9	10	0.04	-3.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	11	0.06	-4.55	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

***** END OF LATEST ANALYSIS RESULT *****

64. PRINT MAXFORCE ENVELOPE ALL

STAAD SPACE

-- PAGE NO. 5

MEMBER FORCE ENVELOPE

ALL UNITS ARE KIP FEET

MAX AND MIN FORCE VALUES AMONGST ALL SECTION LOCATIONS

MEMB	FY/ FZ	DIST	LD	MZ/ MY	DIST	LD	FX	DIST	LD
1 MAX	-0.11	0.00	10	0.49	4.00	11			
	0.00	0.00	10	0.00	0.00	10	0.00	0.00	10
MIN	-0.21	4.00	11	-0.26	0.00	11			
	0.00	4.00	11	0.00	4.00	11	0.00	4.00	11
2 MAX	0.40	0.00	11	0.92	0.00	11			
	0.00	0.00	10	0.00	0.00	10	9.34 C	0.00	11
MIN	0.24	4.00	10	-0.57	4.00	11			
	0.00	4.00	11	0.00	4.00	11	6.47 C	4.00	10
3 MAX	0.13	0.00	11	0.11	0.00	11			
	0.00	0.00	10	0.00	0.00	10	0.94 T	0.00	10
MIN	0.05	4.00	10	-0.30	4.00	11			
	0.00	4.00	11	0.00	4.00	11	1.36 T	4.00	11
4 MAX	0.09	0.00	11	-0.01	0.00	10			
	0.00	0.00	10	0.00	0.00	10	5.53 T	0.00	10
MIN	0.02	4.00	10	-0.26	4.00	11			
	0.00	4.00	11	0.00	4.00	11	7.98 T	4.00	11
5 MAX	-0.02	0.00	10	-0.01	4.00	10			
	0.00	0.00	10	0.00	0.00	10	5.53 T	0.00	10
MIN	-0.09	4.00	11	-0.26	0.00	11			
	0.00	4.00	11	0.00	4.00	11	7.98 T	4.00	11
6 MAX	-0.05	0.00	10	0.11	4.00	11			
	0.00	0.00	10	0.00	0.00	10	0.94 T	0.00	10
MIN	-0.13	4.00	11	-0.30	0.00	11			
	0.00	4.00	11	0.00	4.00	11	1.36 T	4.00	11
7 MAX	-0.24	0.00	10	0.92	4.00	11			
	0.00	0.00	10	0.00	0.00	10	9.34 C	0.00	11
MIN	-0.40	4.00	11	-0.57	0.00	11			
	0.00	4.00	11	0.00	4.00	11	6.47 C	4.00	10
8 MAX	0.21	0.00	11	0.49	0.00	11			
	0.00	0.00	10	0.00	0.00	10	0.00	0.00	10
MIN	0.11	4.00	10	-0.26	4.00	11			
	0.00	4.00	11	0.00	4.00	11	0.00	4.00	11
9 MAX	1.28	0.00	11	1.74	4.00	11			
	0.00	0.00	10	0.00	0.00	10	5.17 T	0.00	10

STAAD SPACE

-- PAGE NO. 6

MIN	-1.92	4.00	11	-0.56	1.67	11			
	0.00	4.00	11	0.00	4.00	11	7.46 T	4.00	11
10 MAX	1.89	0.00	11	1.71	0.00	11			
	0.00	0.00	10	0.00	0.00	10	2.87 C	0.00	11
MIN	-1.31	4.00	11	-0.52	2.33	11			
	0.00	4.00	11	0.00	4.00	11	1.99 C	4.00	10
11 MAX	1.73	0.00	11	1.23	0.00	11			
	0.00	0.00	10	0.00	0.00	10	9.73 C	0.00	11
MIN	-1.47	4.00	11	-0.64	2.00	11			
	0.00	4.00	11	0.00	4.00	11	6.74 C	4.00	10
12 MAX	1.67	0.00	11	1.06	0.00	11			
	0.00	0.00	10	0.00	0.00	10	11.99 C	0.00	11
MIN	-1.53	4.00	11	-0.68	2.00	11			
	0.00	4.00	11	0.00	4.00	11	8.31 C	4.00	10
13 MAX	1.53	0.00	11	1.06	4.00	11			
	0.00	0.00	10	0.00	0.00	10	11.99 C	0.00	11
MIN	-1.67	4.00	11	-0.68	2.00	11			
	0.00	4.00	11	0.00	4.00	11	8.31 C	4.00	10
14 MAX	1.47	0.00	11	1.23	4.00	11			
	0.00	0.00	10	0.00	0.00	10	9.73 C	0.00	11
MIN	-1.73	4.00	11	-0.64	2.00	11			
	0.00	4.00	11	0.00	4.00	11	6.74 C	4.00	10
15 MAX	1.31	0.00	11	1.71	4.00	11			
	0.00	0.00	10	0.00	0.00	10	2.87 C	0.00	11
MIN	-1.89	4.00	11	-0.52	1.67	11			
	0.00	4.00	11	0.00	4.00	11	1.99 C	4.00	10
16 MAX	1.92	0.00	11	1.74	0.00	11			
	0.00	0.00	10	0.00	0.00	10	5.17 T	0.00	10
MIN	-1.28	4.00	11	-0.56	2.33	11			
	0.00	4.00	11	0.00	4.00	11	7.46 T	4.00	11
17 MAX	0.06	0.00	11	-0.05	0.00	10			
	0.00	0.00	10	0.00	0.00	10	3.04 T	3.00	10
MIN	0.04	3.00	10	-0.26	3.00	11			
	0.00	3.00	11	0.00	3.00	11	4.43 T	0.00	11
18 MAX	-0.05	0.00	10	0.02	3.00	11			
	0.00	0.00	10	0.00	0.00	10	11.63 C	3.00	11
MIN	-0.07	3.00	11	-0.19	0.00	11			
	0.00	3.00	11	0.00	3.00	11	8.01 C	0.00	10
19 MAX	-0.31	0.00	10	0.70	3.00	11			
	0.00	0.00	10	0.00	0.00	10	7.93 C	3.00	11
MIN	-0.44	3.00	11	-0.63	0.00	11			
	0.00	3.00	11	0.00	3.00	11	5.45 C	0.00	10
20 MAX	-0.14	0.00	10	0.33	3.00	11			
	0.00	0.00	10	0.00	0.00	10	4.77 C	3.00	11

STAAD SPACE

-- PAGE NO. 7

MIN	-0.21	3.00	11	-0.30	0.00	11			
	0.00	3.00	11	0.00	3.00	11	3.25 C	0.00	10
21 MAX	0.00	0.00	11	0.00	0.00	11			
	0.00	0.00	10	0.00	0.00	10	3.11 C	3.00	11
MIN	0.00	3.00	10	0.00	3.00	10			
	0.00	3.00	11	0.00	3.00	11	2.10 C	0.00	10
22 MAX	0.21	0.00	11	0.30	0.00	11			
	0.00	0.00	10	0.00	0.00	10	4.77 C	3.00	11
MIN	0.14	3.00	10	-0.33	3.00	11			
	0.00	3.00	11	0.00	3.00	11	3.25 C	0.00	10
23 MAX	0.44	0.00	11	0.63	0.00	11			
	0.00	0.00	10	0.00	0.00	10	7.93 C	3.00	11
MIN	0.31	3.00	10	-0.70	3.00	11			
	0.00	3.00	11	0.00	3.00	11	5.45 C	0.00	10
24 MAX	0.07	0.00	11	0.19	0.00	11			
	0.00	0.00	10	0.00	0.00	10	11.63 C	3.00	11
MIN	0.05	3.00	10	-0.02	3.00	11			
	0.00	3.00	11	0.00	3.00	11	8.01 C	0.00	10
25 MAX	-0.04	0.00	10	0.26	3.00	11			
	0.00	0.00	10	0.00	0.00	10	3.04 T	3.00	10
MIN	-0.06	3.00	11	0.05	0.00	10			
	0.00	3.00	11	0.00	3.00	11	4.43 T	0.00	11
26 MAX	-0.09	0.00	10	0.40	5.00	11			
	0.00	0.00	10	0.00	0.00	10	9.39 C	5.00	11
MIN	-0.19	5.00	11	-0.40	0.00	11			
	0.00	5.00	11	0.00	5.00	11	6.47 C	0.00	10
27 MAX	0.08	0.00	11	0.22	0.00	11			
	0.00	0.00	10	0.00	0.00	10	8.89 T	5.00	10
MIN	0.01	5.00	10	-0.02	5.00	11			
	0.00	5.00	11	0.00	5.00	11	12.88 T	0.00	11
28 MAX	0.03	0.00	11	-0.03	0.00	10			
	0.00	0.00	10	0.00	0.00	10	5.54 T	5.00	10
MIN	-0.03	5.00	11	-0.08	2.50	11			
	0.00	5.00	11	0.00	5.00	11	8.04 T	0.00	11
29 MAX	0.04	0.00	11	-0.04	0.00	10			
	0.00	0.00	10	0.00	0.00	10	1.77 T	5.00	10
MIN	-0.02	5.00	11	-0.13	3.75	11			
	0.00	5.00	11	0.00	5.00	11	2.60 T	0.00	11
30 MAX	0.02	0.00	11	-0.04	5.00	10			
	0.00	0.00	10	0.00	0.00	10	1.77 T	0.00	10
MIN	-0.04	5.00	11	-0.13	1.25	11			
	0.00	5.00	11	0.00	5.00	11	2.60 T	5.00	11
31 MAX	0.03	0.00	11	-0.03	5.00	10			
	0.00	0.00	10	0.00	0.00	10	5.54 T	0.00	10

STAAD SPACE

-- PAGE NO. 8

MIN	-0.03	5.00	11	-0.08	2.50	11			
	0.00	5.00	11	0.00	5.00	11	8.04 T	5.00	11
32 MAX	-0.01	0.00	10	0.22	5.00	11			
	0.00	0.00	10	0.00	0.00	10	8.89 T	0.00	10
MIN	-0.08	5.00	11	-0.02	0.00	11			
	0.00	5.00	11	0.00	5.00	11	12.88 T	5.00	11
33 MAX	0.19	0.00	11	0.40	0.00	11			
	0.00	0.00	10	0.00	0.00	10	9.39 C	0.00	11
MIN	0.09	5.00	10	-0.40	5.00	11			
	0.00	5.00	11	0.00	5.00	11	6.47 C	5.00	10

***** END OF FORCE ENVELOPE FROM INTERNAL STORAGE *****

65. FINISH

***** END OF THE STAAD.Pro RUN *****

**** DATE= FEB 2,2007 TIME= 0:52: 1 ****

_Truss Design 02.20.07	Completed By	Revised By	DCN #	
Appendix 4.03	Gimbet, Milinichik	Glantz, Owens	S-45	
<p><i>Conclusions: The following is the STAAD output data for the design of the Truss on the north wall of the living space. This STAAD file is composed of multiple elements including the outriggers to support the truss from the north and south, the breezeway steel frame, the living space SIP internal 2 x 6 framing of Southern Pine No.1 dimensional lumber. The outriggers in this model are framed out of plane to the 2 x 6 internal supporting lumber of the living space SIP design.</i></p>				

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*****
*                               *
*      STAAD.Pro                *
*      Version  2006    Bld 1002.US      *
*      Proprietary Program of          *
*      Research Engineers, Intl.        *
*      Date=    FEB 23, 2007           *
*      Time=    17:17:48               *
*                               *
*      USER ID: PSUAE                 *
*****

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1. STAAD SPACE

INPUT FILE: S-44 LS Truss Tree Structure with SIPS 4X4 Vier.STD

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2. START JOB INFORMATION
3. ENGINEER DATE 01-FEB-07
4. END JOB INFORMATION
5. INPUT WIDTH 79
6. UNIT FEET KIP
7. JOINT COORDINATES
8. 1 0 0 0; 2 4 0 0; 3 8 0 0; 4 12 0 0; 5 16 0 0; 6 20 0 0; 7 24 0 0; 8 28 0 0
9. 9 32 0 0; 10 0 3.25 0; 11 4 3.25 0; 12 8 3.25 0; 13 12 3.25 0; 14 16 3.25 0
10. 15 20 3.25 0; 16 24 3.25 0; 17 28 3.25 0; 18 32 3.25 0; 19 8 4.375 4.5
11. 20 16 4.375 4.5; 21 24 4.375 4.5; 23 8 2.75 -2; 24 16 2.75 -2; 25 24 2.75 -2
12. 26 0 2.75 -2; 27 32 2.75 -2; 28 4 4.375 4.5; 29 12 4.375 4.5; 30 20 4.375 4.5
13. 31 28 4.375 4.5; 32 0 0 -13; 33 4 0 -13; 34 8 0 -13; 35 12 0 -13; 36 16 0 -13
14. 37 20 0 -13; 38 24 0 -13; 39 28 0 -13; 40 32 0 -13
15. MEMBER INCIDENCES
16. 1 1 2; 2 2 3; 3 3 4; 4 4 5; 5 5 6; 6 6 7; 7 7 8; 8 8 9; 9 10 11; 10 11 12
17. 11 12 13; 12 13 14; 13 14 15; 14 15 16; 15 16 17; 16 17 18; 17 10 1; 18 11 2
18. 19 12 3; 20 13 4; 21 14 5; 22 15 6; 23 16 7; 24 17 8; 25 18 9; 26 11 28
19. 27 12 19; 28 13 29; 29 14 20; 30 15 30; 31 16 21; 32 17 31; 34 2 19; 35 19 4
20. 36 4 20; 37 20 6; 38 6 21; 39 21 8; 41 2 23; 42 23 4; 43 4 24; 44 24 6
21. 45 6 25; 46 25 8; 55 10 26; 56 26 32; 57 11 33; 58 12 23; 59 23 34; 60 13 35
22. 61 14 24; 62 24 36; 63 15 37; 64 16 25; 65 25 38; 66 17 39; 67 18 27; 68 27 40
23. 69 28 19; 70 19 29; 71 29 20; 72 20 30; 73 30 21; 74 21 31
24. DEFINE MATERIAL START
25. ISOTROPIC STEEL
26. E 4.176E+006
27. POISSON 0.3
28. DENSITY 0.489024
29. ALPHA 6.5E-006
30. DAMP 0.03
31. ISOTROPIC SOUTH
32. E 259200
33. POISSON 0.3
34. DENSITY 9.383E-005
35. ALPHA 3E-006
36. END DEFINE MATERIAL
37. MEMBER PROPERTY AMERICAN
38. 34 TO 39 41 TO 46 TABLE ST HSST1.25X1.25X0.188
39. 1 TO 18 24 TO 26 32 69 TO 74 TABLE ST HSST4X4X0.313
40. MEMBER PROPERTY AMERICAN

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STAAD SPACE

-- PAGE NO. 2

41. 55 TO 68 PRIS YD 0.458333 ZD 0.25
42. 19 TO 23 27 TO 31 TABLE ST HSST4X2X0.313
43. CONSTANTS
44. BETA 345.96 MEMB 69 TO 74
45. BETA 90 MEMB 19 TO 23
46. MATERIAL STEEL MEMB 1 TO 32 34 TO 39 41 TO 46 69 TO 74
47. MATERIAL SOUTH MEMB 55 TO 68
48. SUPPORTS
49. 1 2 8 9 32 TO 40 PINNED
50. LOAD 1 LOADTYPE GRAVITY TITLE SELF-WEIGHT
51. SELFWEIGHT Y -1
52. LOAD 2 LOADTYPE DEAD TITLE PV LS
53. MEMBER LOAD
54. 55 56 67 68 UNI GY -0.0092
55. LOAD 3 LOADTYPE DEAD TITLE PV LS
56. MEMBER LOAD
57. 57 TO 66 UNI GY -0.0184
58. LOAD 4 LOADTYPE DEAD TITLE SIP LS
59. MEMBER LOAD
60. 55 56 67 68 UNI GY -0.0083
61. LOAD 5 LOADTYPE DEAD TITLE SIP LS
62. MEMBER LOAD
63. 57 TO 66 UNI GY -0.0166
64. LOAD 6 LOADTYPE DEAD TITLE INSUL LS
65. MEMBER LOAD
66. 55 56 67 68 UNI GY -0.01
67. LOAD 7 LOADTYPE DEAD TITLE INSUL LS
68. MEMBER LOAD
69. 57 TO 66 UNI GY -0.02
70. LOAD 8 LOADTYPE DEAD TITLE SKYLIGHT LS
71. MEMBER LOAD
72. 61 62 UNI GY -0.00875
73. LOAD 9 LOADTYPE DEAD TITLE STL FRAME TRUSS
74. MEMBER LOAD
75. 9 TO 16 UNI GY -0.0164
76. LOAD 10 LOADTYPE DEAD TITLE SIP TRUSS
77. MEMBER LOAD
78. 9 TO 16 UNI GY -0.00814
79. LOAD 11 LOADTYPE DEAD TITLE STL FRAME BZWY OR
80. MEMBER LOAD
81. 69 TO 74 UNI GY -0.0157
82. LOAD 12 LOADTYPE DEAD TITLE SIP BZWY OR
83. MEMBER LOAD
84. 69 TO 74 UNI GY -0.02186
85. LOAD 13 LOADTYPE SNOW TITLE SNOW
86. MEMBER LOAD
87. 55 56 67 68 UNI GY -0.07
88. LOAD 14 LOADTYPE SNOW TITLE SNOW LS
89. MEMBER LOAD
90. 57 TO 66 UNI GY -0.14
91. LOAD 15 LOADTYPE SNOW TITLE SNOW TRUSS
92. MEMBER LOAD
93. 9 TO 16 UNI GY -0.076
94. LOAD 16 LOADTYPE SNOW TITLE SNOW BZWY OR
95. MEMBER LOAD
96. 69 TO 74 UNI GY -0.204

STAAD SPACE

-- PAGE NO. 3

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97. LOAD 17 LOADTYPE LIVE  TITLE PV BZWY OR
98. MEMBER LOAD
99. 69 TO 74 UNI GY -0.02682
100. LOAD 18 LOADTYPE LIVE  TITLE EV BZWY OR
101. MEMBER LOAD
102. 69 TO 74 UNI GY -0.02035
103. LOAD 19 LOADTYPE LIVE  TITLE PV TRUSS
104. MEMBER LOAD
105. 9 TO 16 UNI GY -0.00998
106. LOAD 20 LOADTYPE LIVE  TITLE EV TRUSS
107. MEMBER LOAD
108. 9 TO 16 UNI GY -0.00757
109. LOAD COMB 21 (1.2) DEAD
110. 1 1.2 2 1.2 3 1.2 4 1.2 5 1.2 6 1.2 7 1.2 8 1.2 9 1.2 10 1.2 11 1.2 12 1.2
111. LOAD COMB 22 (1.6) LIVE
112. 13 1.6 14 1.6 15 1.6 16 1.6 17 1.6 18 1.6 19 1.6 20 1.6
113. LOAD COMB 23 SERVICE LOAD PART 1
114. 1 1.0 2 1.0 3 1.0 4 1.0 5 1.0 6 1.0 7 1.0 8 1.0 9 1.0 10 1.0 11 1.0 12 1.0 -
115. 13 1.0 14 1.0 15 1.0
116. LOAD COMB 24 SERVICE LOAD PART 2
117. 16 1.0 17 1.0 18 1.0 19 1.0 20 1.0
118. PERFORM ANALYSIS

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PROBLEM STATISTICS

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NUMBER OF JOINTS/MEMBER+ELEMENTS/SUPPORTS = 39/ 64/ 13
ORIGINAL/FINAL BAND-WIDTH= 21/ 8/ 48 DOF
TOTAL PRIMARY LOAD CASES = 20, TOTAL DEGREES OF FREEDOM = 195
SIZE OF STIFFNESS MATRIX = 10 DOUBLE KILO-WORDS
REQRD/AVAIL. DISK SPACE = 12.3/ 159618.6 MB

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119. LOAD LIST 21 TO 24
120. PRINT JOINT DISPLACEMENTS ALL

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STAAD SPACE

-- PAGE NO. 4

JOINT DISPLACEMENT (INCH RADIANS) STRUCTURE TYPE = SPACE

JOINT	LOAD	X-TRANS	Y-TRANS	Z-TRANS	X-ROTAN	Y-ROTAN	Z-ROTAN
1	21	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00014	0.00034	0.00005
	22	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00047	0.00094	0.00016
	23	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00044	0.00092	0.00013
	24	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	-0.00003	-0.00005	0.00001
2	21	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00001	-0.00079	-0.00053
	22	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00010	-0.00216	-0.00150
	23	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00010	-0.00210	-0.00127
	24	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	-0.00003	0.00009	-0.00011
3	21	-0.00053	-0.09675	0.08438	-0.00148	-0.00224	-0.00238
	22	-0.00172	-0.28011	0.23052	-0.00378	-0.00611	-0.00703
	23	-0.00114	-0.23522	0.22582	-0.00417	-0.00599	-0.00587
	24	-0.00037	-0.02048	-0.01143	0.00057	0.00030	-0.00051
4	21	-0.00073	-0.20863	0.17972	-0.00292	-0.00129	-0.00138
	22	-0.00245	-0.61684	0.49112	-0.00757	-0.00353	-0.00411
	23	-0.00146	-0.51456	0.48136	-0.00807	-0.00345	-0.00342
	24	-0.00068	-0.04483	-0.02464	0.00090	0.00017	-0.00030
5	21	0.00000	-0.23773	0.20547	-0.00354	0.00000	0.00000
	22	0.00000	-0.69995	0.56216	-0.00919	0.00000	0.00000
	23	0.00000	-0.58454	0.55058	-0.00985	0.00000	0.00000
	24	0.00000	-0.05104	-0.02801	0.00115	0.00000	0.00000
6	21	0.00073	-0.20863	0.17972	-0.00292	0.00129	0.00138
	22	0.00245	-0.61684	0.49112	-0.00757	0.00353	0.00411
	23	0.00146	-0.51456	0.48136	-0.00807	0.00345	0.00342
	24	0.00068	-0.04483	-0.02464	0.00090	-0.00017	0.00030
7	21	0.00053	-0.09675	0.08438	-0.00148	0.00224	0.00238
	22	0.00172	-0.28011	0.23052	-0.00378	0.00611	0.00703
	23	0.00114	-0.23522	0.22582	-0.00417	0.00599	0.00587
	24	0.00037	-0.02048	-0.01143	0.00057	-0.00030	0.00051
8	21	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00001	0.00079	0.00053
	22	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00010	0.00216	0.00150
	23	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00010	0.00210	0.00127
	24	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	-0.00003	-0.00009	0.00011
9	21	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00014	-0.00034	-0.00005
	22	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00047	-0.00094	-0.00016
	23	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00044	-0.00092	-0.00013
	24	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	-0.00003	0.00005	-0.00001
10	21	0.00231	0.00000	-0.00162	-0.00046	0.00017	0.00004
	22	0.00678	-0.00002	-0.00513	-0.00151	0.00044	0.00009
	23	0.00560	-0.00002	-0.00473	-0.00141	0.00047	0.00008
	24	0.00056	0.00001	0.00017	0.00008	-0.00006	0.00000
11	21	0.00239	-0.00063	-0.00247	-0.00064	-0.00023	-0.00055
	22	0.00701	-0.00191	-0.00558	-0.00180	-0.00070	-0.00160
	23	0.00580	-0.00151	-0.00921	-0.00220	-0.00052	-0.00134
	24	0.00058	-0.00021	0.00367	0.00054	-0.00010	-0.00013
12	21	0.00208	-0.09678	0.02401	-0.00166	-0.00101	-0.00227
	22	0.00611	-0.28019	0.07630	-0.00427	-0.00294	-0.00673
	23	0.00509	-0.23528	0.05169	-0.00490	-0.00255	-0.00560
	24	0.00046	-0.02049	0.01600	0.00084	-0.00014	-0.00050

STAAD SPACE

-- PAGE NO. 5

JOINT DISPLACEMENT (INCH RADIANS) STRUCTURE TYPE = SPACE

JOINT	LOAD	X-TRANS	Y-TRANS	Z-TRANS	X-ROTAN	Y-ROTAN	Z-ROTAN

13	21	0.00114	-0.20865	0.05343	-0.00343	-0.00038	-0.00138
	22	0.00335	-0.61694	0.15967	-0.00924	-0.00114	-0.00413
	23	0.00279	-0.51458	0.12951	-0.00985	-0.00096	-0.00342
	24	0.00025	-0.04488	0.01481	0.00123	-0.00007	-0.00031
14	21	0.00000	-0.23759	0.06312	-0.00326	0.00000	0.00000
	22	0.00000	-0.69956	0.19352	-0.00839	0.00000	0.00000
	23	0.00000	-0.58421	0.15038	-0.00935	0.00000	0.00000
	24	0.00000	-0.05102	0.02316	0.00139	0.00000	0.00000
15	21	-0.00114	-0.20865	0.05343	-0.00343	0.00038	0.00138
	22	-0.00335	-0.61694	0.15967	-0.00924	0.00114	0.00413
	23	-0.00279	-0.51458	0.12951	-0.00985	0.00096	0.00342
	24	-0.00025	-0.04488	0.01481	0.00123	0.00007	0.00031
16	21	-0.00208	-0.09678	0.02401	-0.00166	0.00101	0.00227
	22	-0.00611	-0.28019	0.07630	-0.00427	0.00294	0.00673
	23	-0.00509	-0.23528	0.05169	-0.00490	0.00255	0.00560
	24	-0.00046	-0.02049	0.01600	0.00084	0.00014	0.00050
17	21	-0.00239	-0.00063	-0.00247	-0.00064	0.00023	0.00055
	22	-0.00701	-0.00191	-0.00558	-0.00180	0.00070	0.00160
	23	-0.00580	-0.00151	-0.00921	-0.00220	0.00052	0.00134
	24	-0.00058	-0.00021	0.00367	0.00054	0.00010	0.00013
18	21	-0.00231	0.00000	-0.00162	-0.00046	-0.00017	-0.00004
	22	-0.00678	-0.00002	-0.00513	-0.00151	-0.00044	-0.00009
	23	-0.00560	-0.00002	-0.00473	-0.00141	-0.00047	-0.00008
	24	-0.00056	0.00001	0.00017	0.00008	0.00006	0.00000
19	21	0.00111	-0.01923	0.00487	-0.00143	-0.00024	-0.00084
	22	0.00530	-0.11063	0.03574	-0.00274	-0.00082	-0.00305
	23	0.00083	0.00007	-0.00733	-0.00443	-0.00053	-0.00181
	24	0.00342	-0.08523	0.03372	0.00152	-0.00018	-0.00080
20	21	0.00000	-0.04880	0.01671	-0.00323	0.00000	0.00000
	22	0.00000	-0.22860	0.07926	-0.00762	0.00000	0.00000
	23	0.00000	-0.04977	0.01803	-0.00914	0.00000	0.00000
	24	0.00000	-0.13378	0.04543	0.00169	0.00000	0.00000
21	21	-0.00111	-0.01923	0.00487	-0.00143	0.00024	0.00084
	22	-0.00530	-0.11063	0.03574	-0.00274	0.00082	0.00305
	23	-0.00083	0.00007	-0.00733	-0.00443	0.00053	0.00181
	24	-0.00342	-0.08523	0.03372	0.00152	0.00018	0.00080
23	21	0.11426	-0.14627	0.03613	-0.00273	-0.00575	-0.00125
	22	0.32779	-0.41810	0.10885	-0.00831	-0.01651	-0.00375
	23	0.29134	-0.37799	0.08763	-0.00798	-0.01463	-0.00303
	24	0.00875	-0.00521	0.01051	0.00050	-0.00048	-0.00035
24	21	0.00000	-0.29206	0.07570	-0.00241	0.00000	0.00000
	22	0.00000	-0.83502	0.22316	-0.00626	0.00000	0.00000
	23	0.00000	-0.74663	0.18912	-0.00712	0.00000	0.00000
	24	0.00000	-0.01864	0.01344	0.00120	0.00000	0.00000
25	21	-0.11426	-0.14627	0.03613	-0.00273	0.00575	0.00125
	22	-0.32779	-0.41810	0.10885	-0.00831	0.01651	0.00375
	23	-0.29134	-0.37799	0.08763	-0.00798	0.01463	0.00303
	24	-0.00875	-0.00521	0.01051	0.00050	0.00048	0.00035

STAAD SPACE

-- PAGE NO. 6

JOINT DISPLACEMENT (INCH RADIANS) STRUCTURE TYPE = SPACE

JOINT	LOAD	X-TRANS	Y-TRANS	Z-TRANS	X-ROTAN	Y-ROTAN	Z-ROTAN
26	21	-0.00076	-0.03513	0.00737	-0.00211	0.00011	0.00005
	22	-0.00132	-0.11818	0.02507	-0.00712	0.00029	0.00013
	23	-0.00305	-0.10465	0.02204	-0.00625	0.00031	0.00012
	24	0.00159	0.00152	-0.00023	0.00005	-0.00003	0.00000
27	21	0.00076	-0.03513	0.00737	-0.00211	-0.00011	-0.00005
	22	0.00132	-0.11818	0.02507	-0.00712	-0.00029	-0.00013
	23	0.00305	-0.10465	0.02204	-0.00625	-0.00031	-0.00012
	24	-0.00159	0.00152	-0.00023	0.00005	0.00003	0.00000
28	21	0.00110	0.02122	-0.00793	-0.00049	-0.00024	-0.00085
	22	0.00524	0.01973	-0.01096	-0.00021	-0.00082	-0.00274
	23	0.00082	0.10161	-0.03501	-0.00221	-0.00058	-0.00218
	24	0.00337	-0.07160	0.02155	0.00167	-0.00013	-0.00024
29	21	0.00055	-0.04874	0.01345	-0.00258	-0.00013	-0.00028
	22	0.00265	-0.23277	0.06373	-0.00571	-0.00047	-0.00115
	23	0.00041	-0.04955	0.01319	-0.00752	-0.00027	-0.00040
	24	0.00171	-0.13655	0.03785	0.00180	-0.00013	-0.00055
30	21	-0.00055	-0.04874	0.01345	-0.00258	0.00013	0.00028
	22	-0.00265	-0.23277	0.06373	-0.00571	0.00047	0.00115
	23	-0.00041	-0.04955	0.01319	-0.00752	0.00027	0.00040
	24	-0.00171	-0.13655	0.03785	0.00180	0.00013	0.00055
31	21	-0.00110	0.02122	-0.00793	-0.00049	0.00024	0.00085
	22	-0.00524	0.01973	-0.01096	-0.00021	0.00082	0.00274
	23	-0.00082	0.10161	-0.03501	-0.00221	0.00058	0.00218
	24	-0.00337	-0.07160	0.02155	0.00167	0.00013	0.00024
32	21	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00332	-0.00004	0.00009
	22	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.01125	-0.00009	0.00022
	23	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00984	-0.00011	0.00023
	24	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	-0.00004	0.00003	-0.00002
33	21	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00651	-0.00008	-0.00059
	22	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.02191	-0.00022	-0.00172
	23	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.01938	-0.00020	-0.00141
	24	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	-0.00026	0.00000	-0.00016
34	21	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00678	0.00314	-0.00347
	22	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.02164	0.00897	-0.01012
	23	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.01934	0.00806	-0.00871
	24	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	-0.00017	0.00016	-0.00051
35	21	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00991	-0.00032	-0.00139
	22	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.03155	-0.00096	-0.00417
	23	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.02815	-0.00079	-0.00346
	24	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	-0.00017	-0.00008	-0.00031
36	21	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00888	0.00000	0.00000
	22	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.02538	0.00000	0.00000
	23	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.02362	0.00000	0.00000
	24	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	-0.00036	0.00000	0.00000
37	21	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00991	0.00032	0.00139
	22	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.03155	0.00096	0.00417
	23	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.02815	0.00079	0.00346
	24	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	-0.00017	0.00008	0.00031

STAAD SPACE

-- PAGE NO. 7

JOINT DISPLACEMENT (INCH RADIANS) STRUCTURE TYPE = SPACE

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JOINT  LOAD   X-TRANS  Y-TRANS  Z-TRANS  X-ROTAN  Y-ROTAN  Z-ROTAN
-----
38    21    0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  0.00678  -0.00314  0.00347
      22    0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  0.02164  -0.00897  0.01012
      23    0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  0.01934  -0.00806  0.00871
      24    0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  -0.00017  -0.00016  0.00051
39    21    0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  0.00651  0.00008  0.00059
      22    0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  0.02191  0.00022  0.00172
      23    0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  0.01938  0.00020  0.00141
      24    0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  -0.00026  0.00000  0.00016
40    21    0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  0.00332  0.00004  -0.00009
      22    0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  0.01125  0.00009  -0.00022
      23    0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  0.00984  0.00011  -0.00023
      24    0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  -0.00004  -0.00003  0.00002

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***** END OF LATEST ANALYSIS RESULT *****

121. PRINT SUPPORT REACTION ALL

STAAD SPACE

-- PAGE NO. 8

SUPPORT REACTIONS -UNIT KIP FEET STRUCTURE TYPE = SPACE

JOINT	LOAD	FORCE-X	FORCE-Y	FORCE-Z	MOM-X	MOM-Y	MOM Z
1	21	-0.20	-0.25	0.06	0.00	0.00	0.00
	22	-0.58	-0.82	0.05	0.00	0.00	0.00
	23	-0.49	-0.63	0.07	0.00	0.00	0.00
	24	-0.04	-0.10	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00
2	21	3.93	4.63	-0.46	0.00	0.00	0.00
	22	14.18	15.71	1.07	0.00	0.00	0.00
	23	7.73	9.25	-3.77	0.00	0.00	0.00
	24	4.41	4.43	4.06	0.00	0.00	0.00
8	21	-3.93	4.63	-0.46	0.00	0.00	0.00
	22	-14.18	15.71	1.07	0.00	0.00	0.00
	23	-7.73	9.25	-3.77	0.00	0.00	0.00
	24	-4.41	4.43	4.06	0.00	0.00	0.00
9	21	0.20	-0.25	0.06	0.00	0.00	0.00
	22	0.58	-0.82	0.05	0.00	0.00	0.00
	23	0.49	-0.63	0.07	0.00	0.00	0.00
	24	0.04	-0.10	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00
32	21	0.00	0.24	0.29	0.00	0.00	0.00
	22	0.00	0.81	0.93	0.00	0.00	0.00
	23	0.00	0.72	0.86	0.00	0.00	0.00
	24	0.00	-0.01	-0.03	0.00	0.00	0.00
33	21	0.00	0.46	0.48	0.00	0.00	0.00
	22	0.00	1.43	1.14	0.00	0.00	0.00
	23	0.00	1.43	1.74	0.00	0.00	0.00
	24	0.00	-0.16	-0.63	0.00	0.00	0.00
34	21	-0.02	0.35	0.10	0.00	0.00	0.00
	22	-0.06	0.88	-0.85	0.00	0.00	0.00
	23	-0.06	1.33	1.44	0.00	0.00	0.00
	24	0.00	-0.48	-1.89	0.00	0.00	0.00
35	21	0.00	0.32	-0.20	0.00	0.00	0.00
	22	0.00	1.02	-0.88	0.00	0.00	0.00
	23	0.00	1.07	-0.10	0.00	0.00	0.00
	24	0.00	-0.16	-0.62	0.00	0.00	0.00
36	21	0.00	0.25	-0.54	0.00	0.00	0.00
	22	0.00	0.38	-2.92	0.00	0.00	0.00
	23	0.00	0.91	-0.48	0.00	0.00	0.00
	24	0.00	-0.46	-1.80	0.00	0.00	0.00
37	21	0.00	0.32	-0.20	0.00	0.00	0.00
	22	0.00	1.02	-0.88	0.00	0.00	0.00
	23	0.00	1.07	-0.10	0.00	0.00	0.00
	24	0.00	-0.16	-0.62	0.00	0.00	0.00
38	21	0.02	0.35	0.10	0.00	0.00	0.00
	22	0.06	0.88	-0.85	0.00	0.00	0.00
	23	0.06	1.33	1.44	0.00	0.00	0.00
	24	0.00	-0.48	-1.89	0.00	0.00	0.00
39	21	0.00	0.46	0.48	0.00	0.00	0.00
	22	0.00	1.43	1.14	0.00	0.00	0.00
	23	0.00	1.43	1.74	0.00	0.00	0.00
	24	0.00	-0.16	-0.63	0.00	0.00	0.00

STAAD SPACE

-- PAGE NO. 9

SUPPORT REACTIONS -UNIT KIP FEET STRUCTURE TYPE = SPACE

JOINT	LOAD	FORCE-X	FORCE-Y	FORCE-Z	MOM-X	MOM-Y	MOM Z
40	21	0.00	0.24	0.29	0.00	0.00	0.00
	22	0.00	0.81	0.93	0.00	0.00	0.00
	23	0.00	0.72	0.86	0.00	0.00	0.00
	24	0.00	-0.01	-0.03	0.00	0.00	0.00

***** END OF LATEST ANALYSIS RESULT *****

122. PRINT MAXFORCE ENVELOPE ALL

STAAD SPACE

-- PAGE NO. 10

MEMBER FORCE ENVELOPE

ALL UNITS ARE KIP FEET

MAX AND MIN FORCE VALUES AMONGST ALL SECTION LOCATIONS

MEMB	FY/ FZ	DIST DIST	LD LD	MZ/ MY	DIST DIST	LD LD	FX	DIST	LD
1 MAX	-0.06	0.00	24	2.51	4.00	22			
	0.80	0.00	22	3.03	4.00	22	0.00	0.00	21
MIN	-0.87	4.00	22	-0.99	0.00	22			
	-0.03	4.00	24	-0.18	0.00	22	0.00	4.00	24
2 MAX	2.06	0.00	22	6.66	0.00	22			
	0.05	0.00	24	3.57	0.00	22	4.25 C	0.00	22
MIN	0.15	4.00	24	-1.57	4.00	22			
	-0.87	4.00	22	-0.20	0.00	24	0.93 C	4.00	24
3 MAX	1.89	0.00	22	2.44	0.00	22			
	0.05	0.00	24	0.42	0.00	23	1.81 C	0.00	22
MIN	0.13	4.00	24	-5.13	4.00	22			
	-0.80	4.00	22	-2.78	4.00	22	0.49 C	4.00	21
4 MAX	-0.03	0.00	24	-0.08	4.00	24			
	0.37	0.00	22	0.12	0.00	24	1.68 T	0.00	24
MIN	-0.42	4.00	22	-2.74	0.00	22			
	-0.02	4.00	24	-2.37	0.00	22	6.06 T	4.00	22
5 MAX	0.42	0.00	22	-0.08	0.00	24			
	0.02	0.00	24	0.12	4.00	24	1.68 T	0.00	24
MIN	0.03	4.00	24	-2.74	4.00	22			
	-0.37	4.00	22	-2.37	4.00	22	6.06 T	4.00	22
6 MAX	-0.13	0.00	24	2.44	4.00	22			
	0.80	0.00	22	0.42	4.00	23	1.81 C	0.00	22
MIN	-1.89	4.00	22	-5.13	0.00	22			
	-0.05	4.00	24	-2.78	0.00	22	0.49 C	4.00	21
7 MAX	-0.15	0.00	24	6.66	4.00	22			
	0.87	0.00	22	3.57	4.00	22	4.25 C	0.00	22
MIN	-2.06	4.00	22	-1.57	0.00	22			
	-0.05	4.00	24	-0.20	4.00	24	0.93 C	4.00	24
8 MAX	0.87	0.00	22	2.51	0.00	22			
	0.03	0.00	24	3.03	0.00	22	0.00	0.00	21
MIN	0.06	4.00	24	-0.99	4.00	22			
	-0.80	4.00	22	-0.18	4.00	22	0.00	4.00	24
9 MAX	-0.04	0.00	24	2.86	4.00	22			
	0.18	0.00	22	0.88	4.00	22	0.04 T	0.00	24

STAAD SPACE

-- PAGE NO. 11

MIN	-1.24	4.00	22	-0.90	0.00	22	0.58 T	4.00	22
	0.01	4.00	24	0.00	0.00	24			
10 MAX	2.44	0.00	22	6.83	0.00	22	2.24 C	0.00	22
	0.35	0.00	23	1.62	4.00	23			
MIN	0.10	4.00	24	-1.71	4.00	22	0.28 C	4.00	24
	-0.18	4.00	24	-0.34	4.00	24			
11 MAX	2.38	0.00	22	3.16	0.00	22	6.83 C	0.00	22
	0.40	0.00	22	0.30	4.00	24			
MIN	0.10	4.00	24	-5.16	4.00	22	0.52 C	4.00	24
	0.11	4.00	21	-1.63	0.00	22			
12 MAX	0.00	0.00	24	-0.05	4.00	24	8.30 C	0.00	22
	0.06	0.00	23	0.33	0.00	24			
MIN	-0.75	4.00	22	-2.59	0.00	22	0.63 C	4.00	24
	-0.18	4.00	24	-0.88	4.00	22			
13 MAX	0.75	0.00	22	-0.05	0.00	24	8.30 C	0.00	22
	0.18	0.00	24	0.33	4.00	24			
MIN	0.00	4.00	24	-2.59	4.00	22	0.63 C	4.00	24
	-0.06	4.00	23	-0.88	0.00	22			
14 MAX	-0.10	0.00	24	3.16	4.00	22	6.83 C	0.00	22
	-0.11	0.00	21	0.30	0.00	24			
MIN	-2.38	4.00	22	-5.16	0.00	22	0.52 C	4.00	24
	-0.40	4.00	22	-1.63	4.00	22			
15 MAX	-0.10	0.00	24	6.83	4.00	22	2.24 C	0.00	22
	0.18	0.00	24	1.62	0.00	23			
MIN	-2.44	4.00	22	-1.71	0.00	22	0.28 C	4.00	24
	-0.35	4.00	23	-0.34	0.00	24			
16 MAX	1.24	0.00	22	2.86	0.00	22	0.04 T	0.00	24
	-0.01	0.00	24	0.88	0.00	22			
MIN	0.04	4.00	24	-0.90	4.00	22	0.58 T	4.00	22
	-0.18	4.00	22	0.00	4.00	24			
17 MAX	0.58	0.00	22	0.90	0.00	22	0.08 C	3.25	23
	0.76	0.00	22	0.13	0.00	24			
MIN	0.04	3.25	24	-0.99	3.25	22	0.03 T	3.25	24
	-0.04	3.25	24	-2.35	0.00	22			
18 MAX	-0.20	0.00	24	4.25	3.25	22	5.81 C	0.00	22
	1.57	0.00	23	1.26	3.25	23			
MIN	-2.65	3.25	22	-4.37	0.00	22	0.63 C	3.25	24
	-0.31	3.25	24	-3.86	0.00	23			
19 MAX	0.08	0.00	22	0.35	0.00	23	0.17 C	0.00	22
	2.45	0.00	22	4.00	3.25	22			
MIN	0.00	3.25	24	-0.09	0.00	24	0.02 C	3.25	24
	0.18	3.25	24	-3.94	0.00	22			
20 MAX	-0.06	0.00	24	0.71	3.25	22	0.21 C	0.00	22
	1.45	0.00	22	2.36	3.25	22			

STAAD SPACE

-- PAGE NO. 12

MIN	-0.11	3.25	22	-0.20	0.00	24			
	0.10	3.25	24	-2.36	0.00	22	0.02 C	0.00	21
21 MAX	0.04	0.00	24	1.05	3.25	23			
	0.00	0.00	22	0.00	3.25	22	0.05 T	0.00	24
MIN	-0.75	3.25	22	-1.47	0.00	22			
	0.00	3.25	24	0.00	0.00	22	0.85 T	3.25	22
22 MAX	-0.06	0.00	24	0.71	3.25	22			
	-0.10	0.00	24	2.36	0.00	22	0.21 C	0.00	22
MIN	-0.11	3.25	22	-0.20	0.00	24			
	-1.45	3.25	22	-2.36	3.25	22	0.02 C	0.00	21
23 MAX	0.08	0.00	22	0.35	0.00	23			
	-0.18	0.00	24	3.94	0.00	22	0.17 C	0.00	22
MIN	0.00	3.25	24	-0.09	0.00	24			
	-2.45	3.25	22	-4.00	3.25	22	0.02 C	3.25	24
24 MAX	2.65	0.00	22	4.37	0.00	22			
	1.57	0.00	23	1.26	3.25	23	5.81 C	0.00	22
MIN	0.20	3.25	24	-4.25	3.25	22			
	-0.31	3.25	24	-3.86	0.00	23	0.63 C	3.25	24
25 MAX	-0.04	0.00	24	0.99	3.25	22			
	0.76	0.00	22	0.13	0.00	24	0.08 C	3.25	23
MIN	-0.58	3.25	22	-0.90	0.00	22			
	-0.04	3.25	24	-2.35	0.00	22	0.03 T	3.25	24
26 MAX	0.60	0.00	22	2.01	0.00	22			
	0.17	0.00	22	0.34	4.64	22	0.05 C	0.00	23
MIN	0.12	4.64	21	-0.75	4.64	22			
	0.02	4.64	23	-0.46	0.00	22	0.08 T	4.64	24
27 MAX	0.21	0.00	22	0.82	0.00	22			
	0.11	0.00	22	0.18	4.64	22	0.29 C	0.00	23
MIN	0.01	4.64	24	-0.27	4.64	23			
	0.01	4.64	24	-0.35	0.00	22	2.71 T	4.64	22
28 MAX	0.20	0.00	22	1.26	0.00	22			
	0.02	0.00	22	0.06	4.64	22	0.10 C	0.00	23
MIN	0.00	4.64	21	-0.12	4.64	24			
	0.00	4.64	24	-0.05	0.00	22	0.19 T	4.64	24
29 MAX	0.00	0.00	24	1.09	4.64	22			
	0.00	0.00	24	0.00	0.00	22	1.17 T	0.00	21
MIN	-0.40	4.64	22	-0.78	0.00	23			
	0.00	4.64	22	0.00	4.64	22	5.17 T	4.64	22
30 MAX	0.20	0.00	22	1.26	0.00	22			
	0.00	0.00	24	0.05	0.00	22	0.10 C	0.00	23
MIN	0.00	4.64	21	-0.12	4.64	24			
	-0.02	4.64	22	-0.06	4.64	22	0.19 T	4.64	24
31 MAX	0.21	0.00	22	0.82	0.00	22			
	-0.01	0.00	24	0.35	0.00	22	0.29 C	0.00	23

STAAD SPACE

-- PAGE NO. 13

MIN	0.01	4.64	24	-0.27	4.64	23			
	-0.11	4.64	22	-0.18	4.64	22	2.71 T	4.64	22
32 MAX	0.60	0.00	22	2.01	0.00	22			
	-0.02	0.00	23	0.46	0.00	22	0.05 C	0.00	23
MIN	0.12	4.64	21	-0.75	4.64	22			
	-0.17	4.64	22	-0.34	4.64	22	0.08 T	4.64	24
34 MAX	0.01	0.00	23	0.01	0.00	21			
	0.00	0.00	24	0.00	0.00	24	8.84 C	0.00	22
MIN	-0.01	7.44	21	-0.02	7.44	22			
	0.00	7.44	22	-0.02	7.44	22	0.86 C	7.44	23
35 MAX	0.01	0.00	23	0.03	0.00	23			
	0.00	0.00	24	0.03	0.00	22	1.00 T	7.44	21
MIN	-0.01	7.44	21	0.00	0.00	24			
	-0.01	7.44	22	-0.01	7.44	22	3.94 T	7.44	22
36 MAX	0.01	0.00	21	0.02	7.44	23			
	0.00	0.00	23	0.01	7.44	22	4.25 C	0.00	22
MIN	-0.01	7.44	23	-0.03	0.00	22			
	0.00	7.44	24	-0.02	0.00	23	0.91 C	7.44	21
37 MAX	0.01	0.00	23	-0.02	0.00	23			
	0.00	0.00	24	0.01	0.00	22	4.25 C	0.00	22
MIN	-0.01	7.44	21	-0.03	7.44	22			
	0.00	7.44	23	-0.02	7.44	23	0.91 C	0.00	21
38 MAX	0.01	0.00	21	0.03	7.44	23			
	0.01	0.00	22	0.03	7.44	22	1.00 T	0.00	21
MIN	-0.01	7.44	23	0.00	7.44	24			
	0.00	7.44	24	-0.01	0.00	22	3.94 T	7.44	22
39 MAX	0.01	0.00	21	0.01	7.44	21			
	0.00	0.00	22	0.00	7.44	24	8.84 C	0.00	22
MIN	-0.01	7.44	23	-0.02	0.00	22			
	0.00	7.44	24	-0.02	0.00	22	0.86 C	0.00	23
41 MAX	0.04	0.00	23	0.13	0.00	22			
	0.03	0.00	22	0.12	5.25	22	3.31 C	0.00	22
MIN	0.00	5.25	24	-0.07	5.25	22			
	0.00	5.25	24	-0.04	0.00	22	0.02 C	5.25	24
42 MAX	0.04	0.00	22	0.11	0.00	22			
	0.06	0.00	22	0.10	5.25	22	0.58 C	0.00	22
MIN	0.00	5.25	24	-0.10	5.25	22			
	0.00	5.25	24	-0.20	0.00	22	0.06 T	5.25	24
43 MAX	0.00	0.00	21	0.01	5.25	23			
	0.03	0.00	22	0.06	5.25	22	3.19 C	0.00	22
MIN	-0.01	5.25	23	-0.05	0.00	22			
	0.00	5.25	24	-0.09	0.00	22	0.09 C	5.25	24
44 MAX	0.01	0.00	23	0.01	0.00	23			
	0.00	0.00	24	0.06	0.00	22	3.19 C	0.00	22

STAAD SPACE

-- PAGE NO. 14

MIN	0.00	5.25	21	-0.05	5.25	22			
	-0.03	5.25	22	-0.09	5.25	22	0.09 C	5.25	24
45 MAX	0.00	0.00	24	0.11	5.25	22			
	0.00	0.00	24	0.10	0.00	22	0.58 C	0.00	22
MIN	-0.04	5.25	22	-0.10	0.00	22			
	-0.06	5.25	22	-0.20	5.25	22	0.06 T	5.25	24
46 MAX	0.00	0.00	24	0.13	5.25	22			
	0.00	0.00	24	0.12	0.00	22	3.31 C	0.00	22
MIN	-0.04	5.25	23	-0.07	0.00	22			
	-0.03	5.25	22	-0.04	5.25	22	0.02 C	5.25	24
55 MAX	0.90	0.00	22	2.26	0.00	22			
	0.00	0.00	24	0.01	0.00	23	0.79 C	2.06	22
MIN	0.00	2.06	24	0.01	2.06	24			
	0.00	2.06	23	0.00	0.00	24	0.03 T	2.06	24
56 MAX	0.67	0.00	22	0.64	0.00	22			
	0.00	0.00	24	0.01	0.00	23	1.10 C	11.34	22
MIN	-0.56	11.34	22	-1.43	6.61	22			
	0.00	11.34	23	0.00	0.00	24	0.03 T	11.34	24
57 MAX	1.80	0.00	22	4.66	0.00	22			
	0.00	0.00	22	0.00	13.40	21	2.03 C	13.40	23
MIN	-1.11	13.40	22	-2.80	7.82	22			
	0.00	13.40	24	-0.01	0.00	22	0.65 T	13.40	24
58 MAX	0.03	0.00	24	1.84	2.06	22			
	-0.06	0.00	24	3.13	0.00	22	0.34 C	2.06	23
MIN	-0.94	2.06	22	0.06	2.06	24			
	-2.02	2.06	22	-1.04	2.06	22	2.30 T	0.00	22
59 MAX	1.40	0.00	22	1.91	0.00	22			
	0.06	0.00	22	0.00	11.34	21	1.72 C	11.34	23
MIN	-1.06	11.34	22	-2.60	6.61	22			
	0.00	11.34	24	-0.72	0.00	22	1.95 T	11.34	24
60 MAX	1.71	0.00	22	3.34	0.00	22			
	0.00	0.00	22	0.00	0.00	24	0.16 C	13.40	23
MIN	-1.21	13.40	22	-3.35	7.82	22			
	0.00	13.40	24	0.00	0.00	22	1.34 T	0.00	22
61 MAX	-0.09	0.00	24	1.81	2.06	22			
	0.00	0.00	24	0.00	0.00	22	1.19 T	2.06	21
MIN	-2.42	2.06	22	-2.72	0.00	22			
	0.00	2.06	22	0.00	2.06	22	4.98 T	0.00	22
62 MAX	1.39	0.00	22	1.75	0.00	22			
	0.00	0.00	22	0.00	11.34	24	0.24 T	11.34	23
MIN	-1.08	11.34	22	-2.66	6.61	22			
	0.00	11.34	24	0.00	0.00	22	3.36 T	0.00	22
63 MAX	1.71	0.00	22	3.34	0.00	22			
	0.00	0.00	24	0.00	0.00	22	0.16 C	13.40	23

STAAD SPACE

-- PAGE NO. 15

MIN	-1.21	13.40	22	-3.35	7.82	22			
	0.00	13.40	22	0.00	0.00	24	1.34 T	0.00	22
64 MAX	0.03	0.00	24	1.84	2.06	22			
	2.02	0.00	22	1.04	2.06	22	0.34 C	2.06	23
MIN	-0.94	2.06	22	0.06	2.06	24			
	0.06	2.06	24	-3.13	0.00	22	2.30 T	0.00	22
65 MAX	1.40	0.00	22	1.91	0.00	22			
	0.00	0.00	24	0.72	0.00	22	1.72 C	11.34	23
MIN	-1.06	11.34	22	-2.60	6.61	22			
	-0.06	11.34	22	0.00	11.34	22	1.95 T	11.34	24
66 MAX	1.80	0.00	22	4.66	0.00	22			
	0.00	0.00	24	0.01	0.00	22	2.03 C	13.40	23
MIN	-1.11	13.40	22	-2.80	7.82	22			
	0.00	13.40	22	0.00	13.40	24	0.65 T	13.40	24
67 MAX	0.90	0.00	22	2.26	0.00	22			
	0.00	0.00	23	0.00	0.00	24	0.79 C	2.06	22
MIN	0.00	2.06	24	0.01	2.06	24			
	0.00	2.06	24	-0.01	0.00	23	0.03 T	2.06	24
68 MAX	0.67	0.00	22	0.64	0.00	22			
	0.00	0.00	23	0.00	0.00	24	1.10 C	11.34	22
MIN	-0.56	11.34	22	-1.43	6.61	22			
	0.00	11.34	24	-0.01	0.00	23	0.03 T	11.34	24
69 MAX	0.60	0.00	22	1.13	4.00	24			
	0.04	0.00	23	0.34	0.00	22	0.02 T	0.00	23
MIN	-0.96	4.00	22	-0.43	4.00	23			
	-0.45	4.00	22	-0.66	4.00	22	0.17 T	4.00	22
70 MAX	1.32	0.00	22	1.16	0.00	24			
	0.42	0.00	22	0.37	4.00	22	6.58 C	0.00	22
MIN	-0.24	4.00	22	-1.52	3.33	22			
	-0.08	4.00	23	-0.52	0.00	22	1.03 C	4.00	23
71 MAX	0.09	0.00	24	1.58	4.00	22			
	0.00	0.00	23	0.43	0.00	22	6.56 C	0.00	22
MIN	-1.59	4.00	22	-1.68	0.00	22			
	-0.52	4.00	22	-0.86	4.00	22	1.02 C	4.00	23
72 MAX	1.59	0.00	22	1.58	0.00	22			
	0.52	0.00	22	0.43	4.00	22	6.56 C	0.00	22
MIN	-0.09	4.00	24	-1.68	4.00	22			
	0.00	4.00	23	-0.86	0.00	22	1.02 C	4.00	23
73 MAX	0.24	0.00	22	1.16	4.00	24			
	0.08	0.00	23	0.37	0.00	22	6.58 C	0.00	22
MIN	-1.32	4.00	22	-1.52	0.67	22			
	-0.42	4.00	22	-0.52	4.00	22	1.03 C	4.00	23
74 MAX	0.96	0.00	22	1.13	0.00	24			
	0.45	0.00	22	0.34	4.00	22	0.02 T	0.00	23

STAAD SPACE

-- PAGE NO. 16

MIN	-0.60	4.00	22	-0.43	0.00	23			
	-0.04	4.00	23	-0.66	0.00	22	0.17 T	4.00	22

***** END OF FORCE ENVELOPE FROM INTERNAL STORAGE *****

123. FINISH

***** END OF THE STAAD.Pro RUN *****

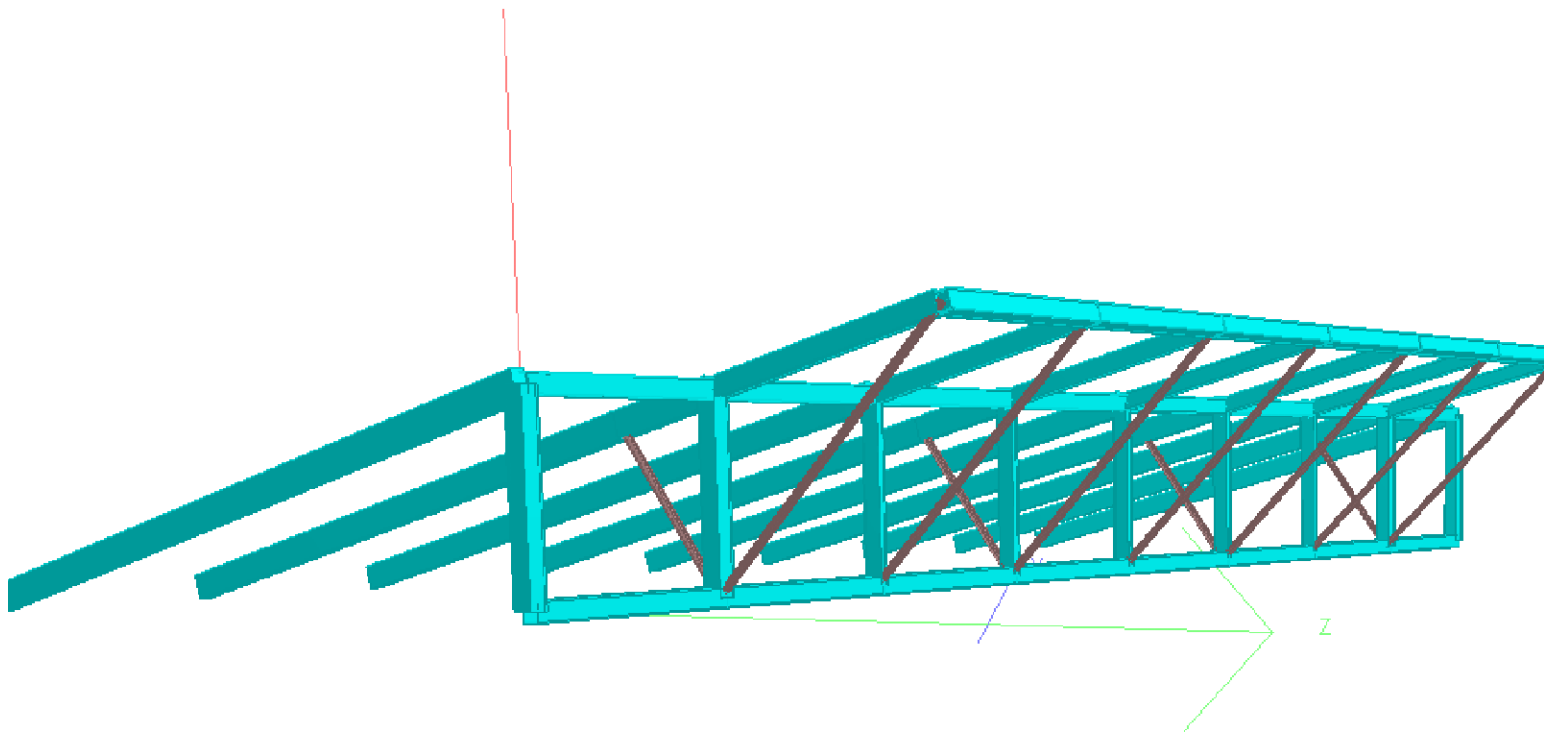
**** DATE= FEB 23,2007 TIME= 17:17:50 ****

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*                                                                 *
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*   CANADA    +1 (604) 629 6087      staad@dowco.com             *
*   UK        +44 (1454) 207-000      support@reel.co.uk         *
*   FRANCE    +33 (0) 1 64551084      support@reel.co.uk         *
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*****

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Truss Design	Completed By	Revised By	DCN #	
Appendix 4.04	Gimbet, Milinichik	Glantz, Owens	S-45	
<p><i>Conclusions: The following is the STAAD output data for the design of the Truss on the north wall of the living space. This STAAD file is composed of multiple elements including the outriggers to support the truss from the north and south, the breezeway steel frame, the living space SIP internal 2 x 6 framing of Southern Pine No.1 dimensional lumber. The outriggers in this model are framed in plane to the 2 x 6 internal supporting lumber of the living space SIP design.</i></p>				




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*****
*
*          STAAD. Pro
*          Version 2006      Bld 1002. US
*          Proprietary Program of
*          Research Engineers, Intl.
*          Date=      FEB 28, 2007
*          Time=      23: 36: 23
*
*          USER ID: ae
*****
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```
1. STAAD SPACE
INPUT FILE: S-44 LS Truss Tree Structure with SIPS 4X4 Vier Releases Rev LDs2. STD
2. START JOB INFORMATION
3. ENGINEER DATE 01-FEB-07
4. END JOB INFORMATION
5. INPUT WIDTH 79
6. UNIT FEET KIP
7. JOINT COORDINATES
8. 1 0 0 0; 2 4 0 0; 3 8 0 0; 4 12 0 0; 5 16 0 0; 6 20 0 0; 7 24 0 0; 8 28 0 0
9. 9 32 0 0; 10 0 3.25 0; 11 4 3.25 0; 12 8 3.25 0; 13 12 3.25 0; 14 16 3.25 0
10. 15 20 3.25 0; 16 24 3.25 0; 17 28 3.25 0; 18 32 3.25 0; 19 8 4.375 4.5
11. 20 16 4.375 4.5; 21 24 4.375 4.5; 23 4 2.75 -2; 24 20 2.75 -2; 25 28 2.75 -2
12. 26 0 2.75 -2; 27 32 2.75 -2; 28 4 4.375 4.5; 29 12 4.375 4.5; 30 20 4.375
4.5
-13 13. 31 28 4.375 4.5; 32 0 0 -13; 33 4 0 -13; 34 8 0 -13; 35 12 0 -13; 36 16 0
-13
14. 37 20 0 -13; 38 24 0 -13; 39 28 0 -13; 40 32 0 -13; 41 12 2.75 -2
15. MEMBER INCIDENCES
16. 1 1 2; 2 2 3; 3 3 4; 4 4 5; 5 5 6; 6 6 7; 7 7 8; 8 8 9; 9 10 11; 10 11 12
17. 11 12 13; 12 13 14; 13 14 15; 14 15 16; 15 16 17; 16 17 18; 17 10 1; 18 11 2
18. 19 12 3; 20 13 4; 21 14 5; 22 15 6; 23 16 7; 24 17 8; 25 18 9; 26 11 28
19. 27 12 19; 28 13 29; 29 14 20; 30 15 30; 31 16 21; 32 17 31; 34 2 28; 35 3 19
20. 36 4 29; 37 5 20; 38 6 30; 39 7 21; 40 8 31; 41 2 23; 42 41 4; 44 24 6
21. 46 25 8; 55 10 26; 56 26 32; 57 23 33; 58 11 23; 59 12 34; 60 41 35; 61 13
41
19 22. 62 14 36; 63 15 37; 64 17 25; 65 16 38; 66 17 39; 67 18 27; 68 27 40; 69 28
23. 70 19 29; 71 29 20; 72 20 30; 73 30 21; 74 21 31
24. DEFINE MATERIAL START
25. ISOTROPIC STEEL
26. E 4.176E+006
27. POISSON 0.3
28. DENSITY 0.489024
29. ALPHA 6.5E-006
30. DAMP 0.03
31. ISOTROPIC SOUTH
32. E 259200
33. POISSON 0.3
34. DENSITY 9.383E-005
35. ALPHA 3E-006
36. END DEFINE MATERIAL
37. MEMBER PROPERTY AMERICAN
38. 1 TO 18 24 TO 26 32 69 TO 74 TABLE ST HSST4X4X0.313
39. MEMBER PROPERTY AMERICAN
40. 55 TO 68 PRIS YD 0.458333 ZD 0.25
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41. 19 TO 23 27 TO 31 TABLE ST HSST4X2X0.313
42. 34 TO 42 44 46 TABLE ST HSSP1.66X0.14
43. CONSTANTS
44. BETA 345.96 MEMB 69 TO 74
45. BETA 90 MEMB 19 TO 23
46. MATERIAL STEEL MEMB 1 TO 32 34 TO 42 44 46 69 TO 74
47. MATERIAL SOUTH MEMB 55 TO 68
48. SUPPORTS
49. 1 2 8 9 32 TO 40 PINNED
50. MEMBER RELEASE
51. 34 TO 39 41 42 44 46 START MX MY MZ
52. 34 TO 38 41 42 44 46 END MX MY MZ
53. LOAD 1 LOADTYPE GRAVITY TITLE SELF-WEIGHT
54. SELFWEIGHT Y -1
55. LOAD 2 LOADTYPE DEAD TITLE PV LS SIP LS INSUL LS
56. MEMBER LOAD
57. 55 56 67 68 UNI GY -0.0275
58. LOAD 3 LOADTYPE DEAD TITLE PV LS SIP LS INSUL LS
59. MEMBER LOAD
60. 57 TO 66 UNI GY -0.055
61. LOAD 4 LOADTYPE DEAD TITLE SKYLIGHT LS
62. MEMBER LOAD
63. 61 62 UNI GY -0.00875
64. LOAD 5 LOADTYPE DEAD TITLE STL FRAME TRUSS TRUSS
65. MEMBER LOAD
66. 9 TO 16 UNI GY -0.02454
67. LOAD 6 LOADTYPE DEAD TITLE STL FRAME BZWY OR
68. MEMBER LOAD
69. 69 TO 74 UNI GY -0.03756
70. LOAD 7 LOADTYPE SNOW TITLE SNOW
71. MEMBER LOAD
72. 55 56 67 68 UNI GY -0.07
73. LOAD 8 LOADTYPE SNOW TITLE SNOW LS
74. MEMBER LOAD
75. 57 TO 66 UNI GY -0.14
76. LOAD 9 LOADTYPE SNOW TITLE SNOW TRUSS PV TRUSS EV TRUSS
77. MEMBER LOAD
78. 9 TO 16 UNI GY -0.09355
79. LOAD 10 LOADTYPE SNOW TITLE SNOW BZWY OR BZWY OR BZWY OR
80. MEMBER LOAD
81. 69 TO 74 UNI GY -0.25063
82. LOAD COMB 11 (1.2) DEAD + (1.6) LIVE
83. 1 1.2 2 1.2 3 1.2 4 1.2 5 1.2 6 1.2 7 1.6 8 1.6 9 1.6 10 1.6
84. LOAD COMB 12 SERVICE LOAD
85. 1 1.0 2 1.0 3 1.0 4 1.0 5 1.0 6 1.0 7 1.0 8 1.0 9 1.0 10 1.0
86. PERFORM ANALYSIS
STAAD SPACE

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PROBLEM STATISTICS

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NUMBER OF JOINTS/MEMBER+ELEMENTS/SUPPORTS = 40/ 63/ 13
ORIGINAL/FINAL BAND-WIDTH= 36/ 7/ 45 DOF
TOTAL PRIMARY LOAD CASES = 10, TOTAL DEGREES OF FREEDOM = 201
SIZE OF STIFFNESS MATRIX = 10 DOUBLE KILO-WORDS
REQD/AVAIL. DISK SPACE = 12.2/ 151549.2 MB

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Untitled

ZERO STIFFNESS IN DIRECTION 1 AT JOINT 24 EQN. NO. 136
LOADS APPLIED OR DISTRIBUTED HERE FROM ELEMENTS WILL BE IGNORED.
THIS MAY BE DUE TO ALL MEMBERS AT THIS JOINT BEING RELEASED OR
EFFECTIVELY RELEASED IN THIS DIRECTION.

ZERO STIFFNESS IN DIRECTION 4 AT JOINT 24 EQN. NO. 139
ZERO STIFFNESS IN DIRECTION 5 AT JOINT 24 EQN. NO. 140
ZERO STIFFNESS IN DIRECTION 6 AT JOINT 24 EQN. NO. 141

***WARNING - INSTABILITY AT JOINT 24 DIRECTION = FZ

PROBABLE CAUSE SINGULAR-ADDING WEAK SPRING

K-MATRIX DIAG= 1.5366646E+02 L-MATRIX DIAG= 0.0000000E+00 EQN NO 138

***NOTE - VERY WEAK SPRING ADDED FOR STABILITY

***NOTE** STAAD DETECTS INSTABILITIES AS EXCESSIVE LOSS OF SIGNIFICANT DIGITS
DURING DECOMPOSITION. WHEN A DECOMPOSED DIAGONAL IS LESS THAN THE
BUILT-IN REDUCTION FACTOR TIMES THE ORIGINAL STIFFNESS MATRIX DIAGONAL,
STAAD PRINTS A SINGULARITY NOTICE. THE BUILT-IN REDUCTION FACTOR
IS 1.000E-09

THE ABOVE CONDITIONS COULD ALSO BE CAUSED BY VERY STIFF OR VERY WEAK
ELEMENTS AS WELL AS TRUE SINGULARITIES.

87. LOAD LIST 11 12

88. PRINT JOINT DISPLACEMENTS ALL
STAAD SPACE

-- PAGE NO. 4

JOINT DISPLACEMENT (INCH RADIANS) STRUCTURE TYPE = SPACE

JOINT	LOAD	X-TRANS	Y-TRANS	Z-TRANS	X-ROTAN	Y-ROTAN	Z-ROTAN
1	11	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00050	0.00035	0.00045
	12	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00033	0.00026	0.00030
2	11	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00059	-0.00071	-0.00396
	12	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00037	-0.00054	-0.00266
3	11	-0.00217	-0.73964	0.08205	0.00331	-0.00320	-0.01722
	12	-0.00146	-0.49698	0.06111	0.00207	-0.00229	-0.01157
4	11	-0.00187	-1.53099	0.26348	0.00334	-0.00301	-0.01091
	12	-0.00126	-1.02917	0.18840	0.00197	-0.00210	-0.00734
5	11	0.00002	-1.82978	0.32074	0.00455	0.00043	0.00013
	12	0.00001	-1.23022	0.22898	0.00273	0.00029	0.00009
6	11	0.00190	-1.52032	0.23308	0.00491	0.00314	0.01096
	12	0.00128	-1.02196	0.16810	0.00302	0.00219	0.00737
7	11	0.00218	-0.73378	0.06781	0.00414	0.00274	0.01707
	12	0.00147	-0.49301	0.05160	0.00262	0.00198	0.01148
8	11	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00144	0.00064	0.00393
	12	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00094	0.00049	0.00264
9	11	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00072	-0.00030	-0.00044
	12	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00048	-0.00023	-0.00029
10	11	0.01286	0.00044	-0.00712	-0.00161	0.00037	0.00053
	12	0.00865	0.00029	-0.00481	-0.00108	0.00026	0.00036
11	11	0.01350	-0.00246	0.01164	0.00045	-0.00200	-0.00469
	12	0.00908	-0.00166	0.00744	0.00029	-0.00134	-0.00314
12	11	0.01101	-0.74002	0.19014	0.00032	-0.00443	-0.01700
	12	0.00740	-0.49724	0.12758	0.00006	-0.00299	-0.01143
13	11	0.00606	-1.52965	0.37807	0.00271	-0.00303	-0.01098
	12	0.00408	-1.02828	0.25414	0.00153	-0.00204	-0.00738

Untitled

14	11	-0.00048	-1.83035	0.45511	0.00074	0.00003	0.00010
	12	-0.00031	-1.23060	0.30597	0.00016	0.00002	0.00007
15	11	-0.00699	-1.52095	0.37624	0.00055	0.00306	0.01105
	12	-0.00469	-1.02238	0.25290	0.00010	0.00206	0.00743
16	11	-0.01191	-0.73421	0.18828	-0.00004	0.00435	0.01687
	12	-0.00800	-0.49331	0.12633	-0.00018	0.00293	0.01134
17	11	-0.01439	-0.00390	0.01446	-0.00135	0.00194	0.00468
	12	-0.00966	-0.00263	0.00933	-0.00092	0.00130	0.00314
18	11	-0.01375	0.00044	-0.00722	-0.00191	-0.00027	-0.00049
	12	-0.00923	0.00029	-0.00488	-0.00128	-0.00019	-0.00033
19	11	-0.00320	-0.91674	0.23579	0.00389	-0.00448	-0.01858
	12	-0.00212	-0.60703	0.15600	0.00244	-0.00297	-0.01233
20	11	-0.00319	-2.02705	0.50465	0.00482	-0.00005	-0.00021
	12	-0.00211	-1.34411	0.33458	0.00291	-0.00003	-0.00014
21	11	-0.00319	-0.92690	0.23788	0.00462	0.00454	0.01882
	12	-0.00211	-0.61375	0.15738	0.00293	0.00302	0.01248
23	11	0.02855	-0.00716	0.00940	-0.00459	-0.00163	-0.00478
	12	0.01924	-0.00502	0.00605	-0.00309	-0.00110	-0.00321
24	11	0.00000	-150.74271	-204.94771	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	12	0.00000	-125.35497	-170.78975	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
25	11	-0.03287	0.00593	0.01165	0.00131	0.00194	0.00468
	12	-0.02215	0.00374	0.00750	0.00087	0.00130	0.00314

STAAD SPACE

-- PAGE NO. 5

JOINT DISPLACEMENT (INCH RADIANS) STRUCTURE TYPE = SPACE

JOINT	LOAD	X-TRANS	Y-TRANS	Z-TRANS	X-ROTAN	Y-ROTAN	Z-ROTAN
26	11	0.00791	-0.14603	0.03041	-0.00902	0.00031	0.00055
	12	0.00506	-0.09821	0.02043	-0.00606	0.00022	0.00037
27	11	-0.01058	-0.15167	0.03172	-0.00919	-0.00025	-0.00050
	12	-0.00684	-0.10200	0.02132	-0.00618	-0.00017	-0.00034
28	11	-0.00323	-0.04646	0.02404	0.00145	-0.00407	-0.01656
	12	-0.00214	-0.03013	0.01548	0.00092	-0.00270	-0.01097
29	11	-0.00319	-1.70764	0.42356	0.00388	-0.00307	-0.01257
	12	-0.00212	-1.13198	0.28071	0.00233	-0.00204	-0.00835
30	11	-0.00319	-1.72367	0.42712	0.00507	0.00303	0.01247
	12	-0.00211	-1.14260	0.28308	0.00312	0.00201	0.00828
31	11	-0.00317	-0.04372	0.02551	0.00217	0.00406	0.01672
	12	-0.00210	-0.02826	0.01645	0.00141	0.00269	0.01108
32	11	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.01438	0.00015	0.00059
	12	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00967	0.00009	0.00040
33	11	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.01888	-0.00071	-0.00501
	12	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.01270	-0.00047	-0.00336
34	11	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.03416	-0.00408	-0.01709
	12	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.02304	-0.00274	-0.01149
35	11	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.03354	-0.00257	-0.01109
	12	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.02274	-0.00173	-0.00746
36	11	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.04539	0.00002	0.00010
	12	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.03085	0.00001	0.00007
37	11	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.04153	0.00258	0.01117
	12	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.02806	0.00173	0.00751
38	11	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.03428	0.00405	0.01694
	12	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.02312	0.00272	0.01139
39	11	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.02794	0.00072	0.00498
	12	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.01879	0.00048	0.00334
40	11	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.01453	-0.00019	-0.00051
	12	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00977	-0.00012	-0.00035

Untitled

41	11	0.01124	-1.47100	0.36255	-0.00072	-0.00290	-0.01101
	12	0.00761	-0.99571	0.24543	-0.00072	-0.00195	-0.00741

***** END OF LATEST ANALYSIS RESULT *****

89. PRINT SUPPORT REACTION ALL
STAAD SPACE

-- PAGE NO. 6

SUPPORT REACTIONS -UNIT KIP FEET STRUCTURE TYPE = SPACE

JOINT	LOAD	FORCE-X	FORCE-Y	FORCE-Z	MOM-X	MOM-Y	MOM Z
1	11	-1.59	-3.58	-0.48	0.00	0.00	0.00
	12	-1.07	-2.39	-0.30	0.00	0.00	0.00
2	11	13.09	22.82	0.17	0.00	0.00	0.00
	12	8.79	15.33	-0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00
8	11	-13.08	23.34	1.08	0.00	0.00	0.00
	12	-8.78	15.67	0.60	0.00	0.00	0.00
9	11	1.58	-3.56	-0.57	0.00	0.00	0.00
	12	1.06	-2.37	-0.36	0.00	0.00	0.00
32	11	0.00	1.06	1.27	0.00	0.00	0.00
	12	0.00	0.71	0.86	0.00	0.00	0.00
33	11	0.00	0.92	-1.48	0.00	0.00	0.00
	12	0.00	0.64	-0.93	0.00	0.00	0.00
34	11	0.00	1.30	-0.79	0.00	0.00	0.00
	12	0.00	0.88	-0.50	0.00	0.00	0.00
35	11	0.00	1.66	1.13	0.00	0.00	0.00
	12	0.00	1.12	0.76	0.00	0.00	0.00
36	11	0.00	1.74	0.53	0.00	0.00	0.00
	12	0.00	1.18	0.36	0.00	0.00	0.00
37	11	0.00	1.74	0.79	0.00	0.00	0.00
	12	0.00	1.17	0.53	0.00	0.00	0.00
38	11	0.00	1.32	-0.72	0.00	0.00	0.00
	12	0.00	0.90	-0.45	0.00	0.00	0.00
39	11	0.00	0.91	-2.23	0.00	0.00	0.00
	12	0.00	0.63	-1.43	0.00	0.00	0.00
40	11	0.00	1.07	1.29	0.00	0.00	0.00
	12	0.00	0.72	0.87	0.00	0.00	0.00

***** END OF LATEST ANALYSIS RESULT *****

90. PRINT MAXFORCE ENVELOPE ALL
STAAD SPACE

-- PAGE NO. 7

MEMBER FORCE ENVELOPE

ALL UNITS ARE KIP FEET

MAX AND MIN FORCE VALUES AMONGST ALL SECTION LOCATIONS

MEMB	FY/ FZ	DI ST DI ST	LD LD	Untitled			FX	DI ST	LD
				MZ/ MY	DI ST DI ST	LD LD			
1 MAX	-1.52	0.00	12	6.65	4.00	11			
	0.24	0.00	11	0.96	4.00	11	0.00	0.00	11
MI N	-2.33	4.00	11	-2.54	0.00	11			
	0.18	4.00	12	0.00	0.00	12	0.00	4.00	12
2 MAX	6.35	0.00	11	18.76	0.00	11			
	0.33	0.00	11	1.80	4.00	11	5.38 C	0.00	11
MI N	4.21	4.00	12	-6.52	4.00	11			
	0.18	4.00	12	0.44	0.00	12	3.62 C	4.00	12
3 MAX	3.21	0.00	11	3.48	0.00	11			
	-0.59	0.00	12	1.67	0.00	11	0.51 T	0.00	12
MI N	2.11	4.00	12	-9.24	4.00	11			
	-0.88	4.00	11	-1.85	4.00	11	0.75 T	4.00	11
4 MAX	1.13	0.00	11	-1.92	0.00	12			
	0.13	0.00	11	-0.93	4.00	12	3.15 T	0.00	12
MI N	0.71	4.00	12	-7.26	4.00	11			
	0.08	4.00	12	-1.85	0.00	11	4.68 T	4.00	11
5 MAX	-0.77	0.00	12	-1.74	4.00	12			
	0.06	0.00	11	-0.79	4.00	12	3.12 T	0.00	12
MI N	-1.21	4.00	11	-7.32	0.00	11			
	0.04	4.00	12	-1.36	0.00	11	4.65 T	4.00	11
6 MAX	-2.06	0.00	12	3.42	4.00	11			
	0.66	0.00	11	1.51	4.00	11	0.47 T	0.00	12
MI N	-3.14	4.00	11	-9.00	0.00	11			
	0.45	4.00	12	-1.14	0.00	11	0.70 T	4.00	11
7 MAX	-4.18	0.00	12	18.62	4.00	11			
	-0.21	0.00	12	1.68	0.00	11	5.40 C	0.00	11
MI N	-6.31	4.00	11	-6.48	0.00	11			
	-0.36	4.00	11	0.25	4.00	11	3.63 C	4.00	12
8 MAX	2.32	0.00	11	6.60	0.00	11			
	-0.17	0.00	12	0.87	0.00	11	0.00	0.00	11
MI N	1.51	4.00	12	-2.54	4.00	11			
	-0.22	4.00	11	-0.01	4.00	12	0.00	4.00	12
9 MAX	-1.51	0.00	12	7.96	4.00	11			
	0.55	0.00	11	2.20	4.00	11	1.07 T	0.00	12
STAAD SPACE							-- PAGE NO.	8	
MI N	-3.04	4.00	11	-2.63	0.00	11			
	0.37	4.00	12	-0.01	0.00	11	1.59 T	4.00	11
10 MAX	6.32	0.00	11	17.78	0.00	11			
	-0.44	0.00	12	2.44	0.00	11	6.17 C	0.00	11
MI N	3.72	4.00	12	-5.92	4.00	11			
	-0.66	4.00	11	-0.20	4.00	11	4.15 C	4.00	12
11 MAX	3.62	0.00	11	3.94	0.00	11			
	-0.16	0.00	12	-0.12	0.00	12	12.26 C	0.00	11
MI N	1.91	4.00	12	-8.96	4.00	11			
	-0.24	4.00	11	-1.12	4.00	11	8.24 C	4.00	12
12 MAX	1.47	0.00	11	-1.80	0.00	12			
	-0.09	0.00	12	-0.77	0.00	12	16.18 C	0.00	11
MI N	0.46	4.00	12	-6.99	4.00	11			

				Untitled					
		-0.13	4.00	11	-1.67	4.00	11	10.88 C	4.00 12
13	MAX	-0.51	0.00	12	-1.67	4.00	12		
		0.13	0.00	11	-0.76	4.00	12	16.14 C	0.00 11
	MIN	-1.54	4.00	11	-7.07	0.00	11		
		0.09	4.00	12	-1.66	0.00	11	10.84 C	4.00 12
14	MAX	-1.88	0.00	12	3.96	4.00	11		
		0.28	0.00	11	-0.03	4.00	12	12.19 C	0.00 11
	MIN	-3.58	4.00	11	-8.79	0.00	11		
		0.18	4.00	12	-1.15	0.00	11	8.19 C	4.00 12
15	MAX	-3.65	0.00	12	17.51	4.00	11		
		0.62	0.00	11	2.36	4.00	11	6.14 C	0.00 11
	MIN	-6.21	4.00	11	-5.77	0.00	11		
		0.42	4.00	12	-0.14	0.00	11	4.12 C	4.00 12
16	MAX	3.02	0.00	11	7.89	0.00	11		
		-0.34	0.00	12	2.02	0.00	11	1.06 T	0.00 12
	MIN	1.50	4.00	12	-2.61	4.00	11		
		-0.50	4.00	11	0.01	4.00	11	1.58 T	4.00 11
17	MAX	1.59	0.00	11	2.63	0.00	11		
		0.72	0.00	11	-0.01	3.25	12	0.87 T	3.25 12
	MIN	1.07	3.25	12	-2.54	3.25	11		
		0.49	3.25	12	-2.36	0.00	11	1.37 T	0.00 11
18	MAX	-5.17	0.00	12	12.10	3.25	11		
		-0.27	0.00	12	0.62	0.00	11	7.52 C	3.25 11
	MIN	-7.70	3.25	11	-12.93	0.00	11		
		-0.43	3.25	11	-0.78	3.25	11	5.03 C	0.00 12
19	MAX	1.08	0.00	11	2.70	0.00	11		
		6.14	0.00	11	9.99	3.25	11	0.85 C	3.25 11
	MIN	0.72	3.25	12	-0.80	3.25	11		
		4.12	3.25	12	-9.95	0.00	11	0.55 C	0.00 12
20	MAX	-0.07	0.00	12	0.35	3.25	11		
		3.93	0.00	11	6.38	3.25	11	1.92 T	3.25 12
STAAD SPACE								-- PAGE NO.	9
	MIN	-0.09	3.25	11	0.03	0.00	12		
		2.64	3.25	12	-6.39	0.00	11	2.94 T	0.00 11
21	MAX	0.90	0.00	11	2.67	0.00	11		
		-0.03	0.00	12	0.06	0.00	11	1.26 C	3.25 11
	MIN	0.59	3.25	12	-0.25	3.25	11		
		-0.04	3.25	11	-0.06	3.25	11	0.82 C	0.00 12
22	MAX	1.06	0.00	11	3.10	0.00	11		
		-2.65	0.00	12	6.42	0.00	11	1.40 C	3.25 11
	MIN	0.69	3.25	12	-0.33	3.25	11		
		-3.94	3.25	11	-6.40	3.25	11	0.91 C	0.00 12
23	MAX	1.17	0.00	11	3.23	0.00	11		
		-4.09	0.00	12	9.86	0.00	11	0.97 C	3.25 11
	MIN	0.78	3.25	12	-0.57	3.25	11		
		-6.08	3.25	11	-9.90	3.25	11	0.63 C	0.00 12
24	MAX	7.61	0.00	11	12.80	0.00	11		
		0.63	0.00	11	-0.34	3.25	12	11.93 C	3.25 11
	MIN	5.11	3.25	12	-11.95	3.25	11		
		0.44	3.25	12	-2.60	0.00	11	7.99 C	0.00 12

Untitled

25	MAX	-1.06	0.00	12	2.54	3.25	11				
		0.79	0.00	11	-0.14	3.25	12	0.86	T	3.25	12
	MIN	-1.58	3.25	11	-2.61	0.00	11				
		0.53	3.25	12	-2.77	0.00	11	1.36	T	0.00	11
26	MAX	-0.04	0.00	12	0.72	4.64	11				
		0.07	0.00	11	-0.12	4.64	12	1.90	T	0.00	12
	MIN	-0.17	4.64	11	0.10	0.00	12				
		0.05	4.64	12	-0.50	0.00	11	2.92	T	4.64	11
27	MAX	0.69	0.00	11	2.35	0.00	11				
		-0.03	0.00	12	0.08	0.00	11	1.43	T	0.00	12
	MIN	0.42	4.64	12	-0.72	4.64	11				
		-0.05	4.64	11	-0.13	4.64	11	2.19	T	4.64	11
28	MAX	0.03	0.00	11	0.29	0.00	11				
		-0.01	0.00	12	0.00	0.00	11	0.96	T	0.00	12
	MIN	-0.03	4.64	12	0.17	1.93	12				
		-0.01	4.64	11	-0.05	4.64	11	1.48	T	4.64	11
29	MAX	0.51	0.00	11	2.06	0.00	11				
		-0.01	0.00	12	0.02	0.00	11	0.34	T	0.00	12
	MIN	0.30	4.64	12	-0.20	4.64	11				
		-0.01	4.64	11	-0.02	4.64	11	0.54	T	4.64	11
30	MAX	0.56	0.00	11	2.26	0.00	11				
		0.00	0.00	12	0.04	0.00	11	0.17	T	0.00	12
	MIN	0.33	4.64	12	-0.21	4.64	11				
		-0.01	4.64	11	0.01	4.64	12	0.30	T	4.64	11
31	MAX	0.75	0.00	11	2.74	0.00	11				
		0.03	0.00	11	0.09	4.64	11	1.39	T	0.00	12
STAAD SPACE										-- PAGE NO.	10
	MIN	0.46	4.64	12	-0.62	4.64	11				
		0.02	4.64	12	-0.05	0.00	11	2.13	T	4.64	11
32	MAX	0.36	0.00	11	2.18	0.00	11				
		-0.08	0.00	12	0.60	0.00	11	1.46	T	0.00	12
	MIN	0.20	4.64	12	0.42	4.64	12				
		-0.11	4.64	11	0.05	4.64	12	2.27	T	4.64	11
34	MAX	0.01	0.00	11	0.00	0.00	11				
		0.00	0.00	12	0.00	0.00	11	3.65	C	0.00	11
	MIN	-0.01	6.28	11	-0.01	3.14	11				
		0.00	6.28	11	0.00	5.75	11	2.38	C	6.28	12
35	MAX	0.01	0.00	11	0.00	0.00	11				
		0.00	0.00	12	0.00	0.00	11	3.19	C	0.00	11
	MIN	-0.01	6.28	11	-0.01	3.14	11				
		0.00	6.28	11	0.00	5.75	11	2.08	C	6.28	12
36	MAX	0.01	0.00	11	0.00	0.00	11				
		0.00	0.00	12	0.00	0.00	11	2.02	C	0.00	11
	MIN	-0.01	6.28	11	-0.01	3.14	11				
		0.00	6.28	11	0.00	5.75	11	1.31	C	6.28	12
37	MAX	0.01	0.00	11	0.00	0.00	11				
		0.00	0.00	12	0.00	0.00	11	1.37	C	0.00	11
	MIN	-0.01	6.28	11	-0.01	3.14	11				
		0.00	6.28	11	0.00	5.75	11	0.88	C	6.28	12

Untitled									
38 MAX	0.01	0.00	11	0.00	0.00	11			
	0.00	0.00	12	0.00	0.00	11	0.64 C	0.00	11
MI N	-0.01	6.28	11	-0.01	3.14	11			
	0.00	6.28	11	0.00	5.75	11	0.40 C	6.28	12
39 MAX	0.00	0.00	12	0.03	6.28	11			
	0.03	0.00	11	0.17	6.28	11	3.06 C	0.00	11
MI N	-0.01	6.28	11	0.00	1.05	12			
	0.02	6.28	12	0.00	0.00	12	2.00 C	6.28	12
40 MAX	0.00	0.00	12	0.05	6.28	11			
	0.06	0.00	11	0.23	6.28	11	2.94 C	0.00	11
MI N	-0.02	6.28	11	-0.03	0.00	11			
	0.04	6.28	12	-0.16	0.00	11	1.90 C	6.28	12
41 MAX	0.00	0.00	11	0.00	0.00	11			
	0.00	0.00	11	0.00	3.12	11	5.03 C	0.00	11
MI N	0.00	3.40	11	0.00	1.70	11			
	0.00	3.40	12	0.00	3.40	12	3.38 C	3.40	12
42 MAX	0.00	0.00	11	0.00	0.00	11			
	0.00	0.00	11	0.00	3.12	11	4.33 C	3.40	11
MI N	0.00	3.40	11	0.00	1.70	11			
	0.00	3.40	12	0.00	3.40	12	2.88 C	0.00	12
44 MAX	0.00	0.00	11	0.00	0.00	11			
	0.00	0.00	12	0.00	0.00	11	0.01 C	3.40	11
STAAD SPACE							-- PAGE NO.	11	
MI N	0.00	3.40	11	0.00	1.70	11			
	0.00	3.40	11	0.00	3.12	11	0.00 C	0.00	12
46 MAX	0.00	0.00	11	0.00	0.00	11			
	0.00	0.00	12	0.00	0.00	11	0.92 C	3.40	11
MI N	0.00	3.40	11	0.00	1.70	11			
	0.00	3.40	11	0.00	3.12	11	0.61 C	0.00	12
55 MAX	1.16	0.00	11	2.97	0.00	11			
	0.00	0.00	12	0.01	0.00	11	1.09 C	2.06	11
MI N	0.59	2.06	12	0.58	2.06	12			
	0.00	2.06	11	0.00	2.06	12	0.69 C	0.00	12
56 MAX	0.87	0.00	11	0.87	0.00	11			
	0.00	0.00	12	0.00	0.00	11	1.49 C	11.34	11
MI N	-0.72	11.34	11	-1.84	6.61	11			
	0.00	11.34	11	0.00	11.34	12	0.74 C	0.00	12
57 MAX	1.94	0.00	11	3.88	0.00	11			
	0.00	0.00	11	0.00	11.34	11	0.75 T	11.34	12
MI N	-1.25	11.34	11	-2.78	6.61	11			
	0.00	11.34	12	-0.03	0.00	11	2.01 T	0.00	11
58 MAX	-1.44	0.00	12	3.88	2.06	11			
	0.00	0.00	11	-0.02	2.06	12	2.55 T	2.06	12
MI N	-2.72	2.06	11	-1.14	0.00	11			
	0.00	2.06	12	-0.03	0.00	11	4.04 T	0.00	11
59 MAX	2.32	0.00	11	5.79	0.00	11			
	0.00	0.00	11	0.00	13.40	11	0.27 T	13.40	12
MI N	-1.45	13.40	11	-3.73	7.82	11			
	0.00	13.40	12	-0.01	0.00	11	1.39 T	0.00	11
60 MAX	1.85	0.00	11	2.89	0.00	11			

Untitled									
	0.00	0.00	11	0.00	11.34	12	1.50 C	11.34	11
MI N	-1.34	11.34	11	-3.19	6.61	11			
	0.00	11.34	12	-0.01	0.00	11	0.47 C	0.00	12
61 MAX	-1.02	0.00	12	2.89	2.06	11			
	0.00	0.00	11	-0.01	2.06	12	0.61 T	2.06	12
MI N	-2.16	2.06	11	-0.95	0.00	11			
	0.00	2.06	12	-0.01	0.00	11	1.07 T	0.00	11
62 MAX	2.35	0.00	11	5.26	0.00	11			
	0.00	0.00	12	0.00	0.00	11	0.93 C	13.40	11
MI N	-1.56	13.40	11	-4.17	7.82	11			
	0.00	13.40	11	0.00	13.40	11	0.04 T	0.00	11
63 MAX	2.28	0.00	11	5.24	0.00	11			
	0.00	0.00	12	0.01	0.00	11	1.19 C	13.40	11
MI N	-1.49	13.40	11	-3.96	7.82	11			
	0.00	13.40	11	0.00	13.40	12	0.17 C	0.00	12
64 MAX	-0.18	0.00	12	0.00	2.06	12			
	0.00	0.00	12	0.00	2.06	11	0.23 T	2.06	12
STAAD SPACE							-- PAGE NO.		12
MI N	-0.84	2.06	11	-1.14	0.00	11			
	0.00	2.06	11	0.00	1.89	11	0.49 T	0.00	11
65 MAX	2.31	0.00	11	5.76	0.00	11			
	0.00	0.00	12	0.01	0.00	11	0.22 T	13.40	12
MI N	-1.46	13.40	11	-3.74	7.82	11			
	0.00	13.40	11	0.00	13.40	12	1.32 T	0.00	11
66 MAX	2.34	0.00	11	6.15	0.00	11			
	0.00	0.00	12	0.03	0.00	11	1.24 T	13.40	12
MI N	-1.43	13.40	11	-3.58	7.82	11			
	0.00	13.40	11	0.00	13.40	12	2.89 T	0.00	11
67 MAX	1.16	0.00	11	2.93	0.00	11			
	0.00	0.00	11	0.00	2.06	12	1.11 C	2.06	11
MI N	0.59	2.06	12	0.56	2.06	12			
	0.00	2.06	12	0.00	0.00	11	0.70 C	0.00	12
68 MAX	0.87	0.00	11	0.84	0.00	11			
	0.00	0.00	11	0.00	11.34	12	1.51 C	11.34	11
MI N	-0.72	11.34	11	-1.85	6.61	11			
	0.00	11.34	12	0.00	0.00	11	0.75 C	0.00	12
69 MAX	1.66	0.00	11	3.07	0.00	11			
	0.23	0.00	11	0.03	2.00	11	0.05 T	0.00	12
MI N	-0.14	4.00	11	0.01	3.67	11			
	-0.22	4.00	11	-0.20	0.00	11	0.07 T	4.00	11
70 MAX	2.09	0.00	11	0.14	0.00	11			
	0.33	0.00	11	0.17	3.00	11	0.02 T	0.00	12
MI N	0.20	4.00	12	-4.62	4.00	11			
	-0.12	4.00	11	-0.32	0.00	11	0.02 T	4.00	11
71 MAX	1.27	0.00	11	-3.00	0.00	12			
	0.14	0.00	11	0.14	1.33	11	0.01 T	0.00	11
MI N	-0.52	4.00	11	-6.30	2.67	11			
	-0.31	4.00	11	-0.28	4.00	11	0.01 T	4.00	12
72 MAX	0.61	0.00	11	-3.22	4.00	12			
	0.32	0.00	11	0.16	3.00	11	0.00 C	0.00	11

				Untitled					
MIN	-1.18	4.00	11	-6.40	1.33	11			
	-0.13	4.00	11	-0.30	0.00	11	0.00 T	4.00	12
73 MAX	-0.25	0.00	12	0.13	4.00	11			
	0.12	0.00	11	0.16	1.00	11	0.01 C	0.00	11
MIN	-2.16	4.00	11	-4.94	0.00	11			
	-0.33	4.00	11	-0.33	4.00	11	0.00 C	4.00	12
74 MAX	0.05	0.00	11	3.28	4.00	11			
	0.18	0.00	11	0.06	1.67	11	0.04 T	0.00	12
MIN	-1.74	4.00	11	-0.10	0.00	11			
	-0.27	4.00	11	-0.26	4.00	11	0.05 T	4.00	11
STAAD SPACE							-- PAGE NO.		13

***** END OF FORCE ENVELOPE FROM INTERNAL STORAGE *****

91. FINISH

***** END OF THE STAAD.Pro RUN *****

**** DATE= FEB 28, 2007 TIME= 23: 36: 25 ****

App 4.0X Other Calc / Computational Work

Truss Design	Completed By	Revised By	DCN #	
Appendix 4.05	Benoit	Glantz, Owens	S-40	
<p><i>Conclusions: The following is the RISA output data to check the design of the Living Space truss with added wind load from distribution calculations as described in Appendix 3.03.</i></p>				

Envelope LRFD Steel Code Checks

Member	Shape	Code C...	Loc[ft]	lc	Shear C...	Loc[ft]	Dir	lc	phi*Pnc [k]	phi*Pnt [k]	phi*Mn y...	phi*Mn z...	Cb	LRFD E...
M1	HSS6X4X4	.819	14.367	2	.023	32	y	2	30.142	177.795	22.204	29.372	1	H1-1a
M2	HSS6X4X4	.440	3.918	2	.006	28.082	y	2	30.142	177.795	22.204	29.372	1	H1-1a
M3	HSS4X2X2	.368	3.5	2	.021	0	y	2	42.989	54.074	3.332	5.724	1	H1-1a
M4	HSS4X2X2	.312	0	2	.017	0	y	2	42.989	54.074	3.332	5.724	1	H1-1a
M5	HSS4X2X2	.158	0	2	.012	0	y	2	42.989	54.074	3.332	5.724	1	H1-1b
M6	HSS4X2X2	.095	0	2	.007	0	y	2	42.989	54.074	3.332	5.724	1	H1-1b
M7	HSS4X2X2	.027	0	2	.001	0	y	3	42.989	54.074	3.332	5.724	1	H1-1b
M8	HSS4X2X2	.095	0	2	.007	0	y	2	42.989	54.074	3.332	5.724	1	H1-1b
M9	HSS4X2X2	.158	0	2	.012	0	y	2	42.989	54.074	3.332	5.724	1	H1-1b
M10	HSS4X2X2	.312	0	2	.017	0	y	2	42.989	54.074	3.332	5.724	1	H1-1a
M11	HSS4X2X2	.368	3.5	2	.021	0	y	2	42.989	54.074	3.332	5.724	1	H1-1a
M12	HSS4X2X2	.283	0	2	.004	0	y	2	34.329	54.074	3.332	5.724	1	H1-1a
M13	HSS4X2X2	.123	0	2	.003	0	y	2	34.329	54.074	3.332	5.724	1	H1-1b
M14	HSS4X2X2	.080	0	2	.002	0	y	2	34.329	54.074	3.332	5.724	1	H1-1b
M15	HSS4X2X2	.030	0	2	.000	0	y	2	34.329	54.074	3.332	5.724	1	H1-1b
M16	HSS4X2X2	.030	5.315	2	.000	0	y	2	34.329	54.074	3.332	5.724	1	H1-1b
M17	HSS4X2X2	.080	5.315	2	.002	0	y	2	34.329	54.074	3.332	5.724	1	H1-1b
M18	HSS4X2X2	.123	5.315	2	.003	0	y	2	34.329	54.074	3.332	5.724	1	H1-1b
M19	HSS4X2X2	.283	5.315	2	.004	0	y	2	34.329	54.074	3.332	5.724	1	H1-1a

Envelope Member Section Deflections

Member	Sec		x [in]	lc	y [in]	lc	z [in]	lc	x Rotate [ra...	lc	(n) L/y Ratio	lc	(n) L/z Ratio	lc
M1	1	max	.029	2	-.001	5	0	1	0	1	NC	5	NC	1
		min	.001	6	-.011	2	0	1	0	1	NC	2	NC	1
	2	max	.002	3	-.033	6	0	1	0	1	NC	6	NC	1
		min	-.002	4	-.217	2	0	1	0	1	1861.948	2	NC	1
	3	max	-.002	5	-.001	6	0	1	0	1	NC	6	NC	1
		min	-.029	2	-.011	2	0	1	0	1	NC	2	NC	1
M2	1	max	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	NC	1	NC	1
		min	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	NC	1	NC	1
	2	max	.001	3	-.033	6	0	1	0	1	NC	6	NC	1
		min	-.001	4	-.215	2	0	1	0	1	1788.051	2	NC	1
	3	max	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	NC	1	NC	1
		min	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	NC	1	NC	1
M3	1	max	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	NC	1	NC	1
		min	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	NC	1	NC	1
	2	max	0	5	0	6	0	1	0	1	NC	6	NC	1
		min	-.006	2	-.014	2	0	1	0	1	3090.301	2	NC	1
	3	max	-.001	5	-.001	6	0	1	0	1	NC	6	NC	1
		min	-.011	2	-.029	2	0	1	0	1	1470.571	2	NC	1
M4	1	max	-.011	6	.005	2	0	1	0	1	NC	2	NC	1
		min	-.082	2	0	5	0	1	0	1	NC	5	NC	1
	2	max	-.012	6	0	6	0	1	0	1	NC	6	NC	1
		min	-.087	2	-.01	2	0	1	0	1	NC	2	NC	1
	3	max	-.013	6	-.001	6	0	1	0	1	NC	6	NC	1
		min	-.092	2	-.025	2	0	1	0	1	NC	2	NC	1
M5	1	max	-.022	6	.006	2	0	1	0	1	NC	2	NC	1
		min	-.151	2	0	5	0	1	0	1	NC	5	NC	1
	2	max	-.022	6	0	6	0	1	0	1	NC	6	NC	1
		min	-.154	2	-.006	2	0	1	0	1	NC	2	NC	1
	3	max	-.023	6	0	6	0	1	0	1	NC	6	NC	1
		min	-.157	2	-.018	2	0	1	0	1	NC	2	NC	1
M6	1	max	-.029	6	.004	2	0	1	0	1	NC	2	NC	1
		min	-.196	2	0	5	0	1	0	1	NC	5	NC	1
	2	max	-.03	6	.001	6	0	1	0	1	NC	6	NC	1

Envelope Member Section Deflections (Continued)

Member	Sec		x [in]	lc	y [in]	lc	z [in]	lc	x Rotate [ra...	lc	(n) L/y Ratio	lc	(n) L/z Ratio	lc
		min	-.198	2	-.003	3	0	1	0	1	NC	3	NC	1
	3	max	-.03	6	0	6	0	1	0	1	NC	6	NC	1
		min	-.2	2	-.009	2	0	1	0	1	NC	2	NC	1
M7	1	max	-.033	6	.001	4	0	1	0	1	NC	4	NC	1
		min	-.215	2	-.001	3	0	1	0	1	NC	3	NC	1
	2	max	-.033	6	.002	4	0	1	0	1	NC	4	NC	1
		min	-.216	2	-.002	3	0	1	0	1	NC	3	NC	1
	3	max	-.033	6	.002	4	0	1	0	1	NC	4	NC	1
		min	-.217	2	-.002	3	0	1	0	1	NC	3	NC	1
M8	1	max	-.031	6	0	6	0	1	0	1	NC	6	NC	1
		min	-.196	2	-.004	2	0	1	0	1	NC	2	NC	1
	2	max	-.031	6	.003	2	0	1	0	1	NC	2	NC	1
		min	-.198	2	-.001	5	0	1	0	1	NC	5	NC	1
	3	max	-.031	6	.009	2	0	1	0	1	NC	2	NC	1
		min	-.2	2	0	5	0	1	0	1	NC	5	NC	1
M9	1	max	-.024	6	0	6	0	1	0	1	NC	6	NC	1
		min	-.151	2	-.006	2	0	1	0	1	NC	2	NC	1
	2	max	-.025	6	.006	2	0	1	0	1	NC	2	NC	1
		min	-.154	2	0	5	0	1	0	1	NC	5	NC	1
	3	max	-.025	6	.018	2	0	1	0	1	NC	2	NC	1
		min	-.157	2	.001	5	0	1	0	1	NC	5	NC	1
M10	1	max	-.013	5	0	6	0	1	0	1	NC	6	NC	1
		min	-.082	2	-.005	2	0	1	0	1	NC	2	NC	1
	2	max	-.014	5	.01	2	0	1	0	1	NC	2	NC	1
		min	-.087	2	0	5	0	1	0	1	NC	5	NC	1
	3	max	-.015	5	.025	2	0	1	0	1	NC	2	NC	1
		min	-.092	2	.002	5	0	1	0	1	NC	5	NC	1
M11	1	max	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	NC	1	NC	1
		min	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	NC	1	NC	1
	2	max	0	6	.014	2	0	1	0	1	3090.301	2	NC	1
		min	-.006	2	.001	5	0	1	0	1	NC	5	NC	1
	3	max	-.001	6	.029	2	0	1	0	1	1470.571	2	NC	1
		min	-.011	2	.002	5	0	1	0	1	NC	5	NC	1
M12	1	max	.029	2	.01	2	0	1	0	1	NC	2	NC	1
		min	.002	6	0	6	0	1	0	1	NC	6	NC	1
	2	max	.04	2	-.004	5	0	1	0	1	NC	5	NC	1
		min	.004	6	-.029	2	0	1	0	1	NC	2	NC	1
	3	max	.051	2	-.009	6	0	1	0	1	NC	6	NC	1
		min	.007	6	-.065	2	0	1	0	1	NC	2	NC	1
M13	1	max	.079	2	-.008	5	0	1	0	1	NC	5	NC	1
		min	.01	6	-.053	2	0	1	0	1	NC	2	NC	1
	2	max	.087	2	-.014	6	0	1	0	1	NC	6	NC	1
		min	.011	6	-.088	2	0	1	0	1	NC	2	NC	1
	3	max	.095	2	-.018	6	0	1	0	1	NC	6	NC	1
		min	.013	6	-.117	2	0	1	0	1	NC	2	NC	1
M14	1	max	.117	2	-.017	6	0	1	0	1	NC	6	NC	1
		min	.015	6	-.107	2	0	1	0	1	NC	2	NC	1
	2	max	.122	2	-.021	6	0	1	0	1	NC	6	NC	1
		min	.017	6	-.132	2	0	1	0	1	NC	2	NC	1
	3	max	.126	2	-.023	6	0	1	0	1	NC	6	NC	1
		min	.018	6	-.15	2	0	1	0	1	NC	2	NC	1
M15	1	max	.139	2	-.023	6	0	1	0	1	NC	6	NC	1
		min	.019	6	-.145	2	0	1	0	1	NC	2	NC	1
	2	max	.14	2	-.025	6	0	1	0	1	NC	6	NC	1
		min	.02	6	-.158	2	0	1	0	1	NC	2	NC	1
	3	max	.141	2	-.025	6	0	1	0	1	NC	6	NC	1

Envelope Member Section Deflections (Continued)

Member	Sec		x [in]	lc	y [in]	lc	z [in]	lc	x Rotate [ra...	lc	(n) L/y Ratio	lc	(n) L/z Ratio	lc
M16	1	min	.02	6	-.162	2	0	1	0	1	NC	2	NC	1
		max	-.023	6	-.024	6	0	1	0	1	NC	6	NC	1
		min	-.141	2	-.162	2	0	1	0	1	NC	2	NC	1
	2	max	-.022	5	-.023	6	0	1	0	1	NC	6	NC	1
		min	-.14	2	-.158	2	0	1	0	1	NC	2	NC	1
		max	-.022	5	-.021	6	0	1	0	1	NC	6	NC	1
M17	1	min	-.139	2	-.145	2	0	1	0	1	NC	2	NC	1
		max	-.02	5	-.023	6	0	1	0	1	NC	6	NC	1
		min	-.126	2	-.15	2	0	1	0	1	NC	2	NC	1
	2	max	-.019	5	-.02	6	0	1	0	1	NC	6	NC	1
		min	-.122	2	-.132	2	0	1	0	1	NC	2	NC	1
		max	-.018	5	-.016	6	0	1	0	1	NC	6	NC	1
M18	1	min	-.117	2	-.107	2	0	1	0	1	NC	2	NC	1
		max	-.015	5	-.018	6	0	1	0	1	NC	6	NC	1
		min	-.095	2	-.117	2	0	1	0	1	NC	2	NC	1
	2	max	-.013	5	-.013	6	0	1	0	1	NC	6	NC	1
		min	-.087	2	-.088	2	0	1	0	1	NC	2	NC	1
		max	-.011	5	-.007	6	0	1	0	1	NC	6	NC	1
M19	1	min	-.079	2	-.053	2	0	1	0	1	NC	2	NC	1
		max	-.008	5	-.01	6	0	1	0	1	NC	6	NC	1
		min	-.051	2	-.065	2	0	1	0	1	NC	2	NC	1
	2	max	-.005	5	-.004	6	0	1	0	1	NC	6	NC	1
		min	-.04	2	-.029	2	0	1	0	1	NC	2	NC	1
		max	-.003	5	.01	2	0	1	0	1	NC	2	NC	1
		min	-.029	2	0	5	0	1	0	1	NC	5	NC	1

Envelope Member Section Forces

Member	Sec		Axial[k]	lc	y Shear[k]	lc	z Shear[k]	lc	Torque[k-ft]	lc	y-y Momen...	lc	z-z Momen...	lc
M1	1	max	10.315	2	1.578	2	0	1	0	1	0	1	1.144	2
		min	.156	6	.248	5	0	1	0	1	0	1	.149	5
		max	23.681	2	1.172	2	0	1	0	1	0	1	.013	6
	2	min	3.39	6	-.543	3	0	1	0	1	0	1	-.045	2
		max	10.315	2	-.245	6	0	1	0	1	0	1	1.144	2
		min	1.001	5	-1.578	2	0	1	0	1	0	1	.148	6
M2	1	max	12.451	2	.438	2	0	1	0	1	0	1	.825	2
		min	.569	5	.066	5	0	1	0	1	0	1	.104	5
		max	-1.888	6	.078	4	0	1	0	1	0	1	-.17	6
	2	min	-9.552	2	-.149	2	0	1	0	1	0	1	-.996	2
		max	12.451	2	-.063	6	0	1	0	1	0	1	.825	2
		min	.572	6	-.438	2	0	1	0	1	0	1	.103	6
M3	1	max	10.047	2	-.061	5	0	1	0	1	0	1	-.104	5
		min	1.303	5	-.483	2	0	1	0	1	0	1	-.825	2
		max	10.047	2	-.061	5	0	1	0	1	0	1	.02	2
	2	min	1.303	5	-.483	2	0	1	0	1	0	1	.003	6
		max	10.047	2	-.061	5	0	1	0	1	0	1	.865	2
		min	1.303	5	-.483	2	0	1	0	1	0	1	.111	5
M4	1	max	8.686	2	-.051	5	0	1	0	1	0	1	-.091	5
		min	1.097	5	-.398	2	0	1	0	1	0	1	-.708	2
		max	8.686	2	-.051	5	0	1	0	1	0	1	-.002	6
	2	min	1.097	5	-.398	2	0	1	0	1	0	1	-.012	2
		max	8.686	2	-.051	5	0	1	0	1	0	1	.685	2
		min	1.097	5	-.398	2	0	1	0	1	0	1	.087	5
M5	1	max	6.18	2	-.031	5	0	1	0	1	0	1	-.055	5
		min	.695	5	-.276	2	0	1	0	1	0	1	-.492	2
	2	max	6.18	2	-.031	5	0	1	0	1	0	1	-.001	6

Envelope Member Section Forces (Continued)

Member	Sec		Axial[k]	lc	y Shear[k]	lc	z Shear[k]	lc	Torque[k-ft]	lc	y-y Momen...	lc	z-z Momen...	lc
		min	.695	5	-.276	2	0	1	0	1	0	1	-.008	2
	3	max	6.18	2	-.031	5	0	1	0	1	0	1	.475	2
		min	.695	5	-.276	2	0	1	0	1	0	1	.052	5
M6	1	max	3.667	2	-.014	5	0	1	0	1	0	1	-.025	5
		min	.294	5	-.167	2	0	1	0	1	0	1	-.299	2
	2	max	3.667	2	-.014	5	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	5
		min	.294	5	-.167	2	0	1	0	1	0	1	-.008	2
	3	max	3.667	2	-.014	5	0	1	0	1	0	1	.284	2
		min	.294	5	-.167	2	0	1	0	1	0	1	.024	5
M7	1	max	2.36	2	.013	3	0	1	0	1	0	1	.023	3
		min	.375	5	-.013	4	0	1	0	1	0	1	-.023	4
	2	max	2.36	2	.013	3	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	5
		min	.375	5	-.013	4	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	6
	3	max	2.36	2	.013	3	0	1	0	1	0	1	.021	4
		min	.375	5	-.013	4	0	1	0	1	0	1	-.021	3
M8	1	max	3.667	2	.167	2	0	1	0	1	0	1	.299	2
		min	.298	6	.012	6	0	1	0	1	0	1	.022	6
	2	max	3.667	2	.167	2	0	1	0	1	0	1	.008	2
		min	.298	6	.012	6	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	6
	3	max	3.667	2	.167	2	0	1	0	1	0	1	-.02	6
		min	.298	6	.012	6	0	1	0	1	0	1	-.284	2
M9	1	max	6.18	2	.276	2	0	1	0	1	0	1	.492	2
		min	.696	6	.029	6	0	1	0	1	0	1	.052	6
	2	max	6.18	2	.276	2	0	1	0	1	0	1	.008	2
		min	.696	6	.029	6	0	1	0	1	0	1	.001	5
	3	max	6.18	2	.276	2	0	1	0	1	0	1	-.049	6
		min	.696	6	.029	6	0	1	0	1	0	1	-.475	2
M10	1	max	8.686	2	.398	2	0	1	0	1	0	1	.708	2
		min	1.1	6	.049	6	0	1	0	1	0	1	.087	6
	2	max	8.686	2	.398	2	0	1	0	1	0	1	.012	2
		min	1.1	6	.049	6	0	1	0	1	0	1	.002	5
	3	max	8.686	2	.398	2	0	1	0	1	0	1	-.083	6
		min	1.1	6	.049	6	0	1	0	1	0	1	-.685	2
M11	1	max	10.047	2	.483	2	0	1	0	1	0	1	.825	2
		min	1.306	6	.061	6	0	1	0	1	0	1	.103	6
	2	max	10.047	2	.483	2	0	1	0	1	0	1	-.003	5
		min	1.306	6	.061	6	0	1	0	1	0	1	-.02	2
	3	max	10.047	2	.483	2	0	1	0	1	0	1	-.11	6
		min	1.306	6	.061	6	0	1	0	1	0	1	-.865	2
M12	1	max	-1.617	5	-.012	5	0	1	0	1	0	1	-.038	5
		min	-12.983	2	-.098	2	0	1	0	1	0	1	-.279	2
	2	max	-1.617	5	-.012	5	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	6
		min	-12.983	2	-.098	2	0	1	0	1	0	1	-.018	2
	3	max	-1.617	5	-.012	5	0	1	0	1	0	1	.243	2
		min	-12.983	2	-.098	2	0	1	0	1	0	1	.028	5
M13	1	max	-1.046	5	-.008	5	0	1	0	1	0	1	-.028	5
		min	-9.337	2	-.067	2	0	1	0	1	0	1	-.21	2
	2	max	-1.046	5	-.008	5	0	1	0	1	0	1	-.003	6
		min	-9.337	2	-.067	2	0	1	0	1	0	1	-.032	2
	3	max	-1.046	5	-.008	5	0	1	0	1	0	1	.145	2
		min	-9.337	2	-.067	2	0	1	0	1	0	1	.013	5
M14	1	max	-.453	5	-.004	5	0	1	0	1	0	1	-.018	5
		min	-5.629	2	-.044	2	0	1	0	1	0	1	-.158	2
	2	max	-.453	5	-.004	5	0	1	0	1	0	1	-.005	6
		min	-5.629	2	-.044	2	0	1	0	1	0	1	-.042	2
	3	max	-.453	5	-.004	5	0	1	0	1	0	1	.074	2

Envelope Member Section Forces (Continued)

Member	Sec		Axial[k]	lc	y Shear[k]	lc	z Shear[k]	lc	Torque[k-ft]	lc	y-y Momen...	lc	z-z Momen...	lc
M15	1	min	-5.629	2	-.044	2	0	1	0	1	0	1	.002	5
		max	.212	5	.001	5	0	1	0	1	0	1	-.008	5
		min	-1.571	2	-.009	2	0	1	0	1	0	1	-.087	2
		max	.212	5	.001	5	0	1	0	1	0	1	-.009	6
	2	min	-1.571	2	-.009	2	0	1	0	1	0	1	-.062	2
		max	.212	5	.001	5	0	1	0	1	0	1	.003	6
M16	1	min	-1.571	2	-.009	2	0	1	0	1	0	1	-.037	2
		max	.201	6	.009	2	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	5
		min	-1.571	2	0	6	0	1	0	1	0	1	-.037	2
		max	.201	6	.009	2	0	1	0	1	0	1	-.01	5
	2	min	-1.571	2	0	6	0	1	0	1	0	1	-.062	2
		max	.201	6	.009	2	0	1	0	1	0	1	-.008	6
M17	1	min	-1.571	2	0	6	0	1	0	1	0	1	-.087	2
		max	-.455	6	.044	2	0	1	0	1	0	1	.074	2
		min	-5.629	2	.004	6	0	1	0	1	0	1	.003	6
		max	-.455	6	.044	2	0	1	0	1	0	1	-.006	5
	2	min	-5.629	2	.004	6	0	1	0	1	0	1	-.042	2
		max	-.455	6	.044	2	0	1	0	1	0	1	-.018	6
M18	1	min	-5.629	2	.004	6	0	1	0	1	0	1	-.158	2
		max	-1.048	6	.067	2	0	1	0	1	0	1	.145	2
		min	-9.337	2	.008	6	0	1	0	1	0	1	.014	6
		max	-1.048	6	.067	2	0	1	0	1	0	1	-.004	5
	2	min	-9.337	2	.008	6	0	1	0	1	0	1	-.032	2
		max	-1.048	6	.067	2	0	1	0	1	0	1	-.027	6
M19	1	min	-9.337	2	.008	6	0	1	0	1	0	1	-.21	2
		max	-1.626	6	.098	2	0	1	0	1	0	1	.243	2
		min	-12.983	2	.013	6	0	1	0	1	0	1	.029	6
		max	-1.626	6	.098	2	0	1	0	1	0	1	-.001	5
	2	min	-12.983	2	.013	6	0	1	0	1	0	1	-.018	2
		max	-1.626	6	.098	2	0	1	0	1	0	1	-.038	6
		min	-12.983	2	.013	6	0	1	0	1	0	1	-.279	2

App 4.0X Other Calc / Computational Work

SIP Design	Completed By	Revised By	DCN #
Appendix 4.06	MURUS	Glantz, Owens	
<p><i>Conclusions: The following is a description of the loads used to assess the deflection seen in the SIPs for the roof design of the home. MURUS has used a 30psf snow load (please note this load is less than the 35psf used throughout the rest of the structural design, however, is an acceptable number for the State College and DC region) and additional 15psf as designated for dead load. The mechanical core roof is a green roof and loads are adjusted to account for this.</i></p>			



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www.murus.com

March 2, 2007

Sally,

This is in response to your email to Chris Bloom and me today. This is revised for a snow load of 30psf. The 2X Lumber that we use in our calculations is mixed southern pine no. 2 or better. This is different than we gave you in our most recent phone conversation. The span that is input to our panel program is along the horizontal. Sorry I didn't mention that in the last letter.

Living Space:

Input - Panel: 6 5/8" OSB/OSB PUR with (2) 2X splines
Loading: simple span; 3:12 slope; 12ft horizontal span; 15psf DL; 30psf SL

Results - Total load deflection over span = 1/261
Live load deflection over span = 1/391
Normal stress in OSB skins = $\pm 213\text{psi}$ < 780psi allowable
Shear stress in core = 1.8psi < 6psi allowable

Breezeway:

Input - Panel: 4 5/8" OSB/OSB PUR with (2) 2X splines
Loading: overhang; 2:12 slope; 4ft horizontal span; 3ft-9in horizontal overhang; 15psf DL; 30psf SL

Results - Total load deflection over span = 1/268
Live load deflection over span = 1/402
Normal stress in OSB skins = $\pm 173\text{psi}$ < 780psi allowable
Shear stress in core = 0.9psi < 6psi allowable

Mechanical Core:

Input - Panel: 6 5/8" OSB/OSB PUR with no splines
Loading: simple span; 0:12 slope; 7ft span; 15psf DL; 30psf SL

Results - Total load deflection over span = 1/349
Live load deflection over span = 1/524
Normal stress in OSB skins = $\pm 288\text{psi}$ < 780psi allowable
Shear stress in core = 1.9psi < 6psi allowable

Thanks,

Joshua R. Sherman
Structural Engineer



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March 4, 2007

Steve,

This is in response to your email to Chris Bloom today. This is revised for dead load of 40 PSF and a Snow load of 35 PSF on the Mechanical Core roof.

Living Space:

Input - Panel: 6 5/8" OSB/OSB PUR with (2) 2X splines
Loading: simple span; 3:12 slope; 12ft horizontal span; 15psf DL;
30psf SL

Results - Total load deflection over span = 1/261
Live load deflection over span = 1/391
Normal stress in OSB skins = $\pm 213\text{psi}$ < 780psi allowable
Shear stress in core = 1.8psi < 6psi allowable

Breezeway:

Input - Panel: 4 5/8" OSB/OSB PUR with (2) 2X splines
Loading: overhang; 2:12 slope; 4ft horizontal span; 3ft-9in horizontal
overhang; 15psf DL; 30psf SL

Results - Total load deflection over span = 1/268
Live load deflection over span = 1/402
Normal stress in OSB skins = $\pm 173\text{psi}$ < 780psi allowable
Shear stress in core = 0.9psi < 6psi allowable

Mechanical Core:

Input - Panel: 6 5/8" OSB/OSB PUR with single 2X splines
Loading: simple span; 0:12 slope; 7ft span; 40psf DL; 35psf SL

Results - Total load deflection over span = 1/346
Live load deflection over span = 1/707
Normal stress in OSB skins = $\pm 148\text{psi}$ < 780psi allowable
Shear stress in core = 1.7psi < 6psi allowable

Thanks,

Joshua R. Sherman
Structural Engineer

Letter of Transmittal

To: Engineering Projects Inc. Date: June 19, 2007
1903 East College Avenue Attention: Brennan Glantz, PE
State College, PA 16801 Re: PSU - Solar Decathlon

We are sending you:

☐ Attached ☐ Prints ☐ Panel Layout ☐ Preliminary Plans
☐ Design Plans ☐ Final Design Plans ☐ Final Drawings ☐ Pre-Cut Drawings
☐ Change Order ☐ Samples ☒ Other: Stamped Roof Panel Span Calculations

Copies	Date	No	Revision	Description
4	5/31/07	Page 1 of 1	NA	Roof Panel Span Calculations

THESE ARE TRANSMITTED AS CHECKED BELOW:

☐ For Approval ☐ Approved as Submitted ☐ Resubmit ☐ Copies for Approval
☐ For your use ☐ Approved as Noted ☐ Submit ☒ Copies for Distribution
☐ As requested ☐ Returned for corrections ☐ For review and comment
☐ Prints returned after loan to us ☐ Other: _____

Remarks: These are stamped panel span calculations from our P.E. Please let me know if you need anything else.

Copy To: File Signed: Joshua Sherman

JAMES R. FRANDSEN P.E.
Licensed Professional Engineer

P.O. Box 426 • 3310 Route 352 • Big Flats • New York 14814
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Roof Panel Span Calculations

May 31, 2007

The following is input and output from the computer program used to calculate deflection and stresses in Murus structural insulating panels. The headings (Living Space, Breezeway, and Mechanical Core) correspond to the area on the Penn State – Solar Decathlon architectural drawings that the analyzed roof is covering.

Living Space:

Input - Panel: 6 5/8" OSB/OSB PUR with (2) 2X splines
Loading: simple span; 3:12 slope; 12ft horizontal span; 15psf DL;
30psf SL

Results - Total load deflection over span = $1/261$
Live load deflection over span = $1/391$
Normal stress in OSB skins = $\pm 213\text{psi} < 780\text{psi}$ allowable
Shear stress in core = $1.8\text{psi} < 6\text{psi}$ allowable

Breezeway:

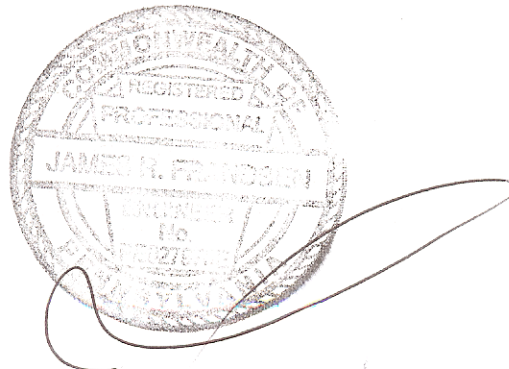
Input - Panel: 4 5/8" OSB/OSB PUR with (2) 2X splines
Loading: overhang; 2:12 slope; 4ft horizontal span; 3ft-9in horizontal
overhang; 15psf DL; 30psf SL

Results - Total load deflection over span = $1/268$
Live load deflection over span = $1/402$
Normal stress in OSB skins = $\pm 173\text{psi} < 780\text{psi}$ allowable
Shear stress in core = $0.9\text{psi} < 6\text{psi}$ allowable

Mechanical Core:

Input - Panel: 6 5/8" OSB/OSB PUR with single 2X splines
Loading: simple span; 0:12 slope; 7ft span; 40psf DL; 35psf SL

Results - Total load deflection over span = $1/346$
Live load deflection over span = $1/707$
Normal stress in OSB skins = $\pm 148\text{psi} < 780\text{psi}$ allowable
Shear stress in core = $1.7\text{psi} < 6\text{psi}$ allowable



6-12-07

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Roof Panel Span Calculations

May 31, 2007

The following is input and output from the computer program used to calculate deflection and stresses in Murus structural insulating panels. The headings (Living Space, Breezeway, and Mechanical Core) correspond to the area on the Penn State – Solar Decathlon architectural drawings that the analyzed roof is covering.

Living Space:

Input - Panel: 6 5/8" OSB/OSB PUR with (2) 2X splines
Loading: simple span; 3:12 slope; 12ft horizontal span; 15psf DL;
30psf SL

Results - Total load deflection over span = 1/261
Live load deflection over span = 1/391
Normal stress in OSB skins = $\pm 213\text{psi}$ < 780psi allowable
Shear stress in core = 1.8psi < 6psi allowable

Breezeway:

Input - Panel: 4 5/8" OSB/OSB PUR with (2) 2X splines
Loading: overhang; 2:12 slope; 4ft horizontal span; 3ft-9in horizontal
overhang; 15psf DL; 30psf SL

Results - Total load deflection over span = 1/268
Live load deflection over span = 1/402
Normal stress in OSB skins = $\pm 173\text{psi}$ < 780psi allowable
Shear stress in core = 0.9psi < 6psi allowable

Mechanical Core:

Input - Panel: 6 5/8" OSB/OSB PUR with single 2X splines
Loading: simple span; 0:12 slope; 7ft span; 40psf DL; 35psf SL

Results - Total load deflection over span = 1/346
Live load deflection over span = 1/707
Normal stress in OSB skins = $\pm 148\text{psi}$ < 780psi allowable
Shear stress in core = 1.7psi < 6psi allowable



6-12-07

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Roof Panel Span Calculations

May 31, 2007

The following is input and output from the computer program used to calculate deflection and stresses in Murus structural insulating panels. The headings (Living Space, Breezeway, and Mechanical Core) correspond to the area on the Penn State – Solar Decathlon architectural drawings that the analyzed roof is covering.

Living Space:

Input - Panel: 6 5/8" OSB/OSB PUR with (2) 2X splines
Loading: simple span; 3:12 slope; 12ft horizontal span; 15psf DL; 30psf SL

Results - Total load deflection over span = 1/261
Live load deflection over span = 1/391
Normal stress in OSB skins = $\pm 213\text{psi}$ < 780psi allowable
Shear stress in core = 1.8psi < 6psi allowable

Breezeway:

Input - Panel: 4 5/8" OSB/OSB PUR with (2) 2X splines
Loading: overhang; 2:12 slope; 4ft horizontal span; 3ft-9in horizontal overhang; 15psf DL; 30psf SL

Results - Total load deflection over span = 1/268
Live load deflection over span = 1/402
Normal stress in OSB skins = $\pm 173\text{psi}$ < 780psi allowable
Shear stress in core = 0.9psi < 6psi allowable

Mechanical Core:

Input - Panel: 6 5/8" OSB/OSB PUR with single 2X splines
Loading: simple span; 0:12 slope; 7ft span; 40psf DL; 35psf SL

Results - Total load deflection over span = 1/346
Live load deflection over span = 1/707
Normal stress in OSB skins = $\pm 148\text{psi}$ < 780psi allowable
Shear stress in core = 1.7psi < 6psi allowable



JAMES R. FRANDSEN P.E.
Licensed Professional Engineer

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Roof Panel Span Calculations

May 31, 2007

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Appendix 5.0X

Specs and Structural Reports

App 5.0X Specifications

_Code Compliance List	Completed By	Revised By	DCN #
Appendix 5.01	Gimbert	Glantz, Owens	
<i>Description: The following is a list of codes references by the PSU Solar Decathlon team to complete the structural design of the MorningStar Home.</i>			

_Code Reference List

1 IBC_2006

The International Building Code

2 IRC_2006

The International Residential Code

3 ASCE7-05

Wind analysis, bracing restrictions and seismic loads were designed based on this version of ASCE7-05

4 HUD_4-1-06 Edition

Housing and Urban Development Code

5 2007 Solar Decathlon Code

See following pages for specific structural compliances.

6 SC & RA oversize /Overweight permit Manual

See following pages for specific reference on Pennsylvania, Maryland and District of Columbia.

5 2007 Solar Decathlon Code

5.4 *Changes In Elevation*

All changes in elevation (including even minor changes in areas such as door thresholds) must be considered along an accessible route. Changes not exceeding 0.25 in. (0.635 cm) are acceptable. Elevation changes between 0.25 in. (0.635 cm) and 0.5 in. (1.27 cm) shall be beveled at a maximum of 1:2. Any higher change in elevation exceeding 0.50 in. (1.27 cm) shall be by a ramp with a maximum slope of 1:12 (ADAAG, Sec. 4.5.2).

5.5 *Doors and Door Approaches*

All doors shall comply with ADAAG Section 4.13 (ANSI A117.1-2003 Section 404). Doors that can be fixed in an open position may be accepted as part of the accessible route if 32-in. (81.3-cm) minimum clearance is provided through the door opening with the door secured in the fully open position.

6. **Structural**

The structural drawings and calculations included in the construction drawings and specifications set must be stamped by a licensed professional engineer (P.E.). Obtaining the P.E. stamp is the responsibility of the teams, not the Organizers. The Organizers will submit stamped structural drawings and calculations to the NPS for final approval. It is strongly recommended that teams involve a licensed structural engineer throughout the design process, because he or she could require structural design changes that could affect other aspects of the house. In addition to meeting applicable IRC requirements, special attention must be given to the structural design challenges unique to the Solar Decathlon. These challenges include, but are not limited to, the following:

- Increased live loads because of public access to houses
- Necessity for tie-downs because of the lack of a permanent foundation (tie-downs must not penetrate more than 18 in. (45.7 cm) into the National Mall topsoil)
- Use of low-impact footings to protect the National Mall grass
- Unique wind loading conditions because of roof-mounted solar systems
- Increased dead loads because of unusual mechanical and electrical equipment, such as batteries and water storage.

6.1 *Prescriptive Requirements*

Structural systems shall be designed in accordance with the appropriate prescriptive provisions of the IRC. See alternate materials provisions in Section 6.6. For structural framing, a one-line structural plan view drawing is required at a minimum. Successive plan sheets shall be provided and shall include foundation footings, floor framing, wall locations, and roof framing. All structural components shall be listed including sizes, species and grade, and repetitive spacing (on-center distances). Include details on connections between joists and

beams, floor systems and foundations, walls and floors, rafters and beams, etc. Specify proprietary hangers or other mechanical connections. (IRC, Sec. R301.1)

6.2 *Design Loads*

The following minimum loads must be used in the structural design:

- Wind: 60 mph (26.8 m/s) (3-second gust), exposure category C (if tie-downs are not used, you must show that there is no overturning or uplifting with a safety factor of 2)
- Railings: 200-lb (890-N) concentrated load applied in any direction at any point at the top of the rail
- Interior Floor, Decks, Ramps: 50 psf (2.39 kPa) live load
- Roof: 20-psf (0.958-kPa) live load
- Soil: 1500-psf (71.8-kPa) load-bearing pressure on top of the soil
- Additional structural design requirements at the post-Event house location (to be determined by the engineer of record).

Structural plans shall indicate the design loads (e.g., 50 psf [2.39 kPa] floors, 100 psf [4.78 kPa] means of egress components, 20 psf [0.958 kPa] snow roof live load) and the location, size, and weight of special loads such as liquid storage tanks, mass or trombe walls, and battery storage racks (IRC, Sec. R310.2).

6.3 *Exterior Construction*

Structural plans shall include design details for any exterior appurtenances such as decks, stairs, ramps, awnings, canopies, and roof projections (IRC, Sec. R301.1).

6.4 *Specific Point Loads*

Provide wind-analysis calculations for point-load connections demonstrating the components' abilities to withstand 60-mph (26.8-m/s), exposure category C wind conditions. Provide point-load connection details for all solar panel connections to demonstrate that the connections will resist uplift (IRC, Sec. R301.1).

6.5 *Foundation Details*

Provide a foundation plan for temporary set up on the National Mall. Plans shall include location and size of all pad footings and required tie-down anchors (e.g., type, number, and installation configuration) to prevent wind uplift or over-turning (IRC, Sec. R401.1 and

R401.2). Please provide consideration for sloping or variable site conditions. The surface of each assigned site on the Mall may vary up to 18 in. (46 cm.) depending upon location.

6.6 Alternate Materials

Alternate materials are permitted as follows.

- Engineered Lumber (e.g., TJI's, LPI's, and BCI's) pursuant to specific manufacturer's design data. The product selected must carry a current International Code Council (ICC) Evaluation Services report. See <http://www.icc-es.org/>.
- Structurally insulated panel systems (SIPS) pursuant to specific manufacturer's design data. The product selected must carry a current ICC Evaluation Services report. Also be advised that foam plastics must be thermally isolated from the interior of the dwelling (see Section 4.6 for more details).
- Engineered trusses (floor or roof) must be designed in accordance with IRC Sections R502.11 or R802.10 as appropriate. Individual truss reports shall be provided for review and shall bear the seal of a registered design professional (IRC, R104.11).
- Other alternate materials may be permitted if approved pursuant to IRC Section 104.11. It is the responsibility of the applicant to provide adequate proof to document the alternate as meeting the intent of the prescriptive code requirements. The Organizers reserve the right to deny any alternate for failure to clearly demonstrate code equivalence.

6.7 Structural Steel

Provide structural details for load-carrying structural steel assemblies. Include welded or bolted connections within the assembly and where attached to other structures (IRC, R301.1.3).

7. Electrical

7.1 General Requirements

The provisions of the 2005 National Electrical Code will supersede the limited prescriptive electrical requirements contained in Chapters 33-42 of the 2006 International Residential Code.

All houses must meet all applicable electrical requirements stated in the 2005 National Electric Code (NEC2005). Particular attention should be paid to Articles 690, 480, 445, 250, 310, 400, and 240, which refer to photovoltaic system design, storage batteries, generators, grounding, conductors for general wiring, flexible cords and cables, and over-current protection devices, respectively. Teams are also encouraged to follow the guidelines in the following publication: Wiles, John C. (2006). *Photovoltaic Power Systems and the 2005*

6 SC & RA oversize /Overweight permit Manual

PENNSYLVANIA

CONTACT:

Central Permit Office
Keystone Building
P.O. Box 8210

Harrisburg, PA 17105-8210

Website: www.dot.state.pa.us → More Links → Permits → Hauling Permits

Hours: 8:00 am - 4:30 pm

(717) 787-4680 (General Information Only)

Online Permitting: www.dot1.state.pa.us

(Must register with Central Permit Office)

LEGAL LIMITS

GVW	80,000
o (steer)	20,000
o	20,000
oo	34,000
ooo	42,000

WIDTH	8'	nondesignated hwys
	8'6"	designated hwys
HEIGHT	13'6"	
LENGTH	40'	single unit
	53'	semitrailers (53', kingpin setting to center of axle group not to exceed 41')
	28'6"	doubles
	65'	auto transporter
	75'	stinger steered
OVERHANG	3'	front
	6'	rear divisible loads; no rear restriction for non-divisible loads not exceeding 70'
TIRE WIDTH	800 lbs per inch width	

— Federal Bridge Formula applies to combination vehicles registered and weighing more than 73,280

2-axle truck	38,000
3-axle truck	58,400
4-axle truck	73,280

TOLERANCE 3% scale tolerance on GVW when axle weighed (not allowed on Interstate if weighed on stationary scales)

SPECIAL PERMIT LIMITS

o	27,000
oo	52,000
ooo	63,000
oooo	72,000
5 axles	116,000
6 axles	127,000
7 axles	136,000
8 axles	136,000

WIDTH:	16'	
HEIGHT:	14'6"	depends on route
LENGTH:	160'	

TYPES OF PERMITS

Single Trip — Nondivisible Oversize and/or Overweight Vehicle and/or Load

Seasonal — Commodity Specific (cranes, building structural components, implements of husbandry, military convoy)

Annual — Commodity Specific (glass, coal, ash, oil, fiberboard, wooden structures, live domestic animals, animal feed, SME (Special Mobile Equipment) on freeways, articles in course of manufacture, crossings, containerized cargo)

FEES

Single Trip — \$25 if under or equal to 14' wide, if over 14' wide the fee is \$50; plus \$.03 cents per ton mile (Note: this applies to all single trip) for all weight in excess of motor carrier's registered weight. A 3-day extension requested because of weather problems or breakdown may be obtained at no charge.

Seasonal — \$25 to several thousand dollars, based on weight, distance and duration allowed for commodity.

Annual — \$200 to several thousand dollars, based on weight and distance allowed for commodity.

ESCORTS AND SIGNS

All escorts must have insurance in the amount of one million dollars and list the state as additional insured.

Labeling — All vehicles and loads of excessive size must be marked with red or fluorescent orange flags not less than 18" square. Signs with the words "OVERSIZE LOAD" must be placed on the front and rear of the vehicle, and on both the front and rear of pilot cars when escorts are required. The sign attached to a permitted vehicle or load must have dimensions of at least 7' x 18", with 10" black letter with a 2 inch letter stroke on a yellow background.

Escort Vehicles and Personnel — Pilot cars must have revolving or flashing amber lights on top of the car. One rear escort is required for vehicles over 90' in **length**. Vehicles over 13' in **width** must have one rear escort on roads with two or more lanes which carry traffic in the same direction. The escort vehicle must lead the overwidth vehicle on highways having only one lane which carries traffic in the same direction. Vehicles with loads over 14'6" in **height** must have a pilot car preceding the vehicle by 1,000–3,000' and equipped with a height pole.

Escorts may be required in some urbanized areas. In addition, Pennsylvania state escorts will be necessary for hauling super loads. State escort fees are assessed by PA State Police.

CONTACTS

City of Philadelphia — Must have a permit to operate on city streets. Permits are available from 9:00 am to 3:30 pm. The fee is \$15.

Oversize vehicles may not travel along Traffic Route 209 in Monroe and Pike Counties between I-80 and the Pennsylvania-New York border unless approval is obtained from the National Park Service (570) 588-6344.

Operators must receive approval when operating permitted loads in the following jurisdiction

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

Pittsburgh Traffic Department
(412) 255-2853
Allegheny County Roads Permit
(412) 350-5469

DAUPHIN COUNTY

Harrisburg/Sgt. Butler
(717) 255-3131

ELK COUNTY

St. Mary's Borough Police
(814) 772-0000

RIDGWAY BOROUGH POLICE

(loads over 12' wide)
(814) 772-0775

LEBANON COUNTY

City Engineer
(717) 273-6711 x426

CITY OF GROVE CITY

Police Department
(724) 458-7925

CITY OF MERCER

Police Department
(724) 662-6110

CITY OF PHILADELPHIA

(215) 686-5546
(height and weight only)

CITY OF YORK

Office of Public Works
(717) 849-2245

BOROUGH OF SLIPPERY ROCK

Police Department
(724) 794-6388

CLEARFIELD COUNTY

Houtzdale Boro Police
(800) 689-3535

DELAWARE RIVER PORT AUTHORITY

(609) 968-2093

BURLINGTON COUNTY BRIDGE

COMMISSION
(609) 829-1900

DELAWARE RIVER JOINT TOLL BRIDGE

COMMISSION
(215) 295-5061 (ext 230)

MARYLAND

CONTACT:

State Highway Administration
Hauling Permits Section
7491 Connelley Drive
Hanover, MD 21076

Hours: 7:30 am – 4:30 pm

(410) 582-5712

LEGAL LIMITS

GVW	73,000	80,000	WIDTH	8'	(nondesignated highways)
o (steer)	12,000	12,000		8'6"	(designated hways.)
o	22,400	20,000	HEIGHT	13'6"	
oo	36,000	34,000	LENGTH	40'	single unit
ooo	36,000	42,000		NR	overall length
		(must have		53'	semitrailer w/41' kingpin
		more than 8'		28'	doubles (designated hways)
		between		65'	autotransporter
		axles)			(designated highways)
-Federal Bridge Formula applies				75'	(3' front, 6' rear overhang)
					autotransporter
TOLERANCE: None.					(stinger-steered,
			OVERHANG	3'	designated highways)
				4'	front, boat/autocarrier
					rear, boat/autocarrier

SPECIAL PERMIT LIMITS

o	27,000	TRUNNION AXLES:	27,000 lbs.
oo	52,000	WIDTH	15'11"
ooo	62,000	HEIGHT	15'11"
GVW	120,000	LENGTH	120' (kingpin to rear axle
	150,000		limit of 41' on modular
			homes only)

GENERAL PERMIT RESTRICTIONS

Permits are valid for five days, daylight hours. Travel allowed one-half hour after sunrise and one-half hour before sunset. No travel is permitted on Sunday, nor after noon on Saturday. See "Types of Permits" for valid length of permits.

As a general rule, operators may not obtain permits for divisible loads.

Insurance credit bond required to be on file, with amount depending on amount of business (but not less than \$3,000); required to have performance bond liability insurance of at least \$10,000.

FEES

Blanket — \$50 (30-day permit); \$500 (annual).

Book — \$300.

Special Hauling — \$30 up to 45 tons, plus \$5 for each additional ton; \$5 fee for 3-day extension.

Excessive — Composed of engineering fees (number of structures crossed multiplied by \$8/structure) and administrative costs; \$20 per structure if over 200,000 GVW plus administrative costs. Permit request can take 5-10 business days to process. For multiple moves identical in travel and load, engineering fees will be assessed generally once for a six month period; permit and administrative charges will be assessed each time a permit is activated.

Structural survey done as a part of the engineering fee good for six months. District engineer may decide that Administration personnel must monitor move, at a rate of \$200 a day. If required, state police officer to escort at \$250 per move. All fees must be prepaid, and engineering fee will be paid regardless of use or nonuse of permit. Posted bonds required to cover administrative costs or insurance liability (additional to regular insurance bond).

ESCORTS AND SIGNS

Labeling — Any load over 9' in width must have a wide load sign on the front and rear of the vehicle. Wide load or oversize load signs must appear in black letters not less than 10" high and have a brush stroke of not less than 1.625" wide. Background is yellow. Banner dimensions of 1.5' x 7'.

Red or orange fluorescent flags must be at least 18" square and must be placed on all extremities of the load.

Escort vehicle shall display a sign on the roof of the vehicle that is at least 5' long, 12" high with letters 8" high.

Escort Vehicles and Personnel — One escort required for load over 13' in width, 85' in **length** equal to or over 14'6" in **height** (pole vehicle) and/or **gross weight** exceeding 60 tons. Two escorts required for load equal to or over 14' in **width**, 140' in **length** or traveling on roads too narrow for other traffic to pass or for which traffic must be diverted. Police escort required for loads equal to or over 16' in **width** or over 65 tons GVW.

Escort vehicles travel no more than 200' to the front or rear of the permitted vehicle. Single escort must follow the load on any four-lane road and precede the load on a two-lane road.

Escorts-A single or double private escort or Maryland State Police escort may be added at any time at the discretion of the Maryland Hauling Permits Unit for safety.

FINES

Overdimension Only: \$100 per violation.

Overweight Fines: Statutory weight limit of 79,000 lbs. is allowed, as is the statutory plus a loading error or tolerance of 1,000 lbs. on only one weight limit (axle or gross); whichever excess is greater.

0-5,000 lbs. overweight
over 5,000

5 cents per pound or \$50 (whichever is greater)
12 cents per pound

- 4) William Preston Lane, Jr. Memorial Bridge (Bay Bridge —U.S. 50/301)
- 5) Francis Scott Key Bridge (I-695)
- 6) John F. Kennedy Memorial Highway (I-95 toll road)
- 7) Ft. McHenry Tunnel (I-95 Tunnel)

Baltimore Harbor Tunnel - No Permit Loads

Harry Nice Bridge (US Route 301) — Vehicles over 12' in width are prohibited without prior special written permission from the Bridge Superintendent; moves over 14'6" in height are prohibited.

Ft. McHenry Tunnel — Lies within the city limits, so that vehicle operators must obtain a city permit (see below) before crossing. Travel restrictions include 55 tons GVW, 14'6" height, and 11' width (no length limit specified).

Baltimore City Permit — Fee of \$30 for the first 45 tons, with an added \$5 fee additional ton. No engineering fee is charged, but permittees may be requested to have a survey done prior to the granting of the permit. For further information, call (410) 396-3333.

Moving heavy equipment at railroad crossing.

- (a) **Application of Section** — Unless a person has complied with this section, he may not drive or move on or across any railroad grade crossing any power shovel, derrick, roller, crawler-type tractor, or other equipment or structure that has:
- (1) A normal operating speed of 10 miles an hour or less; or
 - (2) A vertical body or load clearance, measured above the level surface of a roadway, of less than;
 - (i) One-half inch for each foot of the distance between any two adjacent axles; or
 - (1) A normal operating speed of 10 miles an hour or less; or
 - (2) A vertical body or load clearance, measured above the level surface of a roadway, of less than;
 - (i) One-half inch for each foot of the distance between any two adjacent axles; or
 - (ii) 9 inches.
- (b) **Notice of Intended Crossing** — Before any person drives or moves any equipment described in subsection (a) of this section on or across any railroad grade crossing, the person shall:
- (1) Notify an agent of the railroad of his intention; and
 - (2) Afford the railroad reasonable time to provide proper protection at the crossing.
- (c) **Duty to Stop, Look, and Listen** — When the person approaches the crossing he:
- (1) Shall stop within 50' but not less than 15' from the nearest rail in the crossing.
 - (2) While stopped, shall listen and look in both directions along the track for any approaching or passing railroad train and for any signals indicating the approach or passage of a railroad train; and
 - (3) May not proceed until he can do so safely.
- (d) **Obedience to Signals** —
- (1) The person may not proceed if a warning is given by an automatic signal, crossing gaflagman, or otherwise of the immediate approach or passage of a railroad train.
 - (2) If the railroad provides a flagman, the person may proceed over the crossing only at the direction of the flagman.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

CONTACT:
Department of Public Works
614 H Street, N.W.
Washington, DC 20001

hours: 9:00 am - 3:00 pm

(202) 727-7050

LEGAL LIMITS

GVW	80,000	WIDTH:	8'	(nondesignated highways)
o (steer)	20,000		8'6"	(designated highways)
o	20,000	HEIGHT:	13'6"	
oo	34,000	LENGTH:	40'	single unit
ooo	42,000		48'	trailer
—Federal Bridge Formula applies			28'	doubles
			55'	overall
			55'	autotransporter
TOLERANCE:	1,000 lbs.	OVERHANG:	3'	front
			5'	rear

SPECIAL PERMIT LIMITS

o	31,000	WIDTH:	20'	wider limits possible
oo	62,000	depends	HEIGHT:	depends on routes
ooo	93,000	on	LENGTH:	depends on routes
oooo	124,000	spacings,		
5 axles -	155,000	lbs. per		
6 axles -	186,000	inch		
7 axles -	217,000	tire		
8 axles -	248,000	width		

GENERAL PERMIT RESTRICTIONS

Permits are valid for five days. Travel is permitted from sunrise to sunset seven days a week.

Divisible load permits are not available.

Insurance — proof of insurance coverage not required to be on file; must have coverage meeting federal standards (\$750,000 - \$5,000,000, depending on commodity and hazardous nature).

App 5.0X Specifications

Product List	Completed By	Revised By	DCN #
Appendix 5.02	Gimbert	Glantz, Owens	
<i>Description: The following list all codes the PSU Solar Team Structural team complied to through the design of the MorningStar Home.</i>			

Product List

SIPs [Murus]

Structural Insulating Panels consist of a layer of rigid insulation sandwiched between two layers of Oriented Strand Board to provide structural capacity. The # 2145 panel has an overall thickness of 4-5/8" and weight of 3.75 lb/sf and is used as roof material over the breezeway. The remainder of the home consists of the # 2165 panel that has an overall thickness of 6-5/8" and a weight of 4.15 lb/sf.

Diamond Pier [Pin Foundations Inc.]:

The Diamond Pier is a bearing system and performs much like a spread footing. The entire system pushes against the soil as one unit, creating two A-frames per pier through which the load is directly transferred to the soil. The DP-50 has a maximum capacity of 4,000 lbs. The DP-100 has a maximum capacity of 8,000 lbs.

Tie Rods: [Simpson Strong-Tie]

Simpson has a large variety of tie rods available.

Structural Steel, A-36, A-500:

One of the world's most recycled products; steel is a locally available and recognized material and its process of production is proven to have less embodied energy than concrete. A-36 grade pieces include all angles, plates and bars. Structural steel members; A-500 grade pieces include all HSS tubing within the design.

Steel Bolts, A-325:

Steel bolts used in various connections throughout the house. Most bolts used are 1/2" diameter.

Structural Wood, No. 1 S-P-F, No. 2 Southern Pine

One of the world's most widely used products throughout history. Wood is available locally and is a highly sustainable, natural product.

Structural Wood, LVL:

Laminated Veneer Lumber is made from several thin layers of wood veneer sandwiched together with glue. It has a much higher load bearing capacity than regular lumber and can be customized in sizes that regular lumber cannot.



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Homeowners

SIP Overview
General Features & Benefits
PUR Features & Benefits
EPS Features & Benefits
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SIPS Technical Information
FAQs - PUR
Mechanical Ventilation Information
Murus Brochure (PDF)

Builders

Architects & Engineers

Homeowners > SIPs Technical Information >

THE MURUS OSB-2100PUR STRUCTURAL INSULATING PANEL (OSB/PUR Foam Core/OSB)			
#	2145	2155	2165
Overall Thickness:	4-5/8"	5-5/8"	6-5/8"
Thickness Tolerance:	+/- 1/8"	*	*
Width:	48"	*	*
Width Tolerance: (Finish Size)	+0/-1/8"	*	*
Standard Lengths: (Feet)	4', 6', 8', 9', 10', 12', 14', 16', 18', 20', 22', 24'	*	*
Length Tolerance:	+/- 1/4"	*	*
Weight:	3.95 lb/sf	4.15 lb/sf	4.35 lb/sf
Insulating Core			
Type:	Polyurethane closed cell foam		
Thickness:	3-11/16"	4-11/16"	5-11/16"
Density:	2.2 lb/cu.ft.	*	*
R-value	6.76 per inch thickness	*	*
Insulating Core Properties	⁴ Design Values		
K Factor: (aged foam)	.14	ASTM C-518	
Compressive Strength:	26 psi	ASTM D1621-94	
Compressive ¹ MOE:	936 psi	ASTM D1621-94	
Shear Strength:	22 psi	ASTM C-273	
Shear Modulus:	192 psi	ASTM C-273	
Flexure ² MOR (³ MD):	39 psi	ASTM C203-92	
Flexure Modulus (³ MD):	794 psi	ASTM C203-92	
Tensile Strength:	43 psi	ASTM D1623-78	
Tensile Modulus:	1133 psi	ASTM D1623-78	
MVT/ Perm Inches:	<2.0	ASTM E-96	
Foam Fire Rating:	Class 1	**ASTM E-84	
Flame Spread:	18	**ASTM E-84	
Smoke Developed	270	**ASTM E-84	
¹ MOE: Modulus of Elasticity ² MOR: Modulus of Rupture ³ MD: Machine Direction ⁴ Design Values are mean derived from multiple specimens *Specification or value is the same as the OSB 2145 Panel **ASTM E-84 is not necessarily a representation of performance in an actual fire. Class 1 is the highest rating available for combustible materials.			
Outside Skins			
Type: APA or equivalent rated oriented strand board (OSB)			
Grade: Exposure-1			
Thickness: 7/16"			

PUR Technical Specifications

THE MURUS OSB-2100PUR
STRUCTURAL INSULATING PANEL
(OSB/PUR Foam Core/OSB)

THE MURUS PTP-2100PUR
STRUCTURAL INSULATING PANEL
(PTP/PUR Foam Core/PTP)

THE MURUS CLAD-2100PUR
STRUCTURAL INSULATING PANEL
(OSB/PUR Foam Core/OSB/Pine Cladding)

THE MURUS T-1-11-2100PUR
INSULATING PANEL
(OSB/PUR Foam Core/OSB/T-1-11)

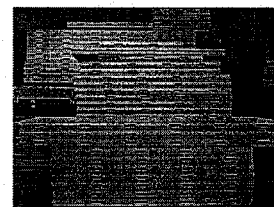
THE MURUS BB-2100PUR
INSULATING PANEL
(OSB/PUR Foam Core/Blueboard)

THE MURUS CB-2100PUR
INSULATING PANEL
(Cement Board/PUR Foam Core/Cement Board)

THE MURUS CP-2100PUR
INSULATING PANEL
(OSB/PUR Foam Core/Sound Board)

THE MURUS PTP/FB-2100PUR
INSULATING PANEL
(PTP/PUR Foam Core/FB)

THE MURUS FB-2100PUR
INSULATING PANEL
(OSB/PUR Foam Core/FB)



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1. Polyurethane closed cell foam – minimum of 2.2 pcf insulation meeting manufacturer quality standards
2. OSB – an APA performance rating mark shall be identified on the panel, with an Exposure 1 durability rating; minimum physical properties shall be tested and described in APA PRP-108. 7/16" thickness is standard.
3. Cam locks – if required, shall be installed in the panel during the manufacturing process.
4. Wiring chases – if required, shall be formed into the panel during the manufacturing process.

B. Fasteners – shall be galvanized ring shank panel nails, or panel screws, as specified by panel manufacturer, for attachment of panel to frames, roofs, and corners. All fasteners to be sized and provided by manufacturer and installed per manufacturer's requirements.

C. Foam sealant – a sealant compatible with all components of the panel and adjacent materials, provided by manufacturer.

D. Construction adhesive – adhesive for installing dimensional lumber to be supplied by contractor.

E. Install foam sealant and adhesive per manufacturer's instructions.

F. Dimensional Lumber – SPF #2 kiln-dried or better, or pre-engineered equivalent supplied by contractor.

2.02 Performance Characteristics

A. Sizes – Murus polyurethane SIPs are available in sizes from 4' x 4' to 4' x 24'.

B. Thermal characteristics

Typical R-values	
Murus polyurethane SIP thickness (inches)	R-value
4 5/8"	26
5 5/8"	33
6 5/8"	40

C. Panel Dimensional Tolerances – shall comply with values listed in the manufacturer's Quality Control Manual.

D. Structural Testing – Each panel type shown on the drawings shall meet or exceed performance standards, values, manufacturer's load design charts, and applicable technical data reports when tested in accordance with:

1. Transverse Load – Test method: ASTM E72
2. Combined Axial and Bending – Test method: ASTM E72
3. ASTM E84 Surface burning characteristics for the rigid insulation core.
4. ASTM E84 Surface burning characteristics conducted for the interior and exterior surfaces of the finished panel.

2.03 Manufacturers/Contractors

A. All components called for in this section to be supplied by the panel manufacturer shall be obtained from the selected manufacturer.

SPECIFICATION:**Part 1 – General***1.01 Description of Work*

- A. Provide all materials, labor, and equipment to install Murus Polyurethane SIPs.
- B. Murus Polyurethane Structural Insulating Panels (SIPs) are engineered products consisting of approved oriented strand board (OSB) and third party certified rigid polyurethane foam insulation core.
- C. Murus polyurethane SIPs are installed using patented cam lock connectors and approved fasteners supplied by the manufacturer, combined with dimensional plates, nailers, headers and sills, supplied by contractor, as detailed in manufacturer's installation details.

1.02 Related Documents

The general provisions of the contract and Division 1, General Supplementary and Special Conditions apply to the work specified in this section.

1.03 Submittals

- A. Provide evidence of compliance with code requirements as an alternate method of construction.
- B. Each Murus Polyurethane SIP installation drawing shall be reviewed by and sealed by a registered professional engineer qualified to perform such work.

Manufacturer shall verify that panels have been tested in accordance with ASTM E72, ASTM E84, and any other applicable tests.

1.04 Quality Assurance

- A. Provide evidence of third party inspection and labeling of all insulation used in the manufacture of panels. Manufacturer's listing programs shall cover both flame and physical properties.
- B. Panel manufacturer will provide lamination and R-value warranty documents for building owner acceptance and execution upon request. Manufacturer's standard forms will be submitted.

1.05 Product Delivery, Storage and Handling

- A. All panels shall be stored in manufacturer's original packaging in a protected area and elevated to prevent ground contact.
- B. Prior to installation, panels shall be covered and protected from exposure to sunlight and moisture.
- C. After installation, panels shall be covered to prevent contact with water and /or moisture on all exposed panel edges and faces.

Part 2 – Products*2.01 Description of Work*

- A. Murus Polyurethane Structural Insulating Panel (SIP) - A stress skin panel manufactured using the proprietary manufacturing method of Uniform Dispersion Molding (UDM) consisting of the following:

Part 3 – Installation

3.01 General

- A. The contractor shall inspect conditions of substrate, grade and other conditions, which may affect the proper installation of panels. *Any* adverse conditions are to be reported in writing to the construction manager. Do not proceed with the installation until adverse conditions are corrected.
- B. Installation shall be in strict accordance with manufacturer's published instructions, details, and the drawings that are part of the contract documents for this project. Any conflicts between these documents shall be resolved in writing. All plans shall be reviewed by a registered professional engineer and shall be signed and sealed. Deviations from standard detail and load design values shall be calculated and signed and sealed by a registered professional engineer.

3.02 Protection

- A. When storing panels, do not allow them to come into contact with the ground. Stored panels must remain dry and in the manufacturer's original packaging. Do not allow panels to be stored in an unsupported manner. Improper storage may cause tolerance problems in the field.
- B. Roof panels must be fully protected from weather by roofing materials or other means to provide temporary protection at the end of the day, or when rain or snow is imminent.
- C. Remove and replace Insulating wall or roof panels, which have become excessively wet or damaged before proceeding with installation of additional panels or other work.
- D. The construction manager, or his designee, shall remove all refuse created by the installation of work in this section.

App 5.0X Specifications

NREL Approval of MURUS SIP	Completed By	Revised By	DCN #
Appendix 5.03	Tom Meyers	Glantz, Owens	
<i>Conclusions: The use of Murus PUR SIP panels was approved by NREL and the Solar Decathlon committee.</i>			

**APPROVED***By Thomas Meyers at 7:56 pm, May 21, 2007*

Date: May 21st, 2007
From: Sally J. Gimbert
PSU Solar D Structural Team
To: Thomas Meyers
Building Code Official
2007 Solar Decathlon

It is the intention of the Penn State Solar Decathlon Team, through this written statement, to request **approval for the use of an alternative material**, the **Murus SIP system**, pursuant the **IRC R104.11**.

We understand that the Solar Decathlon accepts and approves the use of materials based on codes stipulated in the 2006 IBC and IRC. We understand that under the provisions provided by the IRC / IBC that the Murus SIP panel system is classified as an alternative material.

The provisions of R104.11 state that alternative materials must meet requirements of the IRC 2006 code with respect to quality, strength, effectiveness, fire resistance, durability and safety. It is not the intent of the code to limit the use of novel materials, but to verify its safe and reasonable use for the general public.

We also understand that the Solar Decathlon Committee will automatically accept a product that carries an ICC Evaluation Report.

The panels provided by the Murus Company have been evaluated for residential construction based on an ICC Legacy Report. Please see the enclosed copy of this. This legacy report ensures compliance of the SIP system with the 1996 BOCA National Building Code. Currently, Murus is in the process of updating their ICC report to reflect any improvements or changes made to the code since its original authentication.

The Penn State Solar Decathlon Team requests approval of the Murus SIP system for use as the main structural and envelope component of their 2007 Solar Decathlon entry. Approval of this system would be consistent with previous action taken by the Cornell University team and the Murus Company.

Enclosure, Murus ICC Legacy Report

App 5.0X Specifications

ICC Report from MURUS	Completed By	Revised By	DCN #	
Appendix 5.04	MURUS	Glantz, Owens		
<i>Conclusions:</i>				



ICC Evaluation Service, Inc.
www.icc-es.org

Business/Regional Office ■ 5360 Workman Mill Road, Whittier, California 90601 ■ (562) 699-0543
Regional Office ■ 900 Montclair Road, Suite A, Birmingham, Alabama 35213 ■ (205) 599-9800
Regional Office ■ 4051 West Flossmoor Road, Country Club Hills, Illinois 60478 ■ (708) 799-2305

Legacy report on the BOCA® National Building Code/1999

DIVISION: 06—WOOD AND Plastics

Section: 06120—Structural Panels

EVALUATION SUBJECT:

MURUS PANELS

MANUFACTURER:

THE MURUS COMPANY
P.O. BOX 220
MANSFIELD, PA 16933

EVALUATION SCOPE

Compliance with the following code:

BOCA® National Building Code/1999

- Section 1603.1 General
- Section 1708.1 Where required
- Section 1710.3.1 Test procedure
- Section 2305.7 Wind bracing
- Section 1404.2 Durability
- Section 2603.2 Labeling
- Section 2603.3 Surface burning characteristics
- Section 2313.2 Sandwich panels
- Section 1704.3 Labeling

DESCRIPTION

The Murus Panel is a composite panel used for exterior wall and roof applications. The Murus Panel, when used as an exterior wall panel, is used either as a curtain wall panel, which resists transverse loads only, or an exterior wall panel, which resists axial and transverse loads. The composite panel is 4 1/2 inches thick, 4 feet wide and is available in various lengths. See Figure 1 of this report for a diagram of the Murus Panel.

- Table 1 of this report contains allowable transverse loads and spans for the Murus Panel.
- Table 2 of this report contains allowable loads and spans for Murus Panels subjected to uniform transverse and concentric axial loads.
- Table 3 of this report contains allowable loads and spans for Murus Panels subjected to uniform transverse and axial loads with an eccentricity of 3/4 in.

- Table 4 of this report contains the allowable horizontal racking load of the Murus Panel, with and without openings.

■ Panel Components

- **Core:** The foam plastic core consists of one of two available foam plastic systems which are as follows: Flexible Products CIP 1416-HC#2 and Flexible Products PPG 442-22D. The Flexible Products CIP 1416-HC#2 core is made up of a rigid urethane foam which consists of an isocyanurate and polyol catalyst blend. The Flexible Products PPG 442-22D core is made up of a rigid urethane foam which consists of an isocyanurate and a resin component blend. The foam plastic cores have a density of 2.2 pounds per cubic feet.
- **Exterior skins:** Each face of the Murus Panel consists of 7/16-inch exterior grade, Exposure 1, Oriented Strand Board (OSB) complying with the United States Department of Commerce PS 2-95 (DOC PS 2-95).
- **Joinery:** The Murus Panel has a tongue-and-groove edge. The connection between the panels is made with a cam lock system, which consists of two parts, as shown in Figure 2 of this report. The cam lock is located along the vertical edge of the Murus Panel at 2-foot intervals, beginning 1 foot from the top or bottom of the panel. Two Murus panels are secured together by aligning two Murus Panels with cam locks next to each other, with spray foam applied to the tongue (or groove) of one panel, and rotating the cam turning gear in the cam lock with a hex head wrench. After the connection is completed, spray foam is applied in the exterior channel between the two panel skins. The excess foam is removed prior to the application of the exterior wall covering.

CONDITIONS OF USE

This report is limited to the applications and products as stated in this report. The ICC-ES Subcommittee on National Codes intends that the report be used by the code official to determine that the report subject complies with the code requirements specifically addressed, provided that this product is installed in accordance with the following conditions:

- Murus Panels shall be installed in accordance with this report and the manufacturer's instructions. Where the manufacturer's installation instructions differ from this report, this report shall be null and void.
- Murus Panels shall be limited to use as an exterior wall or roof panel in Type 5 construction.
- The use of Murus Panels in fire-resistance rated wall or roof assemblies is beyond the scope of this report.

ICC-ES legacy reports are not to be construed as representing aesthetics or any other attributes not specifically addressed, nor are they to be construed as an endorsement of the subject of the report or a recommendation for its use. There is no warranty by ICC Evaluation Service, Inc., express or implied, as to any finding or other matter in this report, or as to any product covered by the report.

- The design loads on the system shall not exceed those given in Tables 1, 2, 3 and 4 of this report. Design values are for normal duration under dry use conditions and temperatures less than 160°F.
- Openings in the Murus Panels shall be limited to the sizes given in Figures 6 and 7 of this report. Openings larger than those shown in Figures 6 and 7 are beyond the scope of this report.
- The routing of chaseways into the Murus Panel wall for electrical, plumbing, HVAC or other purposes is beyond the scope of this report.
- A top in-let plate, as shown in Figure 3 of this report, shall be provided along the top edge of all Murus wall panels. The top in-let plate shall be installed in such a manner as to be continuous through the vertical panel joints. The top in-let plate shall consist of 2-inch by 4-inch dimension lumber. The plate shall be located in a 1 1/2-inch-deep routed channel at the top of the panel with spray foam applied between the foam core and the in-let plate. The OSB faces of the Murus Panel shall be secured to the top plate with 8d nails at 4 inches on center. The fasteners on the OSB faces shall be staggered from each other.
- A bottom in-let plate, as shown in Figure 4 of this report, shall be provided along the bottom edge of all Murus wall panels. The bottom in-let plate shall consist of 2-inch by 4-inch dimension lumber. The foam core of the panel shall be routed to completely embed the in-let plate in the panel, so that the OSB faces of the panel will bear completely on the surface which supports the Murus Panels. The in-let plate is to be fastened securely to the supporting structure as required by the approved construction documents. The void in the Murus Panel is sprayed with foam, as described above, prior to placing the panel over the in-let plate. The Murus Panel is then secured to the in-let plate on both faces with 8d nails at 4 inches on center. The fasteners on the OSB faces shall be staggered from each other.
- Openings in the Murus Panels for door and windows shall be rough framed with 2-inch by 4-inch dimension lumber embedded into the foam core of the panel in the same manner as the top and bottom in-let plates. The lumber framing shall be provided on all sides of the opening, as shown in Figure 5 of this report, and shall be secured to the OSB faces of the panel on both sides with 6d nails at 8 inches on center, staggered.
- The manufacturer shall provide the user of this report with instructions for the erection of Murus Panels. These instructions shall include, but not be limited to, details of panel to panel and panel to other building components interfaces.
- This report is subject to periodic re-examination. For information on the current status of this report, contact the ICC-ES.

ITEMS REQUIRING VERIFICATION

The following items are related to the use of the report subject, but are not within the scope of this evaluation. However, these items are related to the determination of code compliance:

- ✓ Product identification consistent with this report.
- ✓ Special inspections in accordance with Section 1705.0 of the BOCA® *National Building Code/1999*, and consistent with the following:

• SPECIAL INSPECTIONS

Special inspections are required for the installation of Murus Panels, in that it is work which is of an unusual design wherein installation, fabrication, erection and placement of components requires special expertise to ensure adequacy.

Therefore, the Committee's evaluation of Murus Panels is based upon monitoring and control of the installation of Murus Panels through the use of special inspections in accordance with Section 1705.0 of the BOCA® *National Building Code/1999*. The following items shall be inspected:

- **Bottom in-let plates, top in-let plates and preparation of rough openings for doors and windows**
 - Foam core of panel properly routed (not over routed) to receive 2-in by 4-in nailer
 - Condition of foam core (clean and dry)
- **Application of foam spray**
 - Sufficient quantity of spray applied
 - Ambient temperature/substrate temperature
 - Appropriate mix proportions of foam
 - Label on ingredients
- **Framing of door and window openings**
 - Framing full length on all sides of the opening
 - Framing properly lapped
- **Fastening of panel to in-let plates and opening framing**
 - Size of fasteners
 - Spacing of fasteners
 - Fasteners on both sides of panel
- **Cam locks**
 - Properly secured, as required by the manufacturer's installation instructions
- ✓ Thermal barrier separation, when required, in accordance with Section 2603.4 of the BOCA® *National Building Code/1999*.
- ✓ Where installed in roofing applications, roof covering complies with the applicable provisions of Chapter 15 of the BOCA® *National Building Code/1999*.
- ✓ Where installed in exterior wall applications, exterior wall covering complies with the applicable provisions of Chapter 14 of the BOCA® *National Building Code/1999*.

INFORMATION SUBMITTED

STRUCTURAL

- "Structural Evaluation of the Murus Stress-Skin Urethane Sandwich Panel," by Harvey B. Manbeck, P.E., Ph.D, of the NAHB/NRC Designated Housing Research Center at Penn State, dated August 1991, containing the following:
 - Results of adhesion testing of the OSB facers and the foam plastic core material when subjected to ASTM Standard C481-62 Aging Cycle A.
 - Results of flatwise tension testing in accordance with ASTM C297.
 - Results of edgewise compression testing in accordance with ASTM C364.
 - Results of flatwise compression testing in accordance with ASTM C365.
 - Results of flexural testing in accordance with ASTM C393.
 - Results of transverse and compression testing in accordance with ASTM E72.

The results of the above test are the basis for Tables 1 through 3 of this report.

- Results of horizontal racking testing in accordance with a modified version of ASTM E72 performed on Murus Panels with and without door and window openings. The modification was that no stud framing was provided, and the panels were 10 feet high rather than 8 feet high. The panels were secured to the base beam and top beam of the test assembly with #6 sheetrock screws at 8 inches on center. The results of the testing are given in Table 4 of this report. The door and window openings tested are shown in Figures 6 and 7 of this report.
- Report No. 30, "Creep Behavior of the Murus Stress-Skin Urethane Composite Sandwich Panel," by Harvey B. Manbeck, P.E., Ph.D, of the NAHB/NRC Designated Housing Research Center at Penn State, dated January 1993, containing results of testing in accordance with Section 1710.3.1 of the BOCA® *National Building Code*/1999.
- Celotex Corporation Testing Services, MTS Job No. 258498, dated June 3, 1998 and June 29, 1998, containing results of tensile, compressive, flexural and shear testing of the CIP 14-8557 (PPG 442-22D) foam plastic in accordance with ASTM D1623, ASTM D1621, ASTM C203 and ASTM C273. The results indicate that the CIP 14-8557 (PPG 442-22D) foam plastic has structural properties at least equivalent to the CIP 1416-HC#2 foam plastic.

FOAM PLASTIC

- Omega Point Laboratories, Report No. 8926-98159, dated March 2, 1995, containing results of testing of the Flexible Products CIP 1416-HC#2 foam plastic in accordance with ASTM E84 at a thickness of 1 in and 5 3/4 in.
- Omega Point Laboratories, Report Nos. 9056-103120 and 9056-103121, dated May 11, 1998, containing results of testing of the Flexible Products CIP 14-8557 (PPG 442-22D) foam plastic in accordance with ASTM E84 at a thickness of 5 3/4 in.

LABELING

- The Murus Company, *Quality Control Manual*, dated March 1999, Revision D, signed by representatives of the Murus Company and PFS Corporation, containing procedures for the manufacture of the Murus Panel, in-house plant inspections, and product labeling.

APPLICATION FOR PERMIT

To aid in the determination of compliance with this report, the following represents the minimum level of information to accompany the application for permit:

- The language "See ICC-ES Legacy Report No. 97-36" or a copy of this report;
- Manufacturer's name.
- Product model name and number.
- Design calculations and details for construction utilizing Murus Panels shall be furnished to the code official verifying compliance with this report. The individual preparing such documents shall be competent and qualified in the application of the structural design principals involved, and shall possess the registration or license in accordance with the professional registration laws of the state in which the project is constructed. The calculations shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

- The minimum required design loads for the building for the building system, consistent with the requirements of Chapter 16 of the BOCA® *National Building Code*/1999.
- The allowable design loads of the panels, consistent with this report.
- The ability of all connections between the panel and adjacent building components to transfer all the imposed design loads to the building foundation and footing system.
- Details of panel openings, consistent with this report.
- Statement of Special Inspections

PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

- Murus Panels or product packaging shall be marked at the plant with the identifying language "See ICC-ES Legacy Report No. 97-36."
- Additionally, each panel shall bear a label containing the manufacturer name, product name, and identification of the inspection agency, PFS Corporation.

This report is subject to re-examination in one year.

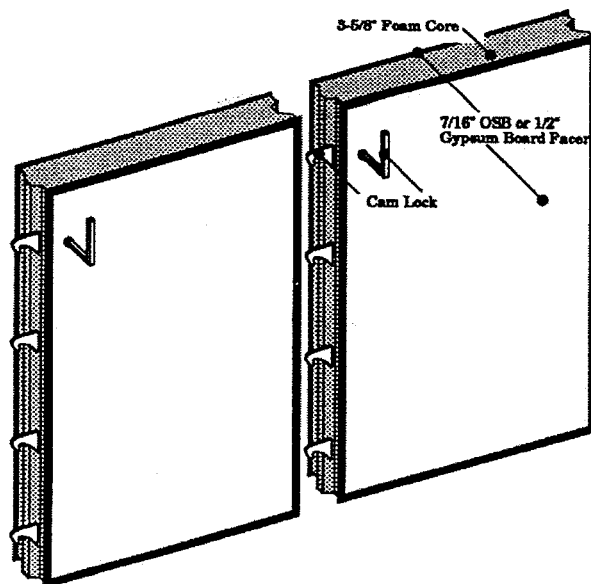


FIGURE 1—*MURUS PANELS

The panels are 48 inches wide. Cam Locks, if provided, are located 1 ft. from the top and bottom and at 2 ft. intervals in between.

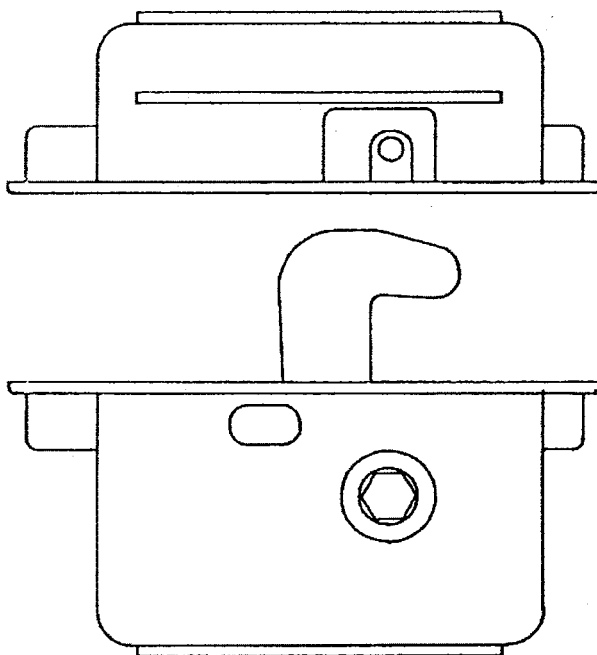


FIGURE 2*—CAM LOCK

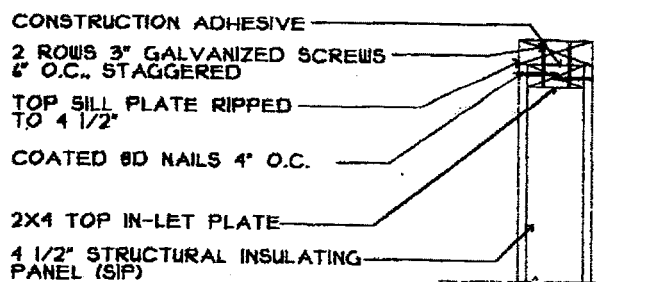


FIGURE 3*—TOP IN-LET PLATE

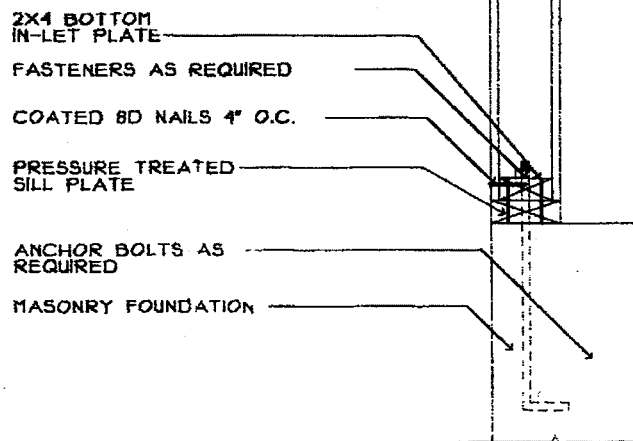


FIGURE 4*—BOTTOM IN-LET PLATE

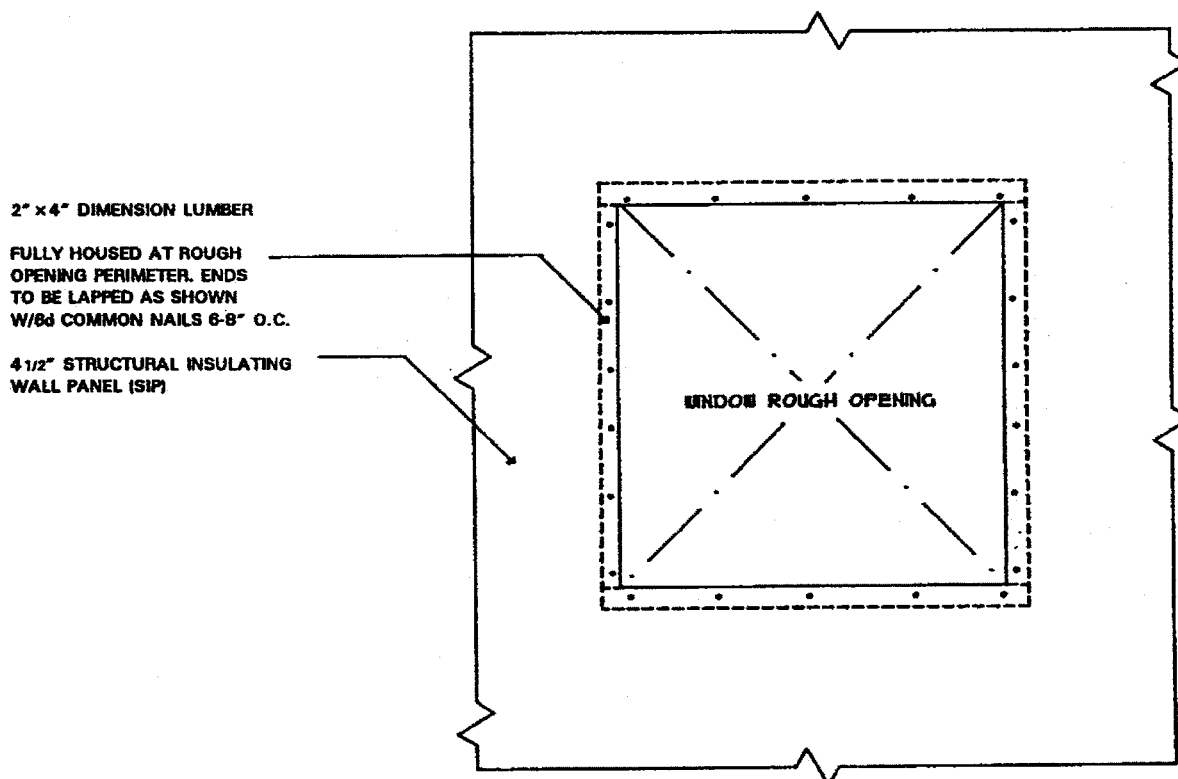


FIGURE 5*—FRAMING AT ROUGH OPENINGS FOR WINDOWS AND DOORS

TABLE 1
TRANSVERSE LOAD-SPAN TABLE FOR THE MURUS PANEL
(Customary Units)

UNIFORM TRANSVERSE LOAD ¹ (psf)	ALLOWABLE PANEL SPAN ^{2,3,4} (ft - in)			
	DEFLECTION LIMITS			
	L/180	L/240	L/360	L/480
5	20'-8"	18'-9"	16'-4"	14'-9"
10	16'-4"	14'-9"	13'-0"	11'-9"
15	14'-3"	13'-0"	11'-4"	10'-3"
20	13'-0"	11'-9"	10'-3"	9'-4"
25	12'-1"	11'-0"	9'-7"	8'-8"
30	11'-4"	10'-3"	9'-0"	8'-2"
35	10'-9"	9'-9"	8'-7"	7'-9"
40	10'-3"	9'-4"	8'-2"	7'-6"
45	9'-11"	9'-0"	7'-10"	7'-2"
50	9'-7"	8'-8"	7'-7"	6'-11"
55	9'-3"	8'-4"	7'-4"	6'-8"
60	9'-0"	8'-2"	7'-2"	6'-6"
65	8'-9"	8'-0"	7'-0"	6'-3"
70	8'-7"	7'-9"	6'-9"	6'-2"
75	8'-4"	7'-7"	6'-8"	6'-0"
80	8'-2"	7'-5"	6'-9"	5'-11"

1. Uniform load for normal load durations only.
2. Values given are for full (four foot) panel widths with facing strands oriented parallel to the panel span assuming proper end support and connections. The transverse load-carrying capacity of panels that contain openings is beyond the scope of this report.
3. Values given are computed from the continuous span uniform deflection equation using the flexural stiffness parameter $(EI)_g$ developed from the full scale transverse panel assembly test of the Murus Panel (ASTM E72-80).
4. Design values are for normal load duration under dry use conditions and temperatures less than 160°F.

TABLE 2
ALLOWABLE AXIAL LOAD/UNIT WIDTH FOR THE MURUS PANEL WITH NO ECCENTRICITY
(Customary Units)

TRANSVERSE LOAD ¹ psf	ALLOWABLE AXIAL LOAD ^{*1,2,3,4} lb/ft										
	PANEL LENGTHS ft										
	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
0	9025	8720	8165	7250	5870	4640	3755	3105	2610	2220	1915
2	8975	8630	8030	7075	5690	4470	3600	2955	2460	2080	1775
4	8920	8540	7900	6905	5510	4310	3445	2805	2315	1940	1635
6	8865	8455	7765	6740	5340	4150	3295	2660	2175	1800	1500
8	8815	8365	7640	6575	5170	3990	3145	2515	2035	1660	1365
10	8760	8275	7510	6415	5005	3840	3000	2375	1900	1530	900*
12	8710	8190	7380	6255	4840	3690	2855	2235	1765	1240*	35*
14	8655	8100	7255	6100	4685	3540	2715	2100	1630	435*	NP
16	8600	8015	7130	5950	4530	3395	2575	1965	1180*	NP	NP
18	8550	7925	7010	5800	4375	3250	2440	1835	440*	NP	NP
20	8495	7840	6885	5650	4230	3110	2305	1665*	NP	NP	NP
22	8445	7755	6765	5505	4080	2975	2170	990*	NP	NP	NP
24	8390	7670	6645	5365	3940	2835	2040	310*	NP	NP	NP
26	8340	7585	6525	5220	3795	2705	1910	NP	NP	NP	NP
28	8285	7500	6410	5085	3655	2570	1590*	NP	NP	NP	NP
30	8235	7415	6295	4945	3520	2440	975*	NP	NP	NP	NP

* Load limited by L/240 deflection criterion

NP = Not Permitted

1. Uniform transverse and axial loads are for normal load durations only.
2. Values given are for full (four foot) panel widths with facing strands oriented parallel to the panel span assuming proper end support and connections. The load-carrying capacity of panels that contain openings is beyond the scope of this report.
3. Values given are computed from the combined load case and limiting deflection criterion using the flexural stiffness parameter (EI)_g developed from the full-scale transverse panel assembly test of the Murus Panel (ASTM E72-80), F_c developed from the compression edgewise test of the Murus Panel (ASTM C364-61), F_b from published data for Oriented Strand Board.
4. Design values are for dry end use conditions and temperatures less than 160°F.

TABLE 3
ALLOWABLE AXIAL LOAD/UNIT WIDTH FOR THE MURUS PANEL WITH A 0.75-IN. ECCENTRICITY

TRANSVERSE LOAD ¹ psf	ALLOWABLE AXIAL LOAD ^{*1,2,3,4} lb/ft										
	PANEL LENGTHS ft										
	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
0	4925	4605	4245	3835	3340	2930	2570	2260	1990	1765	1565
2	4895	4560	4190	3765	3260	2840	2475	2155	1885	1655	1455
4	4870	4520	4135	3695	3180	2755	2380	2055	1780	1545	1345
6	4845	4482	4080	3625	3100	2665	2285	1955	1680	1440	1130*
8	4815	4440	4025	3555	3020	2575	2190	1860	1575	1170*	760*
10	4790	4400	3970	3490	2945	2490	2095	1760	1335*	840*	385*
12	4760	4355	3915	3420	2865	2405	2005	1630*	1045*	510*	NP
14	4735	4315	3860	3350	2785	2320	1915	1380*	755*	180*	NP
16	4705	4275	3805	3280	2710	2235	1820	1128*	460*	NP	NP
18	4680	4235	3750	3215	2630	2150	1640*	875*	170*	NP	NP
20	4650	4195	3695	3145	2555	2065	1420*	620*	NP	NP	NP
22	4625	4155	3640	3080	2480	1980	1205*	365*	NP	NP	NP
24	4595	4115	3585	3010	2400	1895	990*	115*	NP	NP	NP
26	4570	4070	3530	2945	2325	1770*	775*	NP	NP	NP	NP
28	4540	4030	3475	2880	2250	1585*	555*	NP	NP	NP	NP
30	4515	3990	3420	2810	2175	1405*	340*	NP	NP	NP	NP

* Load limited by L/240 deflection criterion

NP = Not Permitted

1. Uniform transverse and axial loads are for normal load durations only.
2. Values given are for full (four foot) panel widths with facing strands oriented parallel to the panel span assuming proper end support and connections. The load-carrying capacity of panels that contain openings is beyond the scope of this report.
3. Values given are computed from the combined load case and limiting deflection criterion using the flexural stiffness parameter (EI), developed from the full-scale transverse panel assembly test of the Murus Panel (ASTM E72-80), F_c developed from the compression edgewise test of the Murus Panel (ASTM C364-61), F_b from published data for Oriented Strand Board, and an eccentricity of 0.75 inch, the same as required in the compression test of the Murus Panel (ASTM E72-80).
4. Design values are for dry end use conditions and temperatures less than 160°F.

TABLE 4
HORIZONTAL RACKING RESISTANCE OF MURUS PANELS

Panel Assembly	Allowable Racking Resistance ¹	
	lbs	plf
Full Panel Assemblies	430	53.75
Panel with Door Opening ²	400	50
Panel with Window Opening ²	430	53.75

1. The connection at the head and sill of the panel shall conform to Figures 3 and 4 of this report.
2. The size of the door and window openings shall not exceed those shown in Figures 6 and 7 of this report, and the opening shall be rough framing with 2x4 dimension lumber, as shown in Figure 5 of this report.
3. The values in this table were obtained from panels attached with sheet rock screws at 8 inch on center.

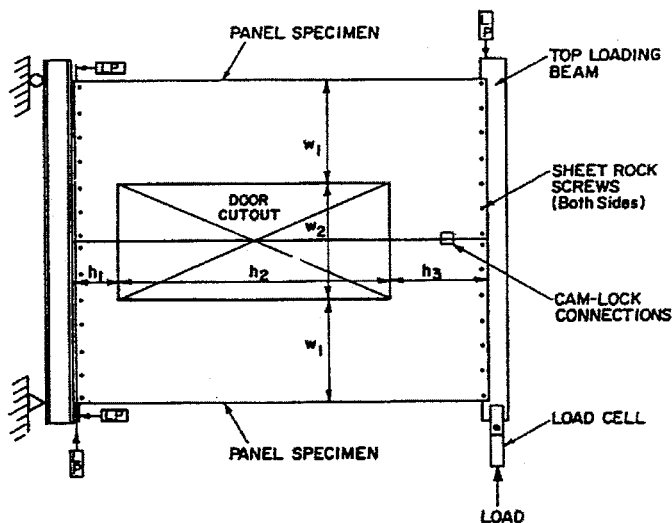


FIGURE 6*
PANEL TESTED WITH DOOR OPENING

$h_1 = 12$ inches (30 cm)
 $h_2 = 84$ inches (210 cm)
 $h_3 = 24$ inches (60 cm)
 $w_1 = 29 \frac{1}{4}$ inches (74 cm)
 $w_2 = 37 \frac{1}{2}$ inches (95 cm)

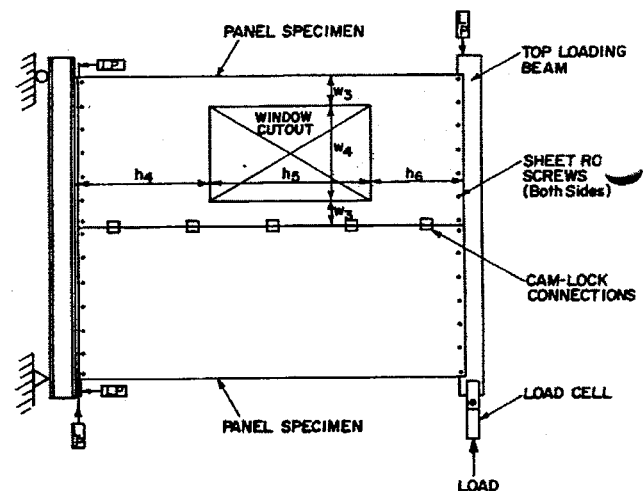


FIGURE 7*
PANEL TESTED WITH WINDOW OPENING

$h_4 = 42$ inches (107 cm)
 $h_5 = 54$ inches (137 cm)
 $h_6 = 24$ inches (60 cm)
 $w_3 = 8$ inches (20 cm)
 $w_4 = 32$ inches (81 cm)

*THESE DRAWINGS ARE FOR ILLUSTRATION PURPOSES ONLY. THEY ARE NOT INTENDED FOR USE AS CONSTRUCTION DOCUMENTS FOR THE PURPOSE OF DESIGN, FABRICATION OR ERECTION.



LIMITED WARRANTY

MURUS PUR (POLYURETHANE) STRUCTURAL INSULATING PANELS (SIPs)

OSB-2100PUR ~ CLAD-2100PUR ~ PTP-2100PUR ~ T-1-11-2100PUR ~ CB-2100PUR

Delamination: Murus PUR SIPs are warranted not to delaminate for the life of the panel provided said SIPs were specified, utilized and installed in a correct and proper manner, in accordance with 1) the standards and specifications established by The Murus Company's Installation Manual and 2) standard building practices, and: wherein said delamination interferes with and/or impairs the ability of the SIPs to perform as intended by The Murus Company.

Materials and Workmanship: Murus PUR SIPs are warranted against defects in materials and/or workmanship for a period of ten (10) years from the date of manufacture provided said SIPs were specified, utilized and installed in a correct and proper manner, in accordance with 1) the standards and specifications established by The Murus Company's Installation Manual, and 2) standard building practices, and: wherein said defects interfere with and/or impair the ability of the SIPs to perform as intended by The Murus Company.

This warranty is extended only to the original purchaser or the original property owner where Murus SIPs were installed, and is otherwise non-transferable.

Definitions: Delamination is defined as visible separation of the bond of the foam core from the surface of the panel skin. Life is defined as a period of time while the building structure is in good condition and sound, and the SIP is in good condition and is still useful.

Exceptions: This warranty does not cover delamination or defects due to:

- Fire, floods, natural disaster or any acts of God.
- Improper handling, storage, use or installation.
- Water or moisture damage.
- Faulty construction, settling of the building foundation, or movement of the structure.

The Murus Company's Commitment: If Murus PUR SIPs are found to delaminate or be defective in materials and/or workmanship during the warranty period(s) as listed above, The Murus Company will provide to the purchaser or original property owner, replacement SIPs as originally purchased.

Notification of claims to The Murus Company must be made in writing immediately upon detection or perception of defective SIPs. The Murus Company reserves the right to inspect the said defective SIPs by an authorized representative prior to the settlement of any claim.

The Murus Company's sole responsibility for delamination and/or defects in materials or workmanship is as set forth in this warranty and The Murus Company will not be responsible for incidental, indirect or consequential damages.

For questions concerning this warranty, contact The Murus Company Customer Service at (570) 549-2100; P.O. Box 220, 3234 Route 549, Mansfield, PA 16933.

This warranty is subject to local, state, federal and statutes, regulations and alike.